

INTERMEDIATE WORD LISTS
GERMAN

pp 9	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
dress	Noun uncount	/dres/	die Tracht a particular kind of dress is the clothing that is typical or traditional for a particular country or culture	traditional dress	<i>I like the colours of traditional Native American dress the women all wore African dress</i>	
feed	Verb	/fi:d/	ernähren; füttern if you feed a person or an animal, you give them something to eat		<i>did you feed the dog this morning? it costs a lot of money to feed a family of five (a family with five people in it) she went upstairs to feed the baby</i>	
identity	Noun	/aɪ'dentɪti/	die Identität the identity of a person or group is all the qualities and beliefs that they have, which make an individual person different from everyone else or a group different from other groups	a sense of identity an identity crisis	<i>the only time I feel worried about my identity is when Pakistan play England at cricket everyone in society contributes equally to a nation's identity an identity crisis (a time when you start to have doubts about things that you have always believed about yourself) I grew up with a strong sense of identity</i>	
pp 10-11	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
influence	Verb	/ˈɪnfluəns/	beeinflussen if something influences you, it has an effect on the way you think, behave, or develop		<i>the city has influenced a number of writers what he saw in Baltimore influenced his decision to become a politician a teacher who influenced my opinions when I was still at school Foster was heavily influenced by classical music</i>	Noun: <i>influence</i> Adjective: <i>influential</i>
curious	Adjective	/ˈkjʊəriəs/	neugierig if you are curious about something, you want to know more about it	very curious be curious (to know/hear/learn) about something	<i>he was very curious when he saw the bottle with a message inside the museum has a lot to offer the curious visitor I'm very curious to know what's inside the suitcase she wasn't in the least curious about where he had been</i>	Noun: <i>curiosity</i> Adverb: <i>curiously</i>
individual	Adjective	/ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəl/	individuell individual things or people are separate from other things or people and exist as a single person or thing		<i>we provide support to each individual child in the school students work at their own individual pace the Soviet Union had 15 individual republics they changed their behaviour as a result of the experience this sort of behaviour is unacceptable you'll get extra pocket money for good behaviour</i>	Noun: <i>individual</i> Adverb: <i>individually</i>
behaviour	Noun uncount	/bɪˈheɪvjə(r)/	das Verhalten someone's behaviour is the way they normally do and say things	good/bad behaviour		Verb: <i>behave</i>
pp 12-13	POS	Pronunciation	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
anger	Noun uncount	/ˈæŋɡə(r)/	die Wut anger is the feeling you have when you think something is seriously wrong and you are being badly treated and want to fight back or shout at someone		<i>the longer they kept him waiting, the more his anger grew an anger management course (to learn how to stay calm in difficult situations) he found it hard to control his anger her anger was understandable</i>	Adjective: <i>angry</i> Adverb: <i>angrily</i>
bravery	Noun uncount	/ˈbreɪvəri/	die Tapferkeit bravery is the quality and behaviour involved in doing dangerous or difficult things without showing fear. Someone who acts in this way is brave	show/display bravery	<i>it was an act of great bravery he was awarded a medal for bravery George displayed great bravery in the war they have shown extraordinary bravery and determination</i>	Adjective: <i>brave</i> Adverb: <i>bravely</i>
cheerful	Adjective	/ˈtʃɪə(r)f(ə)l/	fröhlich someone who is cheerful is happy and pleased		<i>why are you so cheerful today? she's such a cheerful person I always feel cheerful on Friday – no work tomorrow! the shop assistant was cheerful and helpful</i>	Adverb: <i>cheerfully</i> Noun: <i>cheerfulness</i>
happiness	Noun uncount	/ˈhæpɪnəs/	das Glück; die Freude if you are happy , you are very pleased and feel good. The feeling you have is happiness		<i>my dogs give a me a lot of happiness feelings of great happiness she sometimes thought she would never find happiness this is the secret of true happiness</i>	Adjective: <i>happy</i> Adverb: <i>happily</i> Opposites – Noun: <i>unhappiness</i> Adjective: <i>unhappy</i> Adverb: <i>unhappily</i>
jersey	Noun	/ˈdʒɜː(r)zi/	der Jersey; der Pullover; das Trikot a jersey is a shirt worn as part of a uniform in sports such as football		<i>Froome wore the yellow jersey for the last eight days of the race I had to wash eleven football jerseys in time for the match on Sunday he took off his muddy jersey</i>	
knowledge	Noun uncount	/ˈnɒlɪdʒ/	das Wissen your knowledge of something is everything you know about it		<i>she has a detailed knowledge of modern Russian literature my knowledge of physics is very basic I used my local knowledge to work out how to get everyone who works here has a really positive attitude she was always smiling, positive, and hard-working if you take a positive approach to your exams you'll be fine</i>	Adjective: <i>knowledgeable</i> Verb: <i>know</i>
positive	Adjective	/ˈpɒzətɪv/	positiv if you are positive about something, you believe you are in a good situation and that you will succeed, and you do not think about any bad possibilities			Adverb: <i>positively</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>negative</i>
power	Noun uncount	/ˈpaʊə(r)/	die Macht power is the ability to have a strong influence on people or events. People who have this ability are powerful	power over someone or something	<i>she used her power carefully he had a remarkable power over the people who worked for him the only one with real power in our family is my mother</i>	Adjective: <i>powerful</i>
pride	Noun uncount	/praɪd/	der Stolz if you feel proud of something, you have a feeling of great satisfaction because you have done something well. This feeling is pride	take pride in (doing) something	<i>people take pride in what they do here she showed us her award with great pride she could see the pride in her parents' faces with immense pride she hung her medal round her neck</i>	Adjective: <i>proud</i> Adverb: <i>proudly</i>

symbol	Noun	/ˈsɪmb(ə)l/	das Symbol	a symbol is an object, picture, or shape that is used to represent a particular idea or feeling in art or literature	a symbol of something	<i>Picasso painted a white dove as a symbol of peace the national symbol of England is a lion a uniform with the national symbol on the sleeve the ring is a symbol of their love for each other the dog in the painting is a symbol of loyalty</i>	Adjective: <i>symbolic</i> Verb: <i>symbolize</i> Noun: <i>symbolism</i>
pp 14-15	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
globalization	Noun uncount	/ˌɡləʊbəlaɪˈzeɪʃ(ə)n/	die Globalisierung	globalization is the process by which the world is becoming one single economy with all countries following the same rules, rather than each country having its own way of doing things		<i>thanks to globalization, you can buy Nike shoes anywhere in the world some people think that globalization will create more problems than it solves it's not possible to stop globalization, it's gone too far now</i>	Adjective: <i>globalized</i> Verb: <i>globalize</i> Adjective: <i>global</i> Adverb: <i>globally</i>
goods	Noun plural	/ɡʊdz/	die Waren	goods are products that are made to be sold in shops		<i>it's cheaper to buy electronic goods online a shop selling luxury goods the goods are transported by road a goods train (carrying things, not passengers) buying and selling goods in different countries is not a new activity</i>	
henna	Noun uncount	/ˈhenə/	die oder das Henna	henna is a red- or brown-coloured substance that is used to colour people's hair or for putting patterns onto their skin		<i>a bottle of henna shampoo I got a henna tattoo this morning she painted her hands and nails with henna</i>	
in-thing	Noun	/ɪn-θɪŋ/	der letzte Schrei	if you say that something is the in-thing , you mean it has suddenly become very fashionable and will probably go out of fashion just as quickly		<i>Japanese food is the latest in-thing in Europe long hair was the in-thing when I was 16 it's the in-thing to go travelling before going to university</i>	
market	Noun	/ˈmɑː(r)kt/	der Markt; die Nachfrage; das Absatzgebiet; der Bedarf	the market for a particular sort of goods is all the places and opportunities for selling them		<i>the worldwide market for mobile phones is still growing there's no market for paper dictionaries any more – everyone goes online we need to increase our share of the market</i>	
mutton	Noun uncount	/ˈmʌt(ə)n/	das Hammelfleisch	mutton is the meat that you get from an adult sheep		<i>they serve mutton instead of beef we had roast mutton with potatoes and carrots I've never eaten mutton mutton has a much stronger taste than lamb</i>	
values	Noun plural	/ˈvæljuːz/	die Werte	the values of a particular culture are the ways of behaving and traditions that are considered to be important and worth keeping		<i>a TV show that teaches Chinese values we share the same values as them, even though we don't live in the same town these are the values I learned in my childhood</i>	
view	Noun	/vjuː/	die Ansicht	your view of something is what you think about it and your opinion of it	in someone's view	<i>she has a very positive view of the situation (thinks it is good) in my view (I think) you should take the job he had a very pessimistic view of things after his illness what's your view on the proposal?</i>	Verb: <i>view</i>
pp 16-17	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
check out	Phrasal verb	/tʃek aʊt/	sich etw. ansehen; sich über etw. ein Bild machen	if you check something out , you look at it or try it to see what it is like and decide what you think about it		<i>you should check out our new website – it's really cool we're going to check out the new restaurant at the weekend don't forget to check out our new gym when it opens</i>	
closely	Adverb	/ˈkləʊsli/	eng	if you work closely with someone, you work together and communicate with each other the whole time		<i>we work closely with small hotels in twelve different countries the two companies have been closely linked for five years we have been working closely together on the proposal</i>	
courteous	Adjective	/ˈkɜː(r)tɪəs/	zuvorkommend	someone who is courteous behaves very politely and respectfully towards other people		<i>she remained courteous throughout our meeting a courteous American helped me with my suitcase Spencer was kind, courteous, and spoke very good English a courteous young man</i>	Adverb: <i>courteously</i> Noun: <i>courtesy</i>
field	Noun	/fiːld/	der Bereich; das Gebiet	a field is a particular kind of activity		<i>lots of people want to get into that field maths is a very broad field of study Jeff wanted to enter the engineering field we lead the field in</i>	
impression	Noun	/ɪmˈpreʃ(ə)n/	der Eindruck	if something or someone gives you a particular impression , they make you have a particular feeling about them or form a particular opinion about them	get an impression (about something) give someone an impression make an impression a first/initial impression a wrong/false impression a good/bad impression	<i>you need to make a good impression in the interview the photo creates a false impression I got the impression that someone had died I got the distinct impression (the very strong impression) that we weren't welcome I don't want to give you the wrong impression what was your first impression of her?</i>	Verb: <i>impress</i> Adjective: <i>impressive</i> Adverb: <i>impressively</i>
pleasure	Noun	/ˈpleʒə(r) /	das Vergnügen	pleasure is happiness you get from doing something that you enjoy. Pleasure is also used in some phrases, such as <i>it's a pleasure to meet you</i> , which you say to be polite the first time you meet someone, or <i>it's my pleasure</i> , which is a polite way of replying to someone who has thanked you for something		<i>the pleasure of gardening was her latest discovery we had the pleasure of going to two weddings last month I always enjoy the pleasure of your company it's been a pleasure talking to you enjoy life's simple pleasures while you can</i>	Adjective: <i>pleasurable</i> Opposite – Noun: <i>displeasure</i>
punctual	Adjective	/ˈpʌŋktʃuəl/	pünktlich	if you are punctual , you arrive somewhere at the right time and are not late		<i>you need to be punctual for your interview he's always punctual her visitor was punctual, as usual I like the punctual trains in Japan</i>	Adverb: <i>punctually</i> Noun: <i>punctuality</i>
stay in touch	Phrase	/steɪ ɪn tʌtʃ/	in Verbindung bleiben	if you stay in touch with someone, you regularly talk to them by phone or exchange emails or text messages after you no longer live near each other and can't meet in person often		<i>let's stay in touch we stayed in touch after James moved to Scotland we didn't stay in touch when she left London and I don't know where she's living now</i>	
pp 18-19	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
amuse	Verb	/əˈmjuːz/	erheitern	if someone or something amuses you, they do or say something that you think is funny		<i>my friend always amuses me with his funny stories dad used to amuse us by singing on long car journeys it amused me to watch him trying to skateboard</i>	Adjective: <i>amusing</i> Adjective: <i>amused</i> Noun: <i>amusement</i>
depth	Noun	/depθ/	die Tiefe; die Fülle	the depth of something is the range of interesting qualities it has, especially when these qualities are not obvious straight away but become apparent as you think about it		<i>nowhere has a depth of culture like India there's a great depth to the music of Beethoven as he listened to the lecture, he became aware of the depth of her ideas</i>	

feature	Noun	/ˈfi:tʃə(r)/	der Gesichtszug; das Merkmal	a feature is something noticeable or interesting about someone's face		<i>her eyes are her best feature I'd recognize his features anywhere can you describe his facial features? (what his face looked like)</i>	
hospitable	Adjective	/hoˈspɪtəb(ə)/	gastfreundlich	someone who is hospitable is very friendly and generous towards people they do not know, and is always ready to welcome them into their home		<i>our hosts were extremely hospitable and friendly everyone in the village was most hospitable she stayed with a very hospitable family in the mountains</i>	Noun: <i>hospitality</i>
landscape	Noun	/ˈlænd(ɪ)skəɪp/	die Landschaft	the landscape is the view that you can see when you are in the country, away from towns and buildings, including things like hills, fields, rivers, etc.		<i>a beautiful landscape the natural landscape and setting was beautiful a rocky and windswept landscape</i>	
particular	Adjective	/pə(r)ˈtɪkjələ(r)/	besondere/r/s	if you say you are talking about a particular person or thing, you mean you are talking about one person or thing (and not any other), even though you have not said exactly which one		<i>some violent criminals share a particular gene I don't belong to any particular political party in this particular town, there were three churches one particular book had a huge influence on my life</i>	
remote	Adjective	/rɪˈməʊt/	abgelegen	somewhere that is remote is a long way from towns or cities		<i>it takes a long time to get there as it's quite remote he comes from a remote town in Australia a remote corner of Scotland a remote village in the mountains his travels took him to the remotest regions of China</i>	
shepherd	Noun	/ˈʃepə(r)d/	der Schäfer	a shepherd is someone whose job is to look after sheep and make sure they are safe and do not get lost		<i>the shepherd has two dogs to help him move the sheep across the land one of my grandfathers was a shepherd in Cumbria it's a very hard life being a shepherd</i>	

Unit 2	POS	Pronunciation		Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
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p 21							
act	Noun	/ækt/	die Aufführung	an act is a short performance by a singer, magician, comedian etc. that is part of a show in a theatre or on TV		<i>his act lasted 20 minutes did you see her act last night? It was brilliant the audience cheered at the end of his act his act didn't go down very well (the audience did not like it)</i>	
amateur	Noun	/ˈæmətə(r)/	der/die Amateur/-in	an amateur is someone who takes part in an activity for fun and not as a job or for money		<i>they were all amateurs who just sing in their free time he played golf as an amateur until he was 22, when he turned professional he was an enthusiastic amateur, keen to learn more</i>	Adjective: <i>amateur</i>
audience	Noun	/ˈɔːdiəns/	das Publikum, die Zuschauer	the audience is the group of people who watch or listen to a performance, programme or speech	attract an audience	<i>the film is aimed at a middle-class cinema audience I've performed in front of an audience of 5,000 people the president spoke to an audience of young people the show attracted a huge audience the film is trying to reach a wider audience the audience clapped loudly when she appeared on the stage</i>	
ballet	Noun uncount	/ˈbæleɪ/	das Ballett	ballet is an entertainment in which dancers tell a story through dance and music but not words		<i>a ballet dancer I fell asleep during the ballet performance do you prefer ballet or opera? classical ballet</i>	
choir	Noun	/kwɪə(r)/	der Chor	a choir is an organized group of singers who perform together at concerts or just for pleasure		<i>I've been a member of the choir for 20 years they asked her to join the choir the choir gives three concerts a year a church choir she sings in the choir every Thursday</i>	
choreographer	Noun	/ˌkɔːriˈɒgrəfə(r)/	der/die Choreograf/-in	a choreographer is someone whose job is to plan the steps and movements that dancers take in a particular dance and give them instructions about how to perform them		<i>she's a choreographer for the Royal Ballet Company the head choreographer at the Paris Opera he's been a dancer, choreographer and director over the years</i>	Noun: <i>choreography</i> Verb: <i>choreograph</i>
clown	Noun	/klaʊn/	der/die Clown/-in	a clown is a performer in a circus who tries to make people laugh by behaving in a silly way and wearing silly clothes and a lot of makeup		<i>the clowns pretended to throw a bucket of water over us two of the clowns kept falling over the whole time a clown with red hair and long, pointed shoes</i>	
comedian	Noun	/kəˈmiːdiən/	der/die Komödiant/-in	a comedian is someone who stands on a stage or appears on TV and tells jokes to entertain an audience		<i>he was described as a comedian, not an actor the show featured three comedians and two singers like many comedians, Milligan is actually a very serious person Peter Cook was the funniest comedian I ever saw</i>	Noun: <i>comedy</i>
concert	Noun	/ˈkɒnsə(r)t/	das Konzert	a concert is an event in which musicians play music in front of an audience		<i>my mum took me to a concert for my birthday a lot of people are travelling to Wembley for the big concert I'm going to a concert on Saturday the band are giving a concert in London a rock concert I've got tickets for a pop concert</i>	
conductor	Noun	/kənˈdʌktə(r)/	der/die Dirigent/-in	a conductor is someone who stands in front of musicians or singers and directs the way they play or sing		<i>the internationally famous conductor Sir Simon Rattle he's been the conductor of the National Youth Orchestra for the last ten years she stopped playing violin in the orchestra and trained to become a conductor</i>	Verb: <i>conduct</i>
director	Noun	/dɪˈrektə(r)/	der/die Regisseur/-in	the director of a play or film is the person who tells the actors, camera operators, lighting people etc., what to do		<i>a famous film director several Hollywood directors came to the dinner after 20 years as an actor he switched to being a director my favourite film director is David Lean an Australian theatre director</i>	Verb: <i>direct</i>
drama	Noun	/ˈdrɑːmə/	das Drama	a drama is a play for the theatre or television		<i>some dramas deal with current issues such as AIDS a drama about the Second World War a new TV drama my favourite hospital drama on TV she's starring in a new drama series on BBC1</i>	
entertainer	Noun	/ˌentə(r)ˈteɪnə(r)/	der/die Unterhaltungskünstler/-in	an entertainer is someone such as a singer, dancer, comedian, etc., who performs in front of an audience		<i>he tried to earn some money as a street entertainer (performing in the street) Edwards was a popular entertainer who sold millions of records she is a great entertainer and a great singer</i>	Verb: <i>entertain</i> Noun: <i>entertainment</i> Adjective: <i>entertaining</i>

magician	Noun	/məˈdʒɪ(ə)n/	der Zauberer, die Zauberin	a magician is an entertainer who performs tricks, doing things that seem impossible as if using the special powers of magic		<i>the last act in the show was a magician who cut his assistant in half magicians are not allowed to explain how they do their tricks Penn and Teller are the best magicians I've ever seen a famous TV magician (who appears regularly on TV)</i>	Noun: magic
musical	Noun	/'mju:zɪk(ə)l/	das Musical	a musical is a play or film in which the actors sing a lot as well as talk		<i>we went to see a musical last night there are always lots of musicals in London a popular musical another hit musical by Andrew Lloyd Webber I can't stand musicals (don't like them at all)</i>	
musician	Noun	/mjuːzɪ(ə)n/	der/die Musiker/-in	a musician is someone who plays a musical instrument		<i>a jazz musician the musicians walked onto the stage the musicians played beautifully the band was five musicians who'd started playing together at school</i>	Noun: music
opera	Noun	/'ɒp(ə)rə/	die Oper	opera is an entertainment in which performers act out a play by singing rather than speaking		<i>a great opera singer we try and go to the opera at least twice a year opera tickets are really expensive an opera by Verdi</i>	
orchestra	Noun	/'ɔ:(r)kɪstrə/	das Orchester	an orchestra is a large group of musicians who perform concerts, especially of classical music		<i>the London Symphony Orchestra I'm a member of the school orchestra the orchestra went on tour to Austria and Slovakia the stage wasn't big enough for the whole orchestra</i>	Adjective: orchestral
play	Noun	/pleɪ/	das Theaterstück	a play is a story that is performed in front of an audience by actors who speak the words of the people who are in the story and who behave as if they are the people	write a play act in a play see a play	<i>we went to the theatre and saw an amazing play she has written three plays for radio the play was performed for the first time last night he's been writing and directing plays for television</i>	
show	Noun	/ʃəʊ/	die Darbietung	a show is a performance in a theatre		<i>we're going to a show tonight the show will last two and a half hours did you enjoy the show? we're planning a show for the end of term the show was a huge success</i>	
standard	Noun	/'stændə(r)d/	der Standard, das Niveau	the standard of something is its level of quality		<i>the standard of food in the restaurant was excellent his singing was not up to standard (not of an acceptable quality) the standard of their written homework has improved over the last term</i>	

pp 22-23	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
catchy	Adjective	/'kætʃi/	einprägsam	if a song, tune, or phrase is catchy , you like it when you first hear it and remember it easily		<i>the show is full of catchy songs the book had a very catchy title the album had a couple of catchy tunes on it advertisers are always looking for a catchy phrase</i>	
download	Noun	/ˌdaʊnˈləʊd/	das Download	a download is music, video, or other material that you have got from the internet and put on your computer		<i>a free music download we have to pay for our video downloads illegal downloads are a problem for musicians it's available as an e-book or a PDF download software updates are provided as free downloads</i>	Verb: download Opposites – Noun: upload Verb: upload
lively	Adjective	/'laɪvli/	lebenslustig	lively means full of life, energy, enthusiasm, or people enjoying themselves		<i>a very lively class a lively teacher it's a very lively area the school has a lively atmosphere</i>	Noun: liveliness
release	Verb	/'ri:li:s/	herausgeben	if you release a film, book, game, song, etc., you make it available for people to see or buy for the first time		<i>the band have just released their third album the game was released a couple of weeks later than advertised singers now release their music online</i>	Noun: release
repetitive	Adjective	/'riːpetətɪv/	sich ständig wiederholend	something that is repetitive happens again and again, often in a very boring way		<i>working in the factory involved doing a series of repetitive tasks his poetry is very repetitive the repetitive nature of his job</i>	Verb: repeat Adverb: repetitively Noun: repetitiveness
streaming	Noun uncount	/'stri:mɪŋ/	das Streaming	streaming is the activity of bringing music or video directly onto a computer or other digital device from the internet and watching or listening to it as it arrives, without having to store the data		<i>music streaming services like Spotify online video streaming</i>	Verb: stream Noun: stream
tuneless	Adjective	/'tju:nləs/	unmelodisch	music that is tuneless is not pleasant to listen to because it does not have a nice combination of musical notes		<i>the songs were rather tuneless, in my view her tuneless singing was really annoying he played a tuneless version of Happy Birthday on the piano</i>	Adverb: tunelessly Opposites – Adjective: tuneful Adverb: tunelessly
wide	Adjective	/waɪd/	breit	a wide range of things is a lot of different sorts		<i>a wide selection of mobile phones you'll get a much wider choice online they discussed a wide range of suggestions</i>	

pp 24-25	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
cheer up	Phrasal verb	/'tʃɪər ʌp/	aufheitern	if you cheer up , you start to feel happier. If you cheer someone up , you do something to make them feel happier		<i>I need to do something to cheer myself up I'm sure she'll cheer up soon cheer up – it's not that bad I bought her some flowers to cheer her up he needs cheering up</i>	
feel like	Phrase	/fi:l laɪk/	auf etw. Lust haben	if you feel like doing something, you want to do it now	feel like doing something	<i>that song makes me feel like crying Jo suggested going to the cinema but I didn't feel like it I was hungry but didn't feel like cooking anything I feel like a walk (I want to go for a walk)</i>	
injury	Noun	/'ɪndʒəri/	die Verletzung	if you have an injury , a part of your body has been hurt and needs time to recover	suffer an injury	<i>my injuries ended my career as a dancer I got a really bad knee injury she suffered a serious injury in the accident proper shoes can also help prevent injuries his injuries took a long time to heal</i>	Verb: injure Adjective: injured
joke	Noun	/dʒəʊk/	der Witz	a joke is a very short story, or something that someone says, that is funny and makes people laugh	tell a joke make jokes	<i>my uncle's really good at telling jokes do you know any funny jokes? they all laughed at the joke have you heard the joke about the lion and the bicycle? I didn't get the joke (didn't understand it, and didn't know why it was funny) a book of jokes he's always making jokes</i>	Verb: joke

mood	Noun	/mu:d/	die Stimmung/Laune	if you are in a particular mood , that is the way you are feeling. For example, if you are in a good mood , you are happy and feel good; if you are in a bad mood , you feel bad and become angry very easily	be in a good/bad mood be in no mood to do something	<i>she looks like she's in a good mood today she's been in a bad mood all day listening to music always puts me in a good mood I'm not in the mood to go out this evening ignore him – he's in a funny mood (behaving strangely) he was in no mood to accept my apology</i>
speech	Noun	/spi:tʃ/	die Rede	a speech is a talk that someone gives to an audience at an important event	give/make a speech deliver a speech	<i>my dad gave a speech at my wedding the president's speech was shown on television her speech lasted over an hour I found his speech really boring a speech about the future of the United Nations she delivered a speech thanking the fans for their support</i>
stressed out	Adjective	/strest aʊt/	im Stress sein	if you are stressed , or stressed out , you are very worried about something and cannot relax		<i>I got really stressed out before my driving test you look stressed out – why don't you have a day off? I'm feeling very stressed about the new project a very angry and stressed out young man came into my class</i> Noun: stress

pp 26-27	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
aching	Adjective	/ˈeɪkɪŋ/	schmerzhaft	if you have an aching body, you have a pain somewhere that is not serious but lasts a long time		<i>I need to rest my aching body an aching throat my aching leg muscles kept me awake I put my aching feet into a bowl of warm water</i>	Verb: ache Noun: ache
beg	Verb	/beg/	betteln	if someone begs , they stop people in the street and ask them for money		<i>most of these people are begging, not working she managed to beg enough money for a bowl of soup</i>	Noun: begging Noun: beggar
costume	Noun	/ˈkɒstju:m/	das Kostüm, die Verkleidung	a costume is a special set of clothes that people wear for a particular occasion or event, such as a parade or street festival		<i>we all dressed up in a costume for the parade a national costume she was wearing a very colourful costume</i>	
donation	Noun	/dəʊˈneɪʃ(ə)n/	die Spende	a donation is money someone gives to help or support a charity or other organization such as a museum	make a donation a generous donation	<i>we've received some very generous donations the money was raised through private donations a donation of £5 is requested from all visitors to the exhibition these donations have helped the theatre stay open entrance is free, but donations are gratefully accepted</i>	Verb: donate Noun: donor
illustrate	Verb	/ˈɪləstreɪt/	illustrieren, darstellen	to illustrate something means to create an explanation of it or show what it is like using only visual methods, for example by having pictures in a story book		<i>a group of actors stood in positions to illustrate a scene this chart illustrates the rise in wages since 1978 a video illustrating the problem was available on the website</i>	Noun: illustration Noun: illustrator
licence	Noun	/ˈlaɪs(ə)ns/	die Genehmigung/Zulassung	a licence is an official document that gives you permission to do something	a driving licence	<i>musicians need a licence to play music on the street do you need a licence to ride a motorbike? you must have a full driving licence to hire a car he was found guilty of dangerous driving and lost his licence for two years (he wasn't allowed to drive as a punishment)</i>	
makeup	Noun	/ˈmeɪkʌp/	das Make-up	makeup is different coloured stuff such as lipstick or powder that some people put on their faces to make themselves more attractive. Actors use makeup so that the audience can see them more clearly		<i>all you need is some makeup and a costume I need to buy some more lipstick and other makeup don't forget to take your makeup off before you go to bed my mother hated wearing makeup</i>	
pavement	Noun	/ˈpeɪvmənt/	der Gehsteig	the pavement is the slightly raised area at the side of a street where people can walk and where cars are not allowed		<i>I never park on the pavement walking along the pavement a narrow pavement a car mounted the pavement (drove on to it) we had a coffee at a pavement cafe) a cafe with tables outside on the pavement)</i>	
resident	Noun	/ˈrezɪd(ə)nt/	der/die Anwohner/-in	a resident is someone who lives in a place	local resident	<i>local residents were woken by a loud bang when the bomb went off the other residents were very kind to us when we first arrived residents of California have to pay a sales tax the city centre has very few residents left many residents are leaving to live in the country</i>	Verb: reside Adjective: residential
reward	Verb	/rɪˈwɔ:(r)d/	belohnen	to reward something or someone means to do something in return for payment or as a way of showing thanks		<i>her hard work was rewarded with good exam results our patience was rewarded when Beyoncé finally appeared the government rewarded him with the title Lord Lloyd Webber</i>	Noun: reward
selfie	Noun	/ˈselfi/	das Selfie	a selfie is a photo that you take of yourself using your mobile phone, often to show you are in an interesting place or with an interesting person		<i>I got a selfie with Andy Murray! tourists were taking selfies outside the Houses of Parliament she posted another selfie on Facebook I'll send you a selfie when I get to Red Square</i>	
sight	Noun	/saɪt/	die Sehenswürdigkeit	a sight is something you can see easily in a public place, such as a famous building or the guards at Buckingham Palace		<i>we spent the afternoon looking at the sights of Paris red buses and black taxis are a common sight all over London my cousin showed us the sights in the old town</i>	
statue	Noun	/ˈstætʃu:/	die Statue	a statue is a large copy of a person or animal made of wood, metal, or stone		<i>there are statues of lions in Trafalgar Square a statue of Churchill there's a statue of Dick Whittington outside the hospital an equestrian statue (a statue of someone on a horse) the Statue of Liberty is 46m high</i>	

pp 28-29	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
although	Conjunction	/ɔ:lˈðəʊ/	obwohl	you use although to introduce information that is slightly different from what you have just said or are about to say		<i>although he is more famous as a film director, he has also directed opera although he was very successful as a writer, his first novel did not sell well she enjoyed her time in Naples, although she found the heat difficult</i>	
appeal	Verb	/əˈpi:l/	ansprechen	if something appeals to you, you think it is interesting and want to know more about it or get more involved in it	appeal to someone	<i>there was something nice about him which appealed to her a range of books designed to appeal to children up to the age of 10 what appealed to us about him was his sense of humour watching another action film doesn't really appeal to me</i>	Noun: appeal Adjective: appealing

consequently	Adverb	/ˈkɒnsɪkwəntli/	somit, infolgedessen	you use consequently to introduce a statement about something that happens or exists as a result of what has just been said		<i>consequently, his films are always fast and exciting temperatures rose, and consequently the ice started melting he lost his job in February and consequently had to cancel the holiday he'd booked for that summer</i>	Noun: consequence
despite	Preposition	/dɪˈspaɪt/	trotz	you use despite to introduce a statement that seems to contradict what you have just said		<i>he got a job as a swimming teacher despite the fact that he can't swim sales were very good despite the high prices despite arriving late for the interview, she got the job</i>	
dull	Adjective	/dʌl/	eintönig	something that is dull is not interesting or exciting but boring		<i>the job's a bit dull but the pay is good I started studying law, but it was so dull Mr Hewitt's lessons were always incredibly dull the meeting was rather dull</i>	Noun: dullness
entertaining	Adjective	/ˌentə(r)ˈteɪnɪŋ/	unterhaltsam	something that is entertaining is interesting and gives people pleasure, like a good film or book		<i>it was quite an entertaining film he tried to make his lessons entertaining an entertaining speech we had an entertaining evening at the theatre</i>	Noun: entertainment Verb: entertain Noun: entertainer
fancy	Verb	/ˈfænsi/	Lust haben auf etw., jdn./etw. gern mögen	if you fancy something, or fancy doing something, you think you would like it or like to do it	fancy doing something	<i>I've always fancied going to Albania do you fancy a coffee? do you fancy watching a film tonight? I've never fancied yoga I fancy doing something different tonight</i>	
fascinating	Adjective	/ˈfæsɪneɪtɪŋ/	faszinierend	something that is fascinating is very interesting		<i>I found her story absolutely fascinating he gave a fascinating talk about polar bears Berlin is one of the most fascinating places I've ever visited it'll be fascinating to see who wins</i>	Verb: fascinate Adjective: fascinated Adverb: fascinatingly
marathon	Noun	/ˈmæɾəθ(ə)n/	der Marathon	a marathon is a running race over a distance of more than 26 miles (42 kilometres). You can refer to any event, activity, or process that takes a long time as a marathon		<i>a kind of comedy marathon for children a 48 hour dance marathon it was quite a marathon painting the whole of the outside of the house at the weekend</i>	Adjective: marathon
marvellous	Adjective	/ˈmɑː(r)vələs/	wunderbar	something that is marvellous is vey enjoyable or is impressively good		<i>we had a marvellous time on holiday in Corfu Christmas was marvellous last year the British Museum is the most marvellous place in the world the view from the hotel window was absolutely marvellous</i>	
nevertheless	Adverb	/ˌnevə(r)ðəˈles/	dennoch, nichtsdestotrotz	you use nevertheless to introduce a statement that is surprising because of what has been said before it		<i>she was ill for a week before the Olympics but nevertheless managed to win a bronze medal the film was nevertheless a great success</i>	
on the other hand	Phrase	/ɒn ði ˈʌðə hænd/	auf der anderen Seite	you use on the other hand to introduce information that makes a contrast with what has just been said		<i>she was very tidy but her brother, on the other hand, hardly ever tidied up his bedroom the Americans, on the other hand, have a president as a head of state, not a king or queen</i>	
spectacular	Adjective	/spekˈtækjələ(r)/	spektakulär	if something is spectacular , it is extremely impressive to look at or watch	absolutely/truly spectacular spectacular scenery a spectacular view	<i>a spectacular show a spectacular firework display the dancing was absolutely spectacular a spectacular view of the mountains the scenery is absolutely spectacular</i>	Adverb: spectacularly
terrible	Adjective	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	schrecklich	something that is terrible is very bad		<i>he made a terrible mess in the kitchen a terrible crime they worked in terrible conditions I've got a terrible pain in my leg what a terrible film that was! I made a terrible mistake</i>	Adverb: terribly
terrific	Adjective	/təˈrɪfɪk/	grandios	something that is terrific is very impressive and very enjoyable		<i>they have a terrific website we had a terrific time in Cornwall you look terrific in that suit it was a terrific match which ended 4-3 to Barcelona</i>	
thrilling	Adjective	/ˈθrɪlɪŋ/	aufregend	something that is thrilling is extremely exciting		<i>the movie is a thrilling adventure set the in 23rd century the book describes the thrilling journey across three continents in a thrilling match, Italy beat Germany 3-1 meeting David Beckham was thrilling</i>	Adjective: thrilled Verb: thrill
unforgettable	Adjective	/ˌʌnfə(r)ˈgetəb(ə)l/	unvergesslich	something that is unforgettable is so good or bad or interesting or exciting that you think you will never forget it		<i>it was an unforgettable meal an unforgettable visit to St Petersburg the boat trip was an unforgettable experience an unforgettable camping adventure the view from the top of the mountain was unforgettable</i>	Adverb: unforgettably
verse	Noun uncount	/vɜː(r)s/	der Vers	verse is poetry, writing that has a regular rhythm	in verse	<i>the play is written in verse a verse translation of Eugene Onegin Pope's Essay on Man is written in rhyming verse</i>	
pp 30-31	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
ancient	Adjective	/ˈeɪnʃ(ə)nt/	altertümlich	something that is ancient is very old		<i>an ancient legend an ancient burial site (where people were buried a long time ago) we cannot accurately estimate the population of ancient Rome</i>	
beat	Noun	/bi:t/	der Takt	the beat of a piece of music is the regular rhythm of stressed sounds		<i>the music had a fast beat she sang the words to a rhythmic beat her songs usually have a slow beat I wanted to dance to the beat of the jazz band</i>	
boundary	Noun	/ˈbɔʊnd(ə)ri/	die Grenzlinie	the boundary of a physical area is the edge, where one area stops and another starts		<i>the 14th-century wall marks the old city boundary the river forms the boundary to the south the county boundary was moved last year</i>	
bunch	Noun	/bʌntʃ/	ein Haufen, eine Gruppe	a bunch of people or things is a group of them	a bunch of friends/colleagues/kids	<i>a bunch of us met up for a meal at the weekend they're a nice bunch of kids he was hanging out near the station with a bunch of friends</i>	

drain	Verb	/dreɪn/	entleeren/auslaugen	if you drain something, you release everything from inside it so that nothing is left. If you drain from something, you use something that cannot be replaced and do not provide anything back yourself		if you don't give and everyone else is giving, then you're draining from them you need to drain the radiator (empty out all the water) before you take it off the wall
fresh	Adjective	/freʃ/	direkt	you use fresh to talk about experiences or events that have just happened. For example, if someone is fresh off the boat , they have just arrived somewhere. If a computer is fresh out of the box , someone has just taken it out after buying it and is about to start using it		we had apples fresh off the tree he started work fresh out of university he arrived at the office fresh from the airport
mind	Noun	/maɪnd/	der Geist/Verstand	your mind is the part of yourself that is not your physical body, but is your thoughts and feelings	spring/come to mind cross someone's mind have something in mind	my mind was full of thoughts about the concert can the power of the mind keep you in good health? it never crossed my mind to ask Angela (I never considered asking her) we need a good driver, and your name came to my mind (I thought of you) what did you have in mind for dinner tonight? you need to stay healthy in body and mind
pain	Noun	/peɪn/	der Schmerz	pain is the physical feeling you have when a part of your body hurts because it has been hit or cut or because you have been using it too much	be in pain	you just have to carry on through the pain (not stop despite being in pain) I was in a lot of pain until the doctor arrived can you feel any pain in your arm? I just want the pain to go away the doctor gave me some medicine to relieve the pain
pioneer	Noun	/ˌpaɪəˈniə(r)/	der/die Pionier/-in, der/die Vorreiter/-in	a pioneer is someone who has an idea and is the first to do something in a particular area of activity		she became a pioneer in the field of solar energy a pioneer of modern architecture an early Internet pioneer
unity	Noun uncount	/ˈjuːnəti/	die Einigkeit	unity is the state of being complete, with all parts fitting together or working together as one thing		it's important to preserve national unity a festival that celebrates peace and unity unity and cooperation are essential in difficult times
warrior	Noun	/ˈwɒriə(r)/	der/die Krieger/-in	a warrior is a soldier , especially in former times		several towns were attacked by Native American warriors after several days of fighting, nearly all the warriors were killed he led an army of warriors across the river

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Unit 3 p 33	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
diving	Noun uncount	/ˈdaɪvɪŋ/	das Tauchen	diving is the activity of swimming deep below the surface of the sea, usually wearing special equipment so that you can breathe while you are under the water for a long time		she's a trained diving instructor I tried diving on holiday last year, but I didn't like it we spent most of the afternoon diving near the coral reef diving equipment is very expensive	Verb: dive Noun: diver
jet-skiing	Noun uncount	/dʒetˈskiːɪŋ/	Jetski fahren	jet-skiing is the activity of moving very fast on the sea or a lake using a machine with an engine that looks a little bit like a motorbike		I prefer sunbathing to jet-skiing we did some jet-skiing in the afternoon I tried jet-skiing but I kept falling off	Verb: jet-ski Noun: jet-ski
kayaking	Noun uncount	/ˈkaɪækɪŋ/	Kajak fahren	kayaking is the activity or sport of using a kayak (a boat like a canoe that you use with a single paddle)		kayaking is more relaxing than jet-skiing we'd never been kayaking before, and it was great fun kayaking is easy to do even if you have no experience kayaking is very good exercise	Noun: kayak
rafting	Noun uncount	/ˈrɑːftɪŋ/	das Wildwasser-Rafting	rafting is the activity of sailing down a river on a raft (a platform that floats, made from pieces of wood or other material that are tied together)		I love rafting on the Zambezi I was too scared to try white-water rafting (rafting down a very fast flowing river) we spent the afternoon river rafting	Noun: raft
rowing	Noun uncount	/ˈrəʊɪŋ/	das Rudern, der Rudersport	rowing is the activity or sport of moving a small boat through the water using oars (poles with a flat blade at the end)		a rowing race I gave up football and took up rowing a rowing boat a rowing team	Verb: row Noun: rower
snorkelling	Noun uncount	/ˈsnɔːkəlɪŋ/	das Schnorcheln	snorkelling is the activity of swimming just below the surface of the water, using a pipe that sticks out above the water so that you can breathe in air		it's a popular spot for snorkelling we tried rafting, windsurfing, and snorkelling guests can enjoy snorkelling in the clear, warm water	Verb: snorkel Noun: snorkel
stream	Noun	/striːm/	der Strom	a stream is a small river		the stream was too shallow for us to go swimming after the rain the stream was flowing very fast there's a stream at the bottom of the field sheep were drinking out of the stream	
thrill	Noun	/θrɪl/	der Nervenkitzel	a thrill is a feeling of great excitement or fear that you get, for example when doing something different or dangerous	experience/feel a thrill a thrill of something	the thrill of white-water rafting Harry felt a thrill of excitement when he saw the mountain experience the thrill of flying your own plane seeing Niagara Falls was the biggest thrill of the holiday	Verb: thrill Adjective: thrilling Adjective: thrilled
waterfall	Noun	/ˈwɔːtə(r),fɔːl/	der Wasserfall	a waterfall is a place where a stream or river comes over the edge of a cliff or rock and falls downward through the air		they walked for nearly two miles to see the waterfall tourists come to the waterfall every day during the summer a 20-metre high waterfall	
water-skiing	Noun uncount	/ˈwɔːtəˈskiːɪŋ/	Wasserski fahren	water-skiing is the activity or sport of being pulled across water by a boat, with two long blades (water-skis) attached to your feet so that you are standing upright while moving		water-skiing is very difficult if you haven't done it before it's a great lake for water-skiing they used to show water-skiing on TV a water-skiing instructor	Verb: water-ski Noun: water-ski Noun: water-skier
windsurfing	Noun uncount	/ˈwɪnd,sɜːfɪŋ/	das Windsurfing	windsurfing is the activity or sport of moving across water while standing on a board that has a sail attached to it		the weather was too calm to go windsurfing the beaches on the other side are very popular for windsurfing she went water-skiing while her brother went windsurfing	Noun: windsurfer

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pp 34-35	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bank	Noun	/bæŋk/	das Ufer	the banks of a river are the areas of land along either side of it		I live near the river, and you can walk for miles along the banks their house is on the south bank of the river the banks of the river Adur it was lying in the sun on the opposite bank	
missing	Adjective	/ˈmɪsɪŋ/	vermisst	if someone is missing , they are not where they should be and no one knows where they are	go missing	my mum realized I was missing and called for help she's been missing for two days police are looking for a missing person who left home last Tuesday and has not been seen since there are still several missing passengers following the plane crash his son went missing two years ago	

rapids	Noun plural	/ˈræpɪdz/	die Stromschnellen	rapids are a section of a river where the water flows very fast and very roughly, making it difficult and dangerous to sail down it		<i>we tried rafting down the rapids these rapids are too dangerous for inexperienced rafters he nearly drowned in the rapids</i>	
sea snake	Noun	/si: sneɪk/	die Seeschlange	a sea snake is a poisonous snake that lives in water in warm areas		<i>there are no sea snakes in the Atlantic all sea snakes are poisonous sea snakes feed mostly on fish and their eggs</i>	
white-water	Noun uncount	/waɪt-ˈwɔ:tə/	das Wildwasser	the white-water section of a river is where the water runs very fast and the bottom is uneven, making a sort of white foam on the surface of the water		<i>an exciting white-water experience white-water rafters went past us very fast</i>	
pp 36-37	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
debris	Noun uncount	/ˈdeɪbrɪ:/	die Trümmer	debris is the broken pieces of something that remain after it has been destroyed somehow		<i>there was debris all over the road debris from the wreck came onto the beach firefighters started to remove the debris mud and debris flowed through the village after the storm</i>	
iceberg	Noun	/ˈaɪs, bɜ:(r)g/	der Eisberg	an iceberg is a very large lump of ice floating in the sea, some of which is visible above the surface of the sea but most of which is under the surface		<i>the ship collided with an iceberg and sank we could see the tip of an iceberg about three miles away icebergs are melting because of global warming only 10% of an iceberg is visible above the water</i>	
remains	Noun plural	/rɪˈmeɪnz/	die Überreste	the remains of someone or something are all that is left of them after they have died or been destroyed	the remains of someone/something human/animal remains	<i>I'd asked people to treat Titanic's remains with respect they uncovered the remains of three 12th century monks there were traces of human remains in the cellar the charred remains of the house (what was left after a fire)</i>	
seabed	Noun	/ˈsi:bed/	der Meeresboden	the seabed is the land at the bottom of the sea, under the water		<i>the wreck had been lying for over 40 years on the seabed there are some interesting creatures living on the seabed divers looked for debris on the seabed</i>	
submarine	Noun	/ˈsʌbməri:n/	das U-Boot	a submarine is a kind of ship that can travel underneath the surface of the sea		<i>two submarines disappeared in the 1960s he served on submarines during the war a submarine can stay underwater for weeks at a time a US navy submarine</i>	
wreck	Noun	/rek/	das Wrack	a wreck is what is left of a ship after it has sunk to the bottom of the sea		<i>they found the wreck of a battleship that sunk in 1942 divers went down to</i>	Verb: wreck
yacht	Noun	/jɒt/	die Yacht	a yacht is a boat, either with sails or a motor, used for racing or for leisure		<i>a yacht was found floating in the middle of the ocean they spent all summer on a yacht in the Mediterranean the harbour was full of yachts the yacht has room for ten people and a crew of three</i>	
pp 38-39	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bodysurf	Verb	/ˈbɒdɪsɜ:f/	bodysurfen	if you bodysurf , you try and lie on waves to move through the sea, using your body as a sort of surfboard		<i>I tried to bodysurf one wave to the shore but went under the water he learned to bodysurf in Cornwall last year this is the beach where people bodysurf</i>	Noun: bodysurfer
crawl	Verb	/krɔ:l/	kriechen	when you crawl , you move along the ground on your hands and knees, or you move along very slowly		<i>he crawled out of the water onto the beach babies learn to crawl at about six months old I managed to crawl to the phone we had to crawl through the entrance to the tent</i>	
fault	Noun	fɔ:lt/	der Fehler	if a bad situation or a mistake is your fault , you are responsible for causing it. When this happens, you can also say that you are at fault	be someone's fault be at fault	<i>it was my own fault – I didn't check the time before I set off do we know whose fault it was? it was an unfortunate accident, but the school was not at fault</i>	
race	Verb	/reɪs/	rasen	if your heart races , it beats much faster than normal because you are excited or afraid		<i>I tried to stay calm but my heart was racing my heart races when I think about what happened this will make your heart race!</i>	
sore	Adjective	/sɔ:(r)/	wund	if a part of your body is sore , it is painful and uncomfortable	a sore throat	<i>I've got a blocked nose and a horrible sore throat your eyes may feel dry and sore his left arm was getting stiff and sore my whole body was sore</i>	Noun: soreness
swallow	Verb	/ˈswɒləʊ/	schlucken, verschlucken, herunterschlucken	if you swallow something, you make it go down from your mouth into your stomach		<i>you shouldn't swallow chewing gum I can't swallow this pill she swallowed a chicken bone by accident my throat hurts when I swallow</i>	
pp 40-41	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bay	Noun	/beɪ/	die Bucht	a bay is a section of the edge of the sea where the land curves inwards so that the sea has land on three sides of it		<i>the town was built by the edge of a bay we sailed into the bay to shelter from the wind there's a good beach on the south side of the bay</i>	
boiling	Adjective	/ˈbɔɪlɪŋ/	kochen, kochend	if the weather is boiling , or boiling hot , it is very hot. You can say you are boiling or boiling hot when you are very hot		<i>they said it's going to be boiling hot all week I'm boiling – can you open the window? it's boiling in here</i>	
cargo	Noun	/ˈkɑ:(r)gəʊ/	die Fracht	the cargo of a ship, plane, lorry, etc., is all the goods that it is transporting somewhere		<i>the ship lost its cargo during the storm the plane carried a cargo of flour and rice a cargo ship (one used to transport goods rather than passengers) it took most of the day to unload the cargo from the ship</i>	
clutch	Verb	/klʌtʃ/	etw. fest umklammern	if clutch something, you hold it with a very firm grip		<i>everyone was clutching odd shoes he arrived at the door clutching a bunch of flowers she clutched tightly to the handle of the suitcase he closed his eyes and clutched her hand</i>	
collapse	Verb	/kəˈlæps/	zusammenbrechen	if someone collapses , they suddenly fall down or lie down because they are very tired or ill		<i>at the end of the game we all collapsed on the sand he said he was all right, but he collapsed ten minutes later and had to go to hospital I was ready to collapse when we reached the top of the hill</i>	
do the dishes	Phrase	/du: ðə ˈdɪʃz/	Geschirr spülen	if you do the dishes , you wash and dry the plates, cups, bowls, etc., that you have just used during a meal		<i>whose turn is it to do the dishes? I'll do the dishes after we've watched the film let's do the dishes before we go out</i>	

exhausted	Adjective	/ɪgˈzɔːstɪd/	erschöpft	if you are exhausted , you are very tired		<i>I was exhausted by the time we got home sit down – you must be exhausted I was too exhausted to argue with him I'm absolutely exhausted</i>	Adjective: <i>exhausting</i> Verb: <i>exhaust</i> Noun: <i>exhaustion</i>
grab	Verb	/græb/	etw. greifen	if you grab something, you take hold of it quickly and roughly		<i>grab your things and let's go he grabbed my bag and ran off she grabbed hold of the branch to stop herself from falling he grabbed the knife and stabbed the burglar in the leg Julie suddenly grabbed his arm</i>	
lid	Noun	/lɪd/	der Deckel	a lid is a cover for a container	put a lid on something	<i>we put a lid across the top of the tank put a lid on the pan keep the lid on while the potatoes are cooking I lifted the lid a tight-fitting lid a saucepan lid the dustbin lid</i>	
odd	Adjective	/ɒd/	verschiedenfarbige	odd shoes, socks, etc., are a pair of them consisting of two items that do not match, instead of two that are the same		<i>he went to school wearing odd socks I got dressed in the dark and didn't realize I put on odd shoes</i>	
packed	Adjective	/pækt/	brechend voll	if a place or object is packed , it is very full of people or things	packed with something	<i>it was a hot day and the beach was packed every museum was packed with tourists the train was so packed that I couldn't sit down the centre of town was absolutely packed this morning the drink is packed with vitamins an action-packed film (full of action)</i>	
pour	Verb	/pɔː(r)/	schütten, gießen	if it is pouring , it is raining very hard. You can also say that it's pouring with rain, or that the rain is pouring down		<i>it was pouring outside so we stayed in all afternoon rain poured down all night it's not just raining, it's absolutely pouring</i>	Adjective: <i>pouring</i>
race	Verb	/reɪs/	hetzen, rennen	if you race somewhere, you go there very fast		<i>the kids raced along the street the rabbit raced across the road the boys raced ahead and got home 5 minutes before us two cyclists raced past us down the hill</i>	
sink	Noun	/sɪŋk/	das Waschbecken/Spülbecken	a sink is an open container in a kitchen or bathroom that you can fill with water and use for washing things	a kitchen/bathroom sink	<i>the kitchen sink was very dirty put the dishes in the sink the cloth is in the cupboard under the sink fill the sink with warm water the sink's blocked (water won't flow out of it properly)</i>	
stare	Verb	/steə(r)/	starren	if you stare at something or someone, you look at them for a long time and with a lot of concentration	stare at someone or something	<i>everyone was staring out to sea they have to stare at a computer all day it's rude to stare at people she was staring into space I couldn't stop staring at her he stared intently at the floor</i>	
tank	Noun	/tæŋk/	der Behälter, das Aquarium	a tank is a container, usually made of glass or clear plastic, that you fill with water so that you can keep fish in it	a fish tank	<i>the fish had jumped out of the tank I hate cleaning the fish tank we've got so many fish now that the tank is too small</i>	
wander	Verb	/'wɒndə(r)/	schlendern	if you wander somewhere, you walk there casually, without any real purpose		<i>I wandered along the beach, enjoying the silence she wandered into the gallery not knowing what to expect they wandered round the exhibition getting bored we wandered through the old town the kids had wandered off</i>	Noun: <i>wander</i>
pp 42-43	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
aspect	Noun	/'æspekt/	der Aspekt	an aspect of something is one of the different parts involved in it		<i>the most enjoyable aspect of my job is meeting new people I like the fashion and design aspect of the business you have to consider the practical aspects of living on a boat the book covers various aspects of political science</i>	
awesome	Adjective	/'ɔːs(ə)m/	stark, toll	something that is awesome is extremely impressive		<i>the highest mountain on our awesome planet the view from the hotel room was awesome have you seen their new website? It's awesome we got here yesterday, and I can tell you that Moscow is absolutely awesome</i>	
concept	Noun	/'kɒnsept/	das Konzept	the concept of something is the main idea about it, especially the original idea that made it happen	the original concept	<i>the concept of the project was to travel and explore the Amur river it was an interesting concept, but we didn't have enough money to develop it we all worked together on it, but it was Alan's concept originally (he had the first idea for it)</i>	
free-flowing	Adjective	/friː'fləʊɪŋ/	(ungehindert) fließend	something that is free-flowing moves along or progresses naturally and is not blocked by people or anything that people have built		<i>the longest free-flowing river on the planet the Mississippi is a relatively free-flowing river once we got on the motorway, the traffic was free-flowing</i>	
light	Adjective	/laɪt/	leicht, unbeschwert	something that is light is enjoyable and not very serious		<i>light entertainment (music and comedy that is not very serious) we made light conversation while we waited for the lecture to start Dostoevsky was very intense - I want something light to read now</i>	
memorable	Adjective	/'mem(ə)rəb(ə)l/	einprägsam	something that is memorable is so good or impressive that you will always remember it very clearly		<i>my most memorable holiday was in China your wedding should be the most memorable day of your life visiting a studio in Hollywood was a memorable experience the teachers did everything they could to make it a memorable occasion</i>	Adverb: <i>memorably</i>
passionate	Adjective	/'pæʃ(ə)nət/	leidenschaftlich, passioniert	someone who is passionate is very enthusiastic about what they are doing, and believes in it very strongly	passionate about something	<i>passionate teachers make a difference people here are passionate about football we are extremely passionate about social media a passionate critic of the government</i>	Adverb: <i>passionately</i> Noun: <i>passion</i>
perspective	Noun	/pə(r)'spektɪv/	die Perspektive	your perspective is the way you see or understand a situation		<i>from our perspective, we don't see enough police on the streets the story is seen from the mother's perspective my illness has given me a new perspective on life try to see things from a broader perspective</i>	
pursue	Verb	/pə(r)'sjuː/	jd.n./etw. verfolgen	if you pursue someone or something, you chase them and try and get close to them because you want to get them to do something for you or because you want to have them		<i>we were pursuing sponsors for our new video John was pursuing a new job opportunity (was trying to get a new job)</i>	

showcase	Verb	/'ʃəʊ,keɪs/	etw. groß herausstellen	if you showcase something, you present it for people to see in a way that emphasizes the good and interesting qualities that it has		<i>our goal with showcasing a river was to let people fall in love with it we've produced a video to showcase what our company can do for you the exhibition showcased a wide range of students' work YouTube provides plenty of opportunity for you to showcase your film-making skills</i>	
sponsor	Noun	/'sponsə(r)/	der/die Sponsor/-in	a sponsor is a person or organization who provides money for a particular event or activity. Companies sometimes provide money for big public events, usually in exchange for being allowed to advertise at the event		<i>some sponsors are large national and multinational companies original corporate sponsors included two local banks</i>	Verb: sponsor Noun: sponsorship

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badly paid	Adjective	/'bædli peɪd/	schlecht bezahlt	if a job is badly paid , the people who do it do not earn a lot of money from it		<i>I started work in a supermarket, but it was very badly paid so I took a job as a van driver he had a badly-paid job in the local factory even though she worked very hard she was very badly paid the work was boring and badly paid</i>	Opposite – Adjective: well paid
challenging	Adjective	/'tʃælɪndʒɪŋ/	herausfordernd, anspruchsvoll	something that is challenging makes you work very hard or think very hard in order to succeed at it		<i>the course will be challenging, but worthwhile yoga can be a physically challenging activity it's a very challenging job driving in Italy was a challenging experience</i>	Noun: challenge Verb: challenge
dirty	Adjective	/'dɜ:(r)ti/	schmutzig	something that is dirty has dirt or dust on it and is not clean. A job or task that is dirty is one that will make you dirty as you do it	get dirty	<i>wear a dark shirt because it will get dirty some of the jobs on the farm are dirty and smelly cleaning the oven was dirty work</i>	Noun: dirt
responsible	Adjective	/'rɪ'spɒnsəb(ə)/	verantwortungsvoll	a responsible job is one that means you have to take important decisions and be in charge of other people		<i>she was very young to have such a responsible job he was promoted to a very responsible position in the company</i>	Noun: responsibility
stressful	Adjective	/'stresf(ə)/	anstrengend, aufreibend	something that is stressful makes you very worried and stops you being able to relax	a stressful experience/time/situation	<i>I had a stressful day at work the job interview was very stressful a stressful job moving house is a very stressful experience try to avoid stressful situations</i>	Noun: stress Adjective: stressed

pp 46-47	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
driverless	Adjective	/'draɪvələs/	fahrerlos	a driverless car, train, or other vehicle is one that follows a route automatically and does not have a person controlling it all the time		<i>two people were hit and injured by a driverless car union members are opposed to the introduction of driverless trains the future of driverless vehicles will be very interesting</i>	
elderly	Adjective	/'eldə(r)li/	älter, bejahrt	if you describe someone as elderly , you are saying in a polite way that they are old. The elderly are people who are old		<i>an elderly lady sat down next to me on the bus our neighbours are an elderly couple I met an elderly gentleman who has lived in Shipley all his life</i>	Noun: the elderly
fold	Verb	/fəʊld/	falten	if you fold a piece of paper or cloth, you bend it so that one part of it covers the other. If you fold something up , you fold it so that it becomes smaller and easier to carry		<i>he folded the shirt and put it in a drawer he folded up the newspaper and put it back in his briefcase can you help me fold this map?</i>	Noun: fold Opposite – Verb: unfold
likely	Adjective	/'laɪkli/	wahrscheinlich	if something is likely , it will probably happen	be likely to do something	<i>it's likely to be a week before we get an answer it's likely that she will go to university next year do you think it's likely to rain this afternoon? the most likely outcome is that he will win the election</i>	Opposite – Adjective: unlikely

pp 48-49	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
apply	Verb	/ə'plai/	sich bewerben	if you apply for something such as a place at a college or university, or a job, you write to say that you want to have it	apply for something apply to somewhere	<i>she applied to Oxford University you should start applying for jobs before you leave university did you apply for that job at the BBC? 300 people applied for just one job at the studio I applied for a grant to study physics at Cambridge</i>	Noun: application Noun: applicant
apprentice	Noun	/ə'prentɪs/	der/die Auszubildende	an apprentice is someone who learns how to do a skilled job by working for someone who teaches them		<i>I'd rather become an apprentice than go to college she spent a year as an apprentice electrical engineer in Dover we have three apprentices working for us at the moment</i>	Noun: apprenticeship
degree	Noun	/'di:ɡri:/	der Abschluss/Hochschulabschluss	a degree is the qualification you get if you pass the exams after following a course of study at a university	get a degree do a degree	<i>I'm the first person in my family to get a degree I did a degree in Spanish you need a degree to get a job in the BBC my brother was a very successful businessman even though he didn't have a degree</i>	
entrance exam	Noun	/'entrəns ɪɡ'zæm/	die Aufnahmeprüfung	an entrance exam is an exam that students take and have to pass in order to be allowed to study at a particular school or college or university	sit an entrance exam	<i>most private schools want you to take an entrance exam she failed the entrance exam and decided to try and join the army instead 350 children sat the entrance exam, and just 30 of them got into the school</i>	
graduate	Verb	/'ɡrædʒueɪt/	einen akademischen Grad erlangen, graduieren	when you graduate , you leave university having successfully passed the final exams and with a degree. Someone who does this is a graduate / 'ɡrædʒueɪt /	graduate from somewhere	<i>she graduated with a degree in history and economics I graduated from UCL in 2009 our first batch of students graduated last month</i>	Noun: graduate
reapply	Verb	/'ri:ə'plai/	sich erneut bewerben	if you reapply for something, you apply for it again because you did not succeed the first time		<i>unsuccessful candidates have to wait six months before reapplying I'm going to reapply for a grant to do research in some cases, the student will be invited to reapply</i>	
redo	Verb	/'ri:ˈdu:/	nochmals tun	if you redo something, you do it again, often because your first attempt was not very successful		<i>we redid the decoration in the living room she had to redo her first year at college we'd set the equipment up badly and had to redo the entire experiment 80% of the software had to be redone</i>	

reread	Verb	/ˌriːˈriːd/	nochmals lesen	if you reread something, you read it again		<i>I decided to reread Madame Bovary for the first time since I was at university he read the letter, then reread it to make sure he'd understood it properly if you reread the instructions, you'll see that you missed out one part of the process</i>	
retake	Verb	/ˌriːˈteɪk/	einen Test wiederholen	if you retake a course or an exam, you take it for a second time because you failed it the first time		<i>I had to retake my final exams you are allowed to retake three of the 6 exams you have to retake the exam within 18 months the course may only be retaken once</i>	Noun: retake
retrain	Verb	/ˌriːˈtreɪn/	umschulen	if you retrain , you learn new skills, either because you need these new skills for your current job or because you want to work in a different field	retrain as something	<i>he taught in a school for six years before retraining as a lawyer doctors have to retrain every few years he was a former fighter pilot who retrained as an airline pilot</i>	
rewrite	Verb	/ˌriːˈraɪt/	umschreiben	if you rewrite something, you write it again and try to do it better the second time		<i>my essay was so bad I had to rewrite it the book was rewritten and republished ten years later I didn't have time to rewrite the article</i>	
step	Noun	/step/	der Schritt	a step is one part of a process that needs several things to happen, one after the other	step by step take (a) step(s)	<i>his next step was to hire an office manager here are the basic steps needed to create your own development plan he took steps to improve the department's finances the plan must be carried out step by step (in the right order, and not trying to do everything at once)</i>	

pp 50-51	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bonus	Noun	/ˈbʌnʊs/	der Bonus	a bonus is extra money you get from your employer because you have worked hard or done well	an annual bonus	<i>he gets a big bonus every year on top of his salary all the staff get an end-of-year bonus I'll get a bonus if I meet all my sales targets a Christmas bonus she gets a good salary plus a generous annual bonus</i>	
cellphone	Noun	/ˈsɛlˌfəʊn/	das Mobiltelefon	a cellphone is what Americans call a mobile phone, a phone that you can carry with you wherever you go		<i>the battery in my cellphone is flat he left his cellphone in the restaurant and had to go back for it the next morning please turn your cellphones off before the performance begins</i>	
clock on	Phrasal verb	/klɒk ɒn/	den Arbeitsbeginn an der Stechuhr registrieren	when workers clock on , they record the time they arrive at work. At the end of the working day, they clock off so that their employer can check how many hours they have worked		<i>we clock on and off by putting a card into a machine by the entrance if you clock on late more than twice a month, you have to see the manager I was late clocking on yesterday morning so I had to stay at work for an extra hour</i>	Opposite – Phrasal verb: clock off
discount	Noun	/ˈdɪsˌkaʊnt/	der Rabatt	if you get a discount , you are allowed to pay a smaller amount of money than normal for something	a discount on something	<i>we get a discount on all company products students get a 10% discount in this café you get a discount if you buy three or more chairs at the same time the museum gives a discount to groups of 15 people or more with your 5% discount, the cost will be just £17.37</i>	
flexitime	Noun uncount	/ˈfleksɪˌtaɪm/	die Gleitzeit	flexitime is an arrangement that allows workers to start work or finish work at different times, while always doing the same number of hours each week, rather than to start and finish at the same time every day		<i>employees can choose to work flexitime if they want they introduced flexitime at my office last year working flexitime means I can finish early on Fridays</i>	
long hours	Noun plural	/lɒŋ ˈaʊəz/	stundenlang	the hours you work are the amount of time you spend at work. If you work long hours , you have to spend a long time at work every day		<i>my hours are from 9 till 6, with an hour off for lunch we all worked long hours last week to try and finish the project the hours were long, but the pay was good</i>	
overtime	Noun uncount	/ˈəʊvə(r)ˌtaɪm/	die Überstunden	overtime is extra work that you do outside normal working hours, for which you get paid more than the normal rate of pay		<i>she did six hours overtime last week most of us do at least five hours overtime a week because we need the money each hour of overtime is paid at 1.5 times the usual hourly rate</i>	Adverb: overtime
paid holiday	Noun	/peɪd ˈhɒlədeɪ/	bezahlter Urlaub	paid holiday is the time when you do not have to work but are still paid by your employer. In most jobs, workers are allowed a certain number of days paid holiday every year		<i>we get 4 weeks' paid holiday a year I'm self-employed, so I don't get any paid holidays I've used up all my paid holiday for this year</i>	
part-time	Adjective	/pɑːt taɪm/	die Teilzeit	if you have a part-time job, you work for some of the time, but not all the time		<i>I had to take a part-time job when I was a student the company employs a lot of part-time staff part-time work is available over the summer</i>	Adverb: part-time Opposite – Adjective: full-time Adverb: full-time
pay rise	Noun	/peɪ raɪz/	die Gehaltserhöhung	if you get a pay rise , your employer increases the amount of money you are paid		<i>after 12 months in the job, you will get a 2% pay rise we went on strike demanding a pay rise she hasn't had a pay rise for nearly three years my manager refused to give me a pay rise</i>	
pension	Noun	/ˈpenʃ(ə)n/	die Rente	a pension is money that a government or company pays to someone regularly when they do not work any more because they are old	a state pension a private pension draw a pension a pension scheme	<i>a company pension scheme (a arrangement where the employer and the employee pay towards a pension) I'll receive a small pension when I retire everyone gets the state pension (from the government) he gets quite a generous pension from the bank you can start to draw your pension when you're 65 (receive it) I put 10% of my salary into a private pension</i>	
prepaid phonecard	Noun	/ˌpriːˈpeɪd fəʊnkɑːd/	die Guthaben-Telefonkarte	a prepaid phonecard is a card that you can use instead of money to pay for using a public telephone		<i>workers are given prepaid phonecards so they can talk to their families every week a prepaid phonecard that will let you talk for 30 minutes</i>	
promotion	Noun	/prəˈmɒʃ(ə)n/	die Beförderung	promotion within an organization is an official change in job to a better, more important, and better-paid job		<i>there are plenty of opportunities for promotion if you work hard he went four years without a promotion if I get a promotion, we'll be able to buy a new car I've asked to be considered for promotion</i>	Verb: promote

salary	Noun	/ˈsæləri/	das Gehalt	your salary is the money that you receive each month for doing your job. If you are paid every week, you usually refer to your wages	a monthly salary an annual salary	<i>I want a job with a good salary they pay us a fixed salary he gets a good salary an annual salary of £60,000 a year people on low salaries they're asking for an increase in their basic salary an monthly salary of £3,400</i>	
typing	Noun uncount	/ˈtaɪpɪŋ/	tippen	typing is the activity of writing words onto paper or onto a computer screen by using a keyboard		<i>a typing error (a mistake made while typing something) my typing skills are not very good excellent typing and editing skills are necessary for this job</i>	Verb: type Noun: typist
urban	Adjective	/ˈɜː(r)bən/	städtisch	you use urban to refer to places, people, or situations in towns or cities rather than in the countryside		<i>by 2030, the urban population of China will be 60% public transport in urban areas is much better than in the country an urban way of life I grew up in a very urban, industrial environment</i>	Opposite – Adjective: rural
wage	Noun	/weɪdʒ/	der Lohn	your wages , or your wage , is the amount of money you are pad for your job, especially if you are paid every week. If you are paid every month, you usually talk about your salary	an hourly/daily/weekly wage	<i>the minimum wage then was £5.73 an hour he earns a good wage they've always pad low wages at that factory my first job paid an hourly wage of £3.50 food prices have gone up faster than wages</i>	

pp 52-53	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
available	Adjective	/əˈveɪləb(ə)l/	abkömmlich, verfügbar	if someone is available , they are not busy doing something else and are free to go somewhere or do something		<i>I am available for interview any day next week are you available for a meeting at 2 o'clock? I'm afraid Don isn't available at the moment, so we'll have to start without him</i>	Noun: availability
benefit	Noun	/ˈbenɪft/	die Geldleistung/Zuschuss	the benefits of a job are some of the things that your employer gives you, such as paid holidays, discount on the company's products, private medical insurance, etc.		<i>salary: £42,000 plus benefits the job comes with a lot of benefits the company had to cut back on the benefits it provided</i>	
conscientious	Adjective	/ˌkɒnʃiˈenʃəs/	gewissenhaft	someone who is conscientious always makes sure they do their job very thoroughly and very well		<i>she was a conscientious student if you'd been a bit more conscientious this mistake wouldn't have happened a clever and very conscientious young woman</i>	Adverb: conscientiously
creative	Adjective	/kriˈeɪtɪv/	kreativ	someone who is creative is able to use their imagination well to think of new and interesting things. Their ideas and actions can also be called creative		<i>turning data into usable information is a creative process she had loads of creative ideas for new apps he made a number of very creative suggestions we need a bit of creative thinking to solve this problem</i>	Verb: create Adverb: creatively
database	Noun	/ˈdeɪtəˌbeɪs/	die Datenbank	a database is a large amount of information stored in a computer and organized so that it is possible to find detailed and individual pieces of information very easily		<i>our database has details of over 30,000 customers she learned how to search the database you need a password to open the database an online database that is available to the public he is a specialist in database management</i>	
energetic	Adjective	/ˌenə(r)ˈdʒetɪk/	energiegeladen	someone who is energetic has a lot of energy and does things in a very lively and enthusiastic way		<i>the band were loud and energetic on stage the dogs were very active and energetic he had been much more energetic when he was younger</i>	Adverb: energetically Noun: energy
hard-working	Adjective	/hɑːdˈwɜːkɪŋ/	fleißig	if you are hard-working , you always work hard		<i>his brother was a hard-working farmer hard-working families deserve to be treated with respect she is a hard-working and conscientious lawyer</i>	
methodical	Adjective	/məˈθɒdɪk(ə)l/	systematisch	if you are methodical , you always do things in a thorough and well-organised way. You can also say that the way you do things is methodical		<i>he was very methodical in the way he approached his work a methodical and efficient member of staff she went about her job in a very methodical way</i>	Adverb: methodically Noun: method
referee	Noun	/ˌrefəˈriː/	der/die Referenzgeber/-in	a referee is someone who agrees to give you a reference – a statement that gives information about you, your character and your abilities. You often need a reference when you are applying for a job, and your referee is someone who knows you, or who you have worked for		<i>will you be a referee for me? I've been asked to be a referee for Jennifer – she's trying to get a job at the BBC we still haven't heard from your referee</i>	Noun: reference
self-confident	Adjective	/selfˈkɒnfɪdənt/	selbstbewusst	if you are self-confident , you feel confident about your own abilities		<i>we want our children to be self-confident and happy a strong, self-confident young man the course helped me become more self-confident</i>	Noun: self-confidence Adverb: self-confidently

pp 54-55	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bonus	Noun	/ˈbɒnəs/	der Bonus	a bonus is extra money or a valuable gift you get from your employer because you have worked hard or done well	an annual bonus	<i>Hillary gave them all a watch as a bonus my salary is £37,000 a year plus an annual bonus of about 10% he gets a big bonus every year on top of his salary all the staff get an end-of-year bonus I'll get a bonus if I meet all my sales targets a Christmas bonus</i>	
ethnic	Adjective	/ˈeθnɪk/	ethnisch	you use ethnic to refer to a particular group of people of the same race or who have the same culture and traditions		<i>the Sherpa are one of 70 ethnic groups in Nepal there are a lot of ethnic Turks living in Germany they come from the same ethnic background an ethnic minority (a group of people who live among a lot of other people who are different from them in some way)</i>	Adverb: ethnically
expedition	Noun	/ˌɛkspəˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	die Expedition	an expedition is a journey that a group of people make, especially one that they make because they want to go somewhere where no one has gone before or do something that has not been done before		<i>this hut was the starting point for Scott's expedition the expedition will start in June and will take seven weeks on December 14th, Amundsen's expedition reached the South Pole Sir John Hunt led the expedition on Mount Everest in 1953 two expedition members left the ship in Buenos Aires</i>	

healthcare	Noun uncount	/ˈheɪlθkeə/	das Gesundheitswesen	healthcare is a system that provides doctors and hospitals for all the people in a country. Some healthcare systems are private, and people have to pay for them, but some countries provide healthcare for everyone and pay for it out of taxes		<i>is there a good healthcare system in your country? in America, healthcare is mostly private demand for healthcare services is growing campaigners demanded universal free healthcare (free for everyone)</i>	
idyllic	Adjective	/ɪˈdɪlɪk/	idyllisch	a place or situation that is idyllic is peaceful, calm, and has no problems or difficulties		<i>an idyllic rural lifestyle a relaxing holiday in idyllic surroundings the village is quite idyllic and hasn't changed for hundreds of years when the war began, their idyllic life in the countryside ended</i>	Noun: idyll
income	Noun	/ˈɪŋkʌm/	das Einkommen	your income is the money that you earn from the job you do or the things you sell		<i>my income hasn't gone up for four years people on low incomes (who do not earn a lot of money) the job has a starting income of £22,000 which will rise to £25,000 after two years</i>	
influx	Noun	/ˈɪnflʌks/	der Zustrom	an influx of people or things is the arrival of large numbers of them	an influx of something	<i>the influx of tourists brought a lot of money to the area a large influx of immigrants from Europe the government was not ready for the sudden influx we expect an influx of visitors over Easter</i>	
lament	Verb	/ləˈment/	jammern	if you lament something, you express your sadness about it		<i>they lamented the fact that people were giving up the old way of life my friend in Seattle was lamenting about the state of American politics the poem laments the death of her father Ewing lamented his failure to learn German</i>	Noun: lament
lifestyle	Noun	/ˈlaɪf.staɪl/	der Lebensstil	someone's lifestyle is the way they live, the things they do for work and pleasure, the way they spend their money, etc.	a healthy lifestyle a simple lifestyle an active lifestyle	<i>people's lifestyles are too busy these days we lived a simple lifestyle out in the country his lifestyle hasn't changed since he got his new job our job is to encourage a healthy lifestyle for our customers</i>	
migrate	Verb	/maɪˈɡreɪt/	abwandern	if someone migrates , they leave the country where they were born and go and live in a different country		<i>my family migrated from Russia after the Revolution about 3% of the city's population have migrated abroad since the end of the war Indians migrated to East Africa in the nineteenth century</i>	Noun: migrant Noun: migration
settle	Verb	/ˈset(ə)/	sich niederlassen	if a number of people settle in a place, or if they settle it, they start to live there together and make it their home		<i>the Sherpa settled the higher regions of the Himalayas they moved south and settled just outside Hastings Europeans settled the area in the 18th century after years of travelling, we finally settled in Ireland</i>	Noun: settler
span	Noun	/spæn/	die Zeitspanne	a span is a period of time during which something happens or lasts	attention span life span	<i>within the span of three generations, everything changed completely he has a very short attention span (he cannot concentrate for long) in the 16th century, the average human life span was much shorter than it is today the expected life span of the satellite is three to five years</i>	
substantial	Adjective	/səbˈstænj(ə)/	wesentlich, substanziell	something that is substantial is very large, significant, or important		<i>we lost a substantial amount of money they faced a substantial repair bill after the ceiling collapsed there was a substantial increase in car crime last year we've made substantial reductions in our operating costs we're very grateful for your substantial contribution to the project</i>	Adverb: substantially
summit	Verb	/ɪˈdɪlɪk/	den Gipfel erklimmen	the summit of a mountain is the very top of it. If you summit a mountain, you succeed in climbing to the top		<i>when Hillary summited Everest, he gave all the Sherpas a watch some of the guides on Mount Kilimanjaro have summited over 20 times the mountain was summited by Wilfred Thesiger in 1938 in terms of average wealth per person, India comes 130th in the world his wealth is estimated at £2m 80% of the wealth belongs to only 20% of the people engineers contribute significantly to global wealth creation</i>	Noun: summit
wealth	Noun uncount	/welθ/	der Reichtum	wealth is ownership of money and property			Adjective: wealthy Noun: the wealthy

Unit 5 p 57	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
fist	Noun	/fɪst/	die Faust	your fist is your hand when your fingers are bent tightly inwards, making a sort of ball shape	clench your fist a clenched fist	<i>I clenched my fist (tightly bent my fingers inwards) getting ready to punch him he held up his clenched fist his fists were too small for him to be a good boxer Graham banged his fist angrily on the table the driver shook his fist at me (made a gesture with his fist to show that he was angry)</i>	
guide	Noun	/ɡaɪd/	der Leitfaden, die Orientierungshilfe	a guide is something that helps you make a decision or judgement about something	a rough guide	<i>use your body as a guide when working out how much to eat your heart rate is a rough guide (not precise) to your general state of health the temperature of the water is a useful guide to what sort of fish there are likely to be</i>	
handful	Noun	/ˈhændfʊl/	eine Handvoll	a handful is the amount of something you can hold in your hand	a handful of something	<i>eat a handful of peanuts in the middle of the afternoon two handfuls of popcorn they each took a handful of sweets from the jar</i>	
palm	Noun	/pɑ:m/	die Handfläche	the palm of your hand is the inside surface of your hand that does not include your fingers or thumb	the palm of someone's hand	<i>the piece of meat should be no bigger than the palm of your hand he swept the crumbs off the table with the palm of his hand she held out two coins in the palm of her hand</i>	
portion	Noun	/ˈpɔ:(r)(ə)n/	die Portion	a portion of food is an amount that is served to one person at a meal	a portion of something	<i>it was quite expensive and the portions were very small the portions there are very generous you need two slices of chicken per portion I ordered a sandwich and a portion of chips</i>	

squash	Noun	/skwɒʃ/	der Kürbis	a squash is a vegetable that has a hard, thick skin		<i>my sister made squash soup with salad I tried growing tomatoes and squashes last year the squash had a nice flavour but the potatoes were horrible</i>	
sweet potato	Noun	/swi:t pə'tetəʊ/	die Süßkartoffel	a sweet potato is a vegetable that looks rather like a potato, has brown skin and yellow flesh, and tastes sweeter than a potato		<i>peel the sweet potatoes while they're still warm I usually boil sweet potatoes, but you can also roast them a recipe for sweet potato pie</i>	
pp 58-59	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
ban	Verb	/bæn/	verbieten, ausschließen, stoppen	if someone in authority bans something, they make a law to say that it is not allowed. If they ban someone from doing something, they do not allow them to do it	ban someone from doing something	<i>they're going to completely ban smoking next year cigarette advertising was banned years ago my parents banned me from playing computer games for a week he was banned from driving for five months</i>	Noun: <i>ban</i> Adjective: <i>banned</i>
crust	Noun	/krʌst/	die Kruste/Rinde	the crust of a loaf or piece of bread or of the bottom of a pizza is the outside edge of it that is harder than the softer inside		<i>the crust has a really nice flavour the crust mustn't be more than two centimetres thick I made some bread yesterday but the crust was like rock the crust was burnt</i>	Adjective: <i>crusty</i>
ferment	Verb	/fə(r)'ment/	fermentieren, vergären	when food or drink ferments , or when you ferment it, a chemical change happens to it, for example when the sugar in something changes to alcohol		<i>you have to ferment it before you can eat it the apple juice had started to ferment because I forgot to put it back in the fridge fermenting some foods actually increases the vitamin content</i>	Adjective: <i>fermented</i> Noun: <i>fermentation</i>
manuscript	Noun	/'mænjʊ skript/	das Manuskript	a manuscript is an old document that has been written by hand rather than being printed		<i>its' difficult to read these old manuscripts because the handwriting is very strange we had to wear gloves when examining the older manuscripts the manuscript was found four hundred years after it vanished the manuscript is full of interesting information about the Norfolk family in the fourteenth century</i>	
millennium	Noun	/mɪ'leniəm/	das Jahrtausend	a millennium is a period of one thousand years. The plural of millennium is millennia		<i>the region has been inhabited for millennia a millennium later, the whole village had disappeared the city's history goes back at least three millennia</i>	
rival	Noun	/'raɪv(ə)l/	der Rivale, die Rivalin	a rival is a person or organisation who is competing with you to achieve the same things	someone's main/nearest/chief/closest/fiercest rival a bitter rival	<i>his closest rival was injured two weeks before the race they'd been bitter rivals for 20 years, but now they've found friendship Radcliffe finished the race nearly two minutes ahead of her nearest rival</i>	Noun: <i>rivalry</i>
sparkling	Adjective	/'spɑ:(r)k(ə)lɪŋ/	sprudelnd	liquid, especially water or wine, that is sparkling has lots of little bubbles in it that make it pleasant to drink	sparkling wine/water	<i>a bottle of sparkling wine we ordered one bottle of sparkling and one bottle of still water</i>	
spiral	Noun	/'spɑɪrəl/	die Spirale	a spiral is a line that curves round and round a central point with each curve getting further from the central point	in a spiral	<i>bend the wire round the post in a tight spiral she drew a spiral with a triangle in the centre of it the stones were laid out on the ground in a spiral</i>	Adjective: <i>spiral</i>
status	Noun	/'stetəs/	die Status/Rang	the status of someone or something is the particular way they are seen by other people	high/low status	<i>my grandfather's family had very low social status an Oxford degree gave her increased status when she went back to her home town the book achieved the status of a masterpiece</i>	
suitable	Adjective	/'su:təb(ə)l/	geeignet	if something is suitable , it is right for a particular person, situation, or purpose	suitable for someone or something	<i>this smaller one might be more suitable the film isn't suitable for young children it's going to be cold, so make sure to bring suitable clothes it's not really suitable for a family car the classes are suitable for complete beginners</i>	Adverb: <i>suitably</i> Noun: <i>suitability</i>
pp 60-61	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
avoid	Verb	/ə'vɔɪd/	vermeiden	if you avoid something, you make sure you do not do it or experience it		<i>avoid going outdoors in bright sunlight try to avoid repeating words when you write I managed to avoid the rush hour by leaving an hour early I think Sam is avoiding me (trying not to see me or speak to me)</i>	Noun: <i>avoidable</i>
chew	Verb	/tʃu:/	kauen	when you chew food, you use your teeth to squash the food in your mouth so that you can then swallow it		<i>he carried on chewing the crust without speaking it's polite to chew with your mouth closed I chewed the sweet and found it tasted of lemon</i>	
cut down on	Phrasal verb	/kʌt daʊn ɒn/	kürzen, einschränken	if you cut down on something, you reduce the amount of it that there is, or that you eat or drink of it		<i>you need to cut down on fatty foods I'm trying to cut down on sweets she cut down on coffee and stopped smoking altogether</i>	
cut out	Phrasal verb	/kʌt aʊt/	weglassen	if you cut something out , you stop eating it or doing it because you think it is bad for your health		<i>starting next week, I'm going to cut out chips and crisps she tried to cut out chocolate for a week, but found it too difficult you can carry on drinking tea, just cut out the sugar</i>	
fatty	Adjective	/'fæti/	fetthaltig	fatty food has a lot of fat in it and is considered to be unhealthy		<i>you should cut down on fatty food he had too much fatty meat in his diet cut down on fatty milk products</i>	
give up	Phrasal verb	/ɡɪv ʌp/	aufhören, einstellen	if you give up something that you do regularly, you stop doing it	give up doing something	<i>It's really hard to give up smoking I used to collect stamps, but I gave it up when I went to university my parents gave up their restaurant business and went back to Scotland</i>	
junk food	Noun uncount	/dʒʌŋk fu:d/	das Fastfood	junk food is cheap food that is quick and easy to buy and eat but that is not very good for you		<i>I spent my three years at university eating junk food don't eat too much junk food it's all right to have junk food occasionally, but not regularly no wonder you're so fat! You eat junk food and never take any exercise</i>	
obesity	Noun uncount	/əʊ'bi:səti/	die Fettleibigkeit	obesity is the serious physical condition of someone being so heavy that it has a dangerously bad effect on their health	obesity rates childhood obesity	<i>rising obesity rates are a major concern childhood obesity is a global health concern worldwide, obesity has more than doubled since 1980</i>	Adjective: <i>obese</i>

overweight	Adjective	/ˌəʊvə(r)'weɪt/	das Übergewicht	someone who is overweight is not healthy because they weigh more than they should do		<i>I was overweight and needed to lose at least ten kilos more and more people are overweight these days I was overweight when I was younger, but playing tennis has helped me stay a healthier weight overweight children tend to grow up to be overweight adults</i>
take up	Phrasal verb	/teɪk ʌp/	aufgreifen, anfangen	if you take up a new activity, you start doing it		<i>she took up tennis when she was 50 you should take up swimming – it's a great way to stay fit after my mum died, my dad took up bird watching I was so overweight I decided to take up running</i>
willpower	Noun uncount	/'wɪl,pəʊə(r)/	die Willenskraft	your willpower is your ability to make yourself do things that you know you need to do but that you do not enjoy and do not really want to do	strong willpower	<i>giving up smoking takes a lot of willpower she has strong willpower and I'm sure she'll succeed you need to show some willpower if you're going to finish the task on time</i>

pp 62-63	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
alertness	Noun uncount	/ə'leɪtnəs/	die Aufmerksamkeit	alertness is the state of being awake and able to think quickly and intelligently		<i>his mental alertness improved when he started drinking coffee activities such as driving that require alertness he reacts to his surroundings with great alertness alertness drops as the evening progresses</i>	Adjective: alert
asthma	Noun uncount	/'æsmə/	das Asthma	asthma is a medical condition which affects someone's chest. People who have asthma cough a lot and sometimes have difficulty breathing	suffer from asthma an asthma attack severe/acute/chronic asthma	<i>one in seven primary-school children now suffers from asthma she was taken to hospital after an asthma attack her daughter has chronic asthma (asthma that never goes away properly) cases of asthma are rising by about 5% every year</i>	Adjective: asthmatic Noun: asthmatic
beneficial	Adjective	/'benɪ'fɪ(ə)l/	nützlich, vorteilhaft	something that is beneficial has a good effect on someone or something	prove beneficial highly beneficial	<i>there are many beneficial effects of eating less meat getting a good night's sleep will be very beneficial everyone knows that regular exercise is beneficial to your health changing jobs proved highly beneficial</i>	
blood pressure	Noun uncount	/'blʌd 'preʃə/	der Blutdruck	your blood pressure is the force with which blood moves around your body. If your blood pressure is too high or too low, it can make you ill	high/low blood pressure take someone's blood pressure	<i>if your blood pressure drops too much it can be dangerous I'm taking pills for high blood pressure the doctor took my blood pressure (measured it) she suffers from low blood pressure</i>	
disease	Noun	/'di:zi:z/	die Krankheit	a disease is a serious illness	heart disease	<i>rats can cause disease he died of heart disease she suffers from a blood disease I don't want to catch the disease</i>	Adjective: diseased
habit-forming	Adjective	/'hæbɪt-'fɔ:mɪŋ/	süchtig machend	a habit-forming drug or activity is one that you keep using or doing even though you know it is bad for you		<i>a habit-forming drug swimming is habit-forming – the more you do it the more you want to do it watching daytime TV can be habit-forming</i>	
harmful	Adjective	/'hɑ:(r)m(ə)l/	schädlich	something that is harmful can cause harm or damage to someone or something		<i>coffee can have several harmful effects on the body smokers expose themselves to a range of harmful chemicals too much rainwater can be harmful to buildings</i>	Verb: harm Noun: harm
ingredient	Noun	/'ɪn'grɪ:diənt/	die Zutat	the ingredients of a dish of food or a drink are all the different things that go into it		<i>I haven't got all the ingredients I need to make the cake mix the ingredients thoroughly a list of ingredients our chef uses fresh, local ingredients add the rest of the ingredients after 10 minutes</i>	
mood-changing	Adjective	/'mu:d-'tʃeɪndʒɪŋ/	stimmungsbeeinflussend	something that is mood-changing has the effect of making you feel different, for example feeling more awake and alert, feeling happier, feeling more depressed, etc.		<i>caffeine is the world's most popular mood-changing drug it was a mood-changing moment when they turned the lights down</i>	
neuroscientist	Noun	/'nju:ərəʊ'saɪəntɪst/	der/die Neurowissenschaftler/-in	neuroscience is the study of the way the brain and the nervous system works. Somebody who studies this subject or who is an expert in this subject is a neuroscientist		<i>a neuroscientist at Harvard Medical School 200 neuroscientists gathered for a conference in Munich neuroscientists still can't agree about the answer to this question</i>	Noun: neuroscience
relieve	Verb	/'ri:li:v/	lindern	if something relieves pain or an illness, it reduces the pain or illness or makes it go away altogether		<i>a good way to relieve stress this should help relieve the pain having a neck massage is one way to relieve headaches caffeine can relieve pain, apparently</i>	Noun: relief
shift work	Noun uncount	/'ʃɪft wɜ:k/	die Schichtarbeit	the period of time someone spends at work, for example in a factory, is a shift . If someone is on shift work , they work at different times of the day over a period of time, for example working during the night for a week, then working during the day for a week	do shift work be on shift work	<i>it's hard doing shift work, especially when you have young children I chose to do shift work because the pay is better he'd been on shift work for nearly a year shift work can cause problems with sleeping patterns</i>	

pp 64-65	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bill	Noun	/'bɪl/	die Rechnung	a bill is a list which shows you how much you have to pay for something that you have received	pay a bill	<i>could we have the bill please? I forgot to pay the electricity bill they sent me a bill for £300 our gas bills are now paperless (they come by email and are not sent to us through the post) the restaurant made a mistake with the bill</i>	
course	Noun	/'kɔ:(r)s/	der Gang	in a meal, the courses are the separate dishes that you eat, one after the other. You usually have a starter as the first course, then the main course, then a dessert	first course main course	<i>a three-course meal I won't have a first course, thank you the first two courses were lovely, but the dessert was horrible what are you having for your main course?</i>	
dessert	Noun	/'desɪz:(r)t/	der Nachtisch	a dessert is a dish of sweet food that you eat at the end of a meal		<i>I never eat desserts would you like to see the dessert menu? what's for dessert? all the desserts were delicious</i>	
fritter	Noun	/'frɪtə(r)/	in Teig ausgebackenes Stück Obst, Gemüse usw.	a fritter is a thin piece of food that is dipped in a mixture of flour and eggs and then fried		<i>have you ever tried plantain fritters? I'm going to make fritters tonight the fritters had got cold you can freeze the fritters then have them next week</i>	

inedible	Adjective	/ɪn'edəb(ə)/	ungenießbar	food that is inedible cannot be eaten, either because it does not taste nice or because it is rotten or poisonous		<i>they put bleach on the food to make it inedible the fruit looks pretty but it's actually inedible the grapes were small, hard, and inedible my last attempt at cooking was completely inedible</i>	Opposite – Adjective: <i>edible</i>
profit	Noun	/'prɒfɪt/	der Gewinn	profit is money that you get by selling something or doing business. Your profit is the difference between the amount it cost you to produce the thing you sold and the amount you received when you sold it	make a profit sell something at a profit profits rise/fall	<i>this will lead to less waste and more profit for you companies are always trying to increase their profits I sold my history textbooks on eBay at a huge profit the company made a profit of £10m last year profits rose for the third year in a row profits fell because the cost of paper went up</i>	
savoury	Adjective	/'seɪvəri/	pikant	something that is savoury tastes of salt or spice rather than tasting sweet		<i>a savoury snack I much prefer savoury food to sweet food plantain is a sort of savoury banana I like to finish a meal with something savoury</i>	
scrap	Verb	/skræp/	abschaffen, aussondern	if you scrap something such as a plan, project, or activity, you decide not to carry on with it		<i>my favourite TV show has been scrapped the university scrapped several of its language courses the project was scrapped at the last minute because of lack of money the government has decided to scrap its plans to introduce ID cards</i>	
sell-by date	Noun	/sel baɪ deɪt/	das Mindesthaltbarkeitsdatum	the sell-by date of food, flowers, etc., is the date after which they should not be sold because they will not be fresh any more		<i>most food is still fit to eat a few days after the sell-by date I always check the sell-by date before I buy a carton of milk these doughnuts are past their sell-by date</i>	
soak	Verb	/səʊk/	einweichen, wässern	if you soak something, or if you let it soak , you put it into water or another liquid and leave it there for a time, often as part of food preparation	soak something in something soak in something	<i>soak the beans overnight leave them to soak for a few hours soak them in cold water for two hours in another pot, soak the salted fish</i>	Noun: <i>soak</i>
starter	Noun	/'stɑ:(r)tə(r)/	die Vorspeise	a starter is a small dish that you eat at the beginning of a meal, before the main course	for starters	<i>would you like a starter, sir? the starters were very expensive I won't have a starter – I'll have a dessert later instead the price includes a starter, main dish, and dessert who's having a starter? I'm having soup for starters</i>	
tip	Noun	/tɪp/	das Trinkgeld	a tip is an extra amount of money that you give when you pay for a meal in a restaurant or for a service that you have had to thank the person who has dealt with you	leave a tip	<i>shall we leave a tip, or is the service included? we left a generous tip (a large amount of money) most hairdressers rely on tips because their pay is very low taxi drivers in Japan don't expect a tip</i>	Verb: <i>tip</i>
unsold	Adjective	/ʌn'səʊld/	nicht verkauft	things that are unsold were available for people to buy, but no one bought them	remain unsold	<i>the unsold food could be given to homeless people a pile of unsold copies of Jeffrey Archer's latest novel there were still over 1,000 unsold tickets on the morning of the concert the house remained unsold for another year</i>	
unwanted	Adjective	/ʌn'wɒntɪd/	unerwünscht	something that is unwanted is not wanted by someone		<i>unwanted food should not be thrown away but given to people in need we tried to sell some of our unwanted furniture he felt unwanted as he listened to his parents arguing</i>	
pp 66-67	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
annually	Adverb	/'ænjʊəli/	jährlich	something that happens annually happens once a year		<i>I used to go to the dentist every six months but now I just go annually the event was held annually until 2012 the mayor is elected annually St George's Day is celebrated annually on April 23rd</i>	Adjective: <i>annual</i>
breathe in	Phrasal verb	/bri:ð ɪn/	einatmen	if you breathe in , you take air into your lungs	breathe in deeply	<i>if you feel nervous, breathe in slowly, then breathe out again he sat up and breathed in deeply she breathed in slowly, concentrating hard</i>	Opposite – Phrasal verb: <i>breathe out</i>
crowd	Verb	/kraʊd/	sich drängen	if people crowd a place or crowd into it, large numbers of them go in there so that there is not much room for any more people		<i>thousands of fish sellers crowd the seafood market in Tokyo demonstrators crowded the streets around the Parliament building forty journalists crowded into the tiny courtroom</i>	Noun: <i>crowd</i> Adjective: <i>crowded</i>
cute	Adjective	/kju:t/	niedlich	something that is cute is small and attractive, in a slightly childish way		<i>what a cute little dog it's such a cute little teddy bear she's so cute</i>	
fool	Verb	/fu:l/	jdm. etw. vormachen	if something fools you, it tricks you into believing something that is not true	fool someone into doing something	<i>we're not trying to fool you – we really did win the lottery! you might be able to fool your father, but you can't fool me I had to fool people into thinking they were hearing a full orchestra he wasn't fooled a second time</i>	
licence	Noun	/'laɪs(ə)ns/	die Zulassung/Fahrerlaubnis/Lizenz	a licence is an official document that gives you permission to do something		<i>fugu chefs need a licence to prepare and sell puffer fish do you need a licence to ride a motorbike? you must have a full driving licence to hire a car he was found guilty of dangerous driving and lost his licence for two years (he wasn't allowed to drive as a punishment)</i>	
major	Adjective	/'meɪdʒə(r)/	bedeutend	major means important, significant, and serious		<i>sugar is a major cause of ill health her death had a major effect on my life three major sporting events will take place in the city next year global warming is the major issue that will be discussed at the conference there were demonstrations in all major cities across the country</i>	
poison	Noun uncount	/'pɔɪz(ə)n/	das Gift	poison is a substance that can make you ill or kill you if you eat, drink, or breathe it		<i>some snakes have poison in their teeth rat poison (for killing rats) the poison had already entered his bloodstream</i>	Adjective: <i>poisonous</i> Verb: <i>poison</i>

regulation	Noun	/ˌrɛɡjəˈleɪʃ(ə)n/	die Vorschrift	regulations are the rules that apply to a particular process or activity		<i>check the regulations before you enter the competition the regulations say you have to be over 16 to take part in the race the regulations covered 12 pages when I printed them off! new safety regulations were introduced after the accident</i>	
sick	Adjective	/sɪk/	krank	if you are sick , you are not well and become ill	get sick be off sick sick leave	<i>I was too sick to go to school what happens if I get sick while I'm in America? Jack's off sick again today (not at work or school because of being ill) he had to take a week's sick leave (a week of not going to work because of illness)</i>	Noun: sickness

Unit 6 p 69	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
background	Noun	/ˈbækɡraʊnd/	der Hintergrund	the background is everything that is behind the main thing or person that you are looking at, for example in a photograph or painting	in the background	<i>you could see it in the background what's going on in the background? look, that's Rick in the background the light wasn't very good and the background has come out too dark</i>	Opposite – Noun: foreground
eyelash	Noun	/ˈaɪ.læʃ/	die Wimper	your eyelashes are the hairs that grow from your eyelids above and below your eyes		<i>he had unusually long eyelashes for a man she had the longest eyelashes I'd ever seen her eyebrows and eyelashes were black</i>	
genuine	Adjective	/ˈdʒɛnjuɪn/	echt, original	something that is genuine is not a copy and has not been changed but is really what it seems to be		<i>this jacket is genuine leather a genuine fur coat it's a genuine Picasso (it really was painted by Picasso) the photo is genuine, it hasn't been photoshopped</i>	Adverb: genuinely
parasailing	Noun uncount	/ˈpærəˌseɪlɪŋ/	das Parasailing	parasailing is an activity in which someone is pulled through the water by a motor boat while wearing a sort of parachute so that they rise into the air		<i>he had a serious parasailing accident the weather was perfect for some parasailing parasailing is a popular activity at our local beach I tried jet-skiing, parasailing, and water-skiing on holiday last year</i>	

pp 70-71	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
drawing pin	Noun	/ˈdrɔːɪŋ pɪn/	die Reißzwecke	a drawing pin is a short, pointed piece of metal with a wide cap that you use to attach pieces of paper to a noticeboard		<i>I trod on a drawing pin a box of drawing pins I only had two drawing pins but had three notices I needed to put up</i>	
drip	Verb	/drɪp/	tropfen	if a liquid drips , it falls downwards from somewhere continuously in small drops		<i>make sure the wax doesn't drip on the floor the tap was dripping (water was coming out in small drops) milk was dripping off his chin the sound of dripping water</i>	Noun: drip
open	Adjective	/ˈəʊpən/	offen	if your mind is open , you have not made any firm decision about something yet and are ready to consider all sorts of different possibilities	keep an open mind	<i>your brain needs to be relaxed and open when you approach this problem he said he'd keep an open mind, so I'm hoping he'll agree once he's heard what we have to say I came into the meeting with an open mind</i>	
wax	Noun uncount	/wæks/	das Wachs	wax is a solid substance that becomes soft and liquid when it gets very hot and is used to make candles	candle wax	<i>some candle wax dripped onto the table wax turns to liquid as it melts hot wax ran onto the top of the table</i>	
workplace	Noun	/ˈwɜː(r)kˌpleɪs/	die Arbeitsstätte, der Arbeitsplatz	your workplace is the factory, office, studio, shop, etc., where you are when you are at work		<i>better training could help prevent more accidents in the workplace posters were put on display in public areas such as schools, workplaces and bus stations the number of workplace injuries went up again last year police came to his workplace to ask him about the shooting</i>	

pp 72-73	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
clear	Adjective	/klaɪə(r)/	deutlich, erkennbar	something that is clear can be seen, heard, or understood easily		<i>the lines didn't become clear until it was possible to see them from the air the outline of the mountains became clear once the rain stopped the clear, musical sound of the church bells</i>	Adverb: clearly
diagram	Noun	/ˈdaɪəɡræm/	die Zeichnung/graphische Darstellung	a diagram is a simple drawing that shows how something such as a machine works, or what something looks like		<i>this diagram shows how the frame fits together it's difficult to explain in words, but this diagram might help a wiring diagram (showing how electrical wires should be connected) each point in the diagram represents an exact position in space</i>	
drawing	Noun	/ˈdrɔːɪŋ/	die Zeichnung, das Bild	if you draw something, you use a pen or pencil to make a picture of it. The picture that you make is called a drawing , and the activity of doing this is also called drawing	a drawing of something or someone	<i>what a lovely drawing a drawing of the Eiffel Tower a book of pencil drawings we saw his drawings in an exhibition in Paris</i>	Verb: draw Noun: drawing
figure	Noun	/ˈfɪɡə(r)/	die Figur	a figure is something that is in the shape of a human, especially in a picture, drawing, or photograph		<i>I could see a figure standing by the gate an abstract sculpture based on human figures the two figures in the painting represent love and loyalty I can't draw figures very well, so I prefer doing landscapes</i>	
ground	Noun singular	/ɡraʊnd/	der Boden	the ground is the surface of the earth, or the surface that is under your feet when you are outside		<i>it was difficult to put the tent up because the ground was so hard I slipped and fell to the ground he dug a hole in the ground and buried the dog in it the ground was very rough and I was glad I was wearing boots</i>	
line	Noun	/laɪn/	die Linie	a line is a long and straight mark on a piece of paper or other surface	a straight line	<i>can you draw a straight line without using a ruler? draw a line from one side of the page to another the diagram was made up of lines and circles a dotted line (a line drawn with dots, with a small space between them)</i>	Adjective: lined
pattern	Noun	/ˈpætə(r)n/	das Muster/Schema	a pattern is a series of shapes and lines that are repeated regularly on a surface		<i>he always wears shirts with a colourful pattern the teacher got us to draw some complicated patterns I love the pattern on your curtains the vase was decorated with geometric patterns (with regular shapes like squares and triangles)</i>	Adjective: patterned

plug in	Phrasal verb	/plʌg ɪn/	einstecken	if you plug something in , you connect it to a supply of electricity or to another piece of equipment		<i>can I plug my phone in here? you just plug it into a power socket and it should work straight away is it plugged in? you can plug your phone into the computer and it will charge up I thought it wasn't working, but I'd simply forgotten to plug it in</i>	Noun: <i>plug</i> Opposite – Verb: <i>unplug</i>
shape	Noun	/ʃeɪp/	die Form/Gestalt	the shape of someone or something is their outer edge, and whether they are round, square, etc.		<i>can you see that cloud – it's in the shape of a horse the lake was roughly square in shape the shape of the dome is like an onion we make clothes for people of all shapes and sizes create the body by drawing a rounded shape</i>	
stuck	Adjective	/stʌk/	feststecken	if you are stuck somewhere, you cannot get away even though you want to		<i>they're probably stuck in traffic people got stuck in their cars overnight we were stuck inside thanks to the rain I'm going to be stuck in London all summer the van got stuck in the mud (was unable to move) we were stuck in a lift for 30 minutes</i>	

pp 74-75	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
attempt	Verb	/ə'tempt/	versuchen	if you attempt to do something, especially something difficult, you try very hard to do it	attempt to do something	<i>he attempted to cross the Atlantic in a canoe two prisoners were shot when they attempted an escape anyone attempting to solve the problem soon found how difficult it was he unsuccessfully attempted to become an MP</i>	Noun: <i>attempt</i>
book	Noun	/bʊk/	das Buch	a book is a lot of pieces of paper with writing printed on them that are held together in a cover so that you can read them, one page after another		<i>several books have been written about it I always take a book to read on a long train journey the house was full of books she hadn't read a book since leaving school</i>	
capture	Verb	/'kæptʃə(r)/	ergreifen	to capture someone means to catch them and make them a prisoner		<i>the captured two enemy soldiers during the night nine of the terrorists were captured the captured pilot was eventually returned to his own country the prisoner injured a security guard before being captured by police</i>	Noun: <i>capture</i>
contact	Noun uncount	/'kɒntækt/	der Kontakt	if you are in contact with someone, you are able to communicate easily with them, or you already communicate regularly	be in contact keep in contact lose contact (with someone or something)	<i>contact was lost after three hours we kept in contact after we left university there's been no contact with the ship for 12 hours are you still in contact with your cousin in Bahrain?</i>	Verb: <i>contact</i>
distinguish	Verb	/dɪ'stɪŋɡwɪʃ/	unterscheiden	if you distinguish between two things or people, you successfully identify each of them by seeing the differences between them	distinguish between things/people distinguish one person/thing from another	<i>they need a big sample of DNA to distinguish between Earhart's DNA and anybody else's he has difficulty distinguishing between blue and green as children, we have to learn to distinguish good from bad looking at the shape helps you to distinguish individual words</i>	Noun: <i>distinction</i>
finance	Verb	/'faɪnæns/	finanzieren	to finance an activity or event is to provide the money that is needed to organise it		<i>his family is financing part of the project the new museum was financed by several local businesses nobody wanted to finance the new bridge, so the project was scrapped over the years, we have financed four expeditions to Mount Everest</i>	Noun: <i>finance</i>
fly	Verb	/flaɪ/	fliegen	if you fly somewhere, you go there in a plane		<i>we flew to Helsinki I'd rather go by train than fly you can fly direct from London to Seattle (without stopping on the way) we flew economy to Berlin (we had the cheapest possible tickets) I've only once flown business class (in more comfortable and more expensive seats) British Airways flies to over 300 different airports in the world</i>	Noun: <i>flight</i>
genetic profile	Noun	/dʒɪ'netɪk 'prəʊfaɪl/	das genetische Profil	someone's genetic profile is a description of their genes, which can help doctors decide how to treat them if they have certain illnesses		<i>our patients are treated differently depending on their genetic profile A DNA match means that a set of human remains have been identified by matching the genetic profile of the remains to those of family relatives</i>	
identical	Adjective	/aɪ'dentɪk(ə)l/	identisch	if things are identical , they are exactly the same as each other		<i>a row of identical houses they were wearing almost identical suits the boats were ten feet long and nearly identical identical twins (two children born at the same time to the same mother who look exactly the same as each other)</i>	Adverb: <i>identically</i>
land	Verb	/lænd/	landen	when a pilot lands a plane, or when the plane lands , it comes down to the ground after a journey through the air		<i>our plane landed on time we're due to land at 6:30 we didn't get off the plane for nearly an hour after we landed she planned to land on a tiny Pacific island</i>	Noun: <i>landing</i>
navigator	Noun	/'nævɪ'geɪtə(r)/	der/die Navigator/-in	a navigator is someone who works out a route on a long or difficult journey and keeps track of where a ship, plane, car, etc., is and the direction it is going in		<i>no one knows what happened to Earhart and her navigator good knowledge of maths is useful for a ship's navigator the captain was an excellent navigator a Spanish explorer and navigator</i>	Verb: <i>navigate</i> Noun: <i>navigation</i>
plan	Verb	/plæn/	planen	if you plan to do something, you decide that you are going to do it and work out how you will do it		<i>we're planning to move to Edinburgh when are you planning to retire? they're planning a new railway line between here and Doncaster we haven't planned our holiday yet for this summer</i>	Noun: <i>plan</i>
record	Noun	/'rekɔː(r)d/	die Aufzeichnung	a record of an event is all the information about it that is kept so that people can look at it later	keep records	<i>the records show that the house was originally built in 1908 no record remains of the trial in 1644 if you don't keep records properly it will cause problems later I'll check my records to see when the accident happened</i>	Verb: <i>record</i>
remains	Noun plural	/'rɪ'meɪnz/	die Überreste	the remains of someone or something are all that is left of them after they have died or been destroyed	human/animal remains the remains of someone/something	<i>archaeologists uncovered the remains of three 12th century monks traces of human remains in the cellar the charred remains of the house (what was left after a fire)</i>	

sample	Noun	/ˈsɑːmp(ə)l/	die Probe	a sample is a small amount of a substance that is used for scientific analysis	a sample of something collect/obtain a sample	<i>scientists plan to take samples of her DNA from letters she wrote researchers are collecting samples of earth from the contaminated area blood/urine samples</i>	Verb: <i>sample</i>
solo	Adverb	/ˈsəʊləʊ/	solo, allein	if you do something solo , you do it on your own without anyone else being with you to help		<i>the first woman to fly solo around the world the song can be performed solo or with a choir</i>	Adjective: <i>solo</i> Noun: <i>solo</i>
test	Verb	/test/	testen	if you test something, you do what is necessary in order to make a decision about whether it is good, true, acceptable, etc.	test something on something	<i>they want to test the suggestion that Earhart's body has been found lots of cosmetics are tested on animals before they go on sale I tested my new car on the motorway</i>	Noun: <i>test</i>
turtle	Noun	/ˈtɜː(r)t(ə)l/	die Wasserschildkröte	a turtle is an animal with very short legs and a hard outer shell, that lives in or near water		<i>the bone probably belonged to a turtle these turtles are often seen in large groups the turtles are friendly and very old every turtle makes a nest of around 150 eggs</i>	
pp 76-77	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
accidentally	Adverb	/ˌæksɪˈdent(ə)li/	versehentlich	if you do something accidentally , you do not do it on purpose and do not want it to happen. If something happens accidentally , it happens even though no one wanted it to		<i>someone accidentally cut through an underground cable I accidentally knocked the glass off the table he accidentally swallowed his chewing gum she accidentally dropped the books on her way out of the library</i>	Adjective: <i>accidental</i> Noun: <i>accident</i>
apparently	Adverb	/əˈpærəntli/	offensichtlich, augenscheinlich	you use apparently to introduce some information that might be surprising but that is actually true, or that you have only just learned about		<i>apparently, the cable was left exposed after heavy rain I'd always assumed he was American, but apparently he's Canadian the thief apparently escaped through a window at the back of the shop the fight was apparently caused by a disagreement about politics</i>	Adjective: <i>apparent</i>
arrest	Verb	/əˈrest/	festnehmen	when the police arrest someone, they take them away as a prisoner because they think the person has committed a crime	arrest someone for something	<i>the woman was arrested for damaging property police arrested him last night at the house where the body was found a man was arrested after stealing 10 kilos of bananas Hamilton was arrested for dangerous driving</i>	
atmosphere	Noun singular	/ˈætməˌsfiə(r)/	die Luft-/Gashölle	the atmosphere is the air and all the other gases around the earth		<i>the atmosphere allows some sunlight to pass through global warming is caused by too much carbon in the atmosphere the spaceship re-entered the atmosphere at 11:53 this morning</i>	Adjective: <i>atmospheric</i>
cable	Noun	/ˈkeɪb(ə)l/	das Kabel	a cable is a thick wire that carries electricity or digital information		<i>she tripped over a loose cable an electric cable an underground cable the signals are transmitted on three separate cables</i>	
coincidentally	Adverb	/kəʊˌɪnsɪˈdent(ə)li/	zufällig	a coincidence is when two related things happen at the same time by chance. When this happens, it is coincidental , or the things happen coincidentally		<i>coincidentally, internet services failed in other regions last week his first name, coincidentally, was also Ryan they both arrived on the same train coincidentally</i>	Noun: <i>coincidence</i> Adjective: <i>coincidental</i>
deliberately	Adverb	/dɪˈlɪb(ə)rətli/	absichtlich	if someone does something deliberately , they do it because they mean to do it and not by accident		<i>hackers deliberately tried to shut down the bank's system he was being deliberately unhelpful he was playing his music deliberately loud she deliberately chose not to come to the party I think he's deliberately avoiding me</i>	Adjective: <i>deliberate</i>
exposed	Adjective	/ɪkˈspəʊzd/	freiliegend, offenliegend	if something is exposed , it has no cover or any other protection and risks being damaged		<i>landslides left the cable exposed we spent the night on the side of the mountain, exposed, and with no tent or other shelter it's dangerous to leave exposed electrical wires in the house the cottage was in a very exposed position at the edge of the sea</i>	Verb: <i>expose</i>
forged	Adjective	/fɔː(r)dʒd/	gefälscht	something that is forged has been made unofficially or illegally and is not what it seems to be		<i>a forged £10 note these blue notes are no good – they're forged experts identified three forged paintings two prisoners escaped using forged documents</i>	Verb: <i>forge</i> Noun: <i>forgery</i> Noun: <i>forger</i>
fortune	Noun	/ˈfɔː(r)tʃən/	das Vermögen	a fortune is a large amount of money	cost/spend/pay a fortune earn/make a fortune be worth a fortune	<i>she must be earning a fortune in her new job he made a fortune on the stock exchange they spent an absolute fortune on their holidays the house must be worth a small fortune now (a surprisingly large amount of money) your salary is a fortune compared to mine</i>	
gradually	Adverb	/ˈɡrædʒuəli/	stufenweise	if something happens gradually , it happens over a period of time and not all at once		<i>I've been here a week now and I'm gradually getting used to it things gradually settled into a routine the attacks gradually became more frequent and more violent the company gradually lost all its customers</i>	Adjective: <i>gradual</i>
immediately	Adverb	/ɪˈmiːdiətli/	sofort	if someone does something immediately , they do it quickly and with no delay		<i>engineers immediately went to the site of the problem come here immediately! the restaurant was immediately closed after rats were found in the kitchen the police immediately began a search of the area</i>	Adjective: <i>immediate</i>
landslide	Noun	/ˈlænd(ɪ)ˌslaɪd/	der Erdrutsch	a landslide is an occasion when a large quantity of loose soil, rocks, etc. comes uncontrollably down a hill, often causing a lot of damage		<i>several houses were destroyed by the landslide they managed to get away just moments before the landslide struck the village a landslide in 2001 killed 71 people the landslide was caused by heavy rain during the night</i>	

meteorite	Noun	/ˈmi:tɪəraɪt/	der Meteorit	a meteorite is a piece of rock or metal from space that has landed on Earth	<i>a number of small meteorites were found nearby the largest meteorite was about 1 kilogram in 1868, over 100,000 meteorite fragments fell in Poland a meteorite shower (when a meteorite breaks into hundreds of small pieces as it comes through the atmosphere)</i>	
spade	Noun	/speɪd/	der Spaten	a spade is a tool with a long handle and a fairly wide blade that you use for digging in the ground	<i>she accidentally cut through the cable with a spade when I worked as a gardener I had to provide my own spade and other tools he broke the spade when he tried to dig out the tree roots I bought a new spade last week for £20</i>	
temporarily	Adverb	/ˈtɛmpərəri/	vorübergehend	something that happens or exists temporarily is only meant to last for a short time	<i>several roads were temporarily closed during the storms I'm temporarily living with my sister until my new flat is ready</i>	Adjective: <i>temporary</i> Opposites – Adverb: <i>permanently</i> Adjective: <i>permanent</i>
unfortunately	Adverb	/ʌnˈfɔː(r)tʃ(ə)nətli/	leider	if something is unfortunate , it is rather sad and unlucky. You say unfortunately when you are describing something unfortunate that has happened	<i>unfortunately, I got there too late and missed my plane My uncle, unfortunately, had to stay behind our cat was unfortunately bitten by a dog</i>	Adjective: <i>unfortunate</i> Opposites – Adverb: <i>fortunately</i> Adjective: <i>fortunate</i>

pp 78-79	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
buoy	Noun	/bɔɪ/	die Boje	a buoy is an object floating on a river or in the sea to warn people of possible danger, such as rocks, shallow water, etc., or to show areas which are safe		<i>there was a green buoy 200 yards ahead you must keep to the right of the buoy a line of buoys warned of danger</i>	
coast	Verb	/kəʊst/	ausrollen, trudeln	if you coast somewhere in a car or boat, you go there without using any power from the engine or motor		<i>we coasted down the hills to try and save petrol he turned the motor off and coasted towards the buoy</i>	
eyewitness	Noun	/ˈaɪ,wɪtnəs/	der Augenzeuge, die Augenzeugin	an eyewitness is someone who sees something happen, especially something serious like a car crash or a crime, and who is able to give the police information about what they have seen		<i>one eyewitness said the gunman laughed as he walked away an eyewitness account (a description of an incident given by someone who was there) according to eyewitnesses, the motorbike came round the corner too fast Morton was the only eyewitness to the murder</i>	
head off	Phrasal verb	/hed ɒf/	sich aufmachen	if you head off somewhere, you start to go in that direction		<i>I headed off towards the buoy it's time for me to head off for home we headed off along the river bank she said goodbye and headed off down the street</i>	
hump	Noun	/hʌmp/	der Buckel, der Höcker	a hump is a small raised area of land or of something solid		<i>some camels have two humps he saw a hump in the water about 20 metres away there were several humps in the grass out in the back garden</i>	
motor	Noun	/ˈmɔʊtə(r)/	der Motor	a motor is an engine that provides power to a car, boat, piece of machinery, etc.		<i>I turned the motor off and let the boat drift I had to shout to be heard over the noise of the motor an electric motor I couldn't get the motor started</i>	
roughly	Adverb	/ˈrʌfli/	ungefähr	you use roughly to say that a number, quantity, amount etc. is not exact		<i>I judged roughly where it disappeared there were roughly 100 people at the concert roughly 1.6 million tourists come to the country every year the film was roughly an hour and a half elections are held roughly every four years</i>	Adjective: <i>rough</i>
spotter	Noun	/ˈspɒtə(r)/	der/die Spotter/-in	a spotter is someone who is interested in a particular kind of thing and spends some of their free time trying to see them		<i>a train spotter three plane spotters were arrested at an airport in Greece</i>	
submerge	Verb	/səbˈmɜː(r)dʒ/	untertauchen	if something submerges or if you submerge it, it goes completely under the surface of some water		<i>it's surprising how quickly submarines can submerge the village was completely submerged by the flood there's a risk that the sea will submerge whole islands they submerged their bodies in the water for 30 seconds he submerged his victim's head in the water until he drowned</i>	
yard	Noun	/jɑː(r)d/	das Yard (Flächenmaß)	a yard is a measurement of length equal to 0.91 metres		<i>a cricket pitch is 22 yards long there are 1,760 yards in a mile his house is about 100 yards down the road the garden is 20 yards wide</i>	

Unit 7 p 81	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
cramped	Adjective	/kræmpt/	überfüllt	somewhere that is cramped does not have enough space for all the people that are there or for all the activity that takes place there		<i>it's very cramped and noisy in our house the office was small and we worked in very cramped conditions the cabin was very cramped with five of us inside it the garden is very big, but it's very cramped inside the house</i>	
flatmate	Noun	/ˈflætmeɪt/	der/die Mitbewohner/-in	your flatmate is someone who shares the flat that you live in		<i>my flatmates usually go away at the weekend she lived there for two years with the same three flatmates I'm lucky, my flatmate is a brilliant cook the flatmates took it in turns to do the cleaning</i>	
habitat	Noun	/ˈhæbɪtæt/	der Lebensraum	the habitat of living things such as animals or plants is the sort of place where they natural habitat exist in nature, rather than a place that has been made or changed a lot by people		<i>we need to do more to protect their natural habitat these natural habitats are being destroyed by pollution it lives in forest habitats this is not the preferred habitat for foxes</i>	

privacy	Noun uncount	/ˈprɪvəsi/	der Datenschutz	privacy is a state in which no one can see you or know what you are doing	in the privacy of somewhere	<i>many people will fight to protect their privacy the high fence around the garden ensured a degree of privacy some like having neighbours nearby, while others like the idea of complete privacy I can say what I want in the privacy of my own home</i>	Adjective: <i>private</i>
shared	Adjective	/ʃeəd/	gemeinsam genutzt	something that is shared belongs to or is used by several people		<i>I live in a shared house in Walthamstow a small flat with a shared bathroom my cousins and I have a shared set of grandparents</i>	Verb: <i>share</i>
shelter	Noun	/ˈʃeltə(r)/	der Unterstand/Schutz	a shelter is somewhere that gives you protection, for example from rain, cold, danger, etc.	take shelter	<i>a bus shelter (where people keep dry when they are waiting for a bus) they took shelter under the entrance to a supermarket the lizard was looking for shelter under a rock the sun was very strong and there was no shelter in the middle of the field</i>	Verb: <i>shelter</i> Adjective: <i>sheltered</i>
pp 82-83	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
atmosphere	Noun singular	/ˈætməʃ, fɪə(r)/	die Atmosphäre/Stimmung	the atmosphere of a place is the feeling you get when you are there		<i>the restaurant has a really good atmosphere the hotel has a lovely friendly atmosphere I didn't like the atmosphere at the party so I left early the atmosphere was tense (people were worried and not very friendly) at the start of the meeting</i>	
bear	Noun	/beə(r)/	der Bär	a bear is a large, sometimes fierce, animal with thick fur		<i>polar bears have white fur, but most other bears have brown fur we thought we saw a bear on the other side of the lake if you see a bear, don't make any sudden movements</i>	
beaver	Noun	/ˈbi:və(r)/	der Biber	a beaver is an animal with short legs, thick fur, and a wide flat tail. Beavers build dams (walls) across rivers and streams		<i>I've only ever seen a beaver in a zoo there are lots of beavers in this part of Canada a hat made from beaver fur</i>	
block	Noun	/blɒk/	der Häuserblock	a block is a group of buildings in a town or city with streets on all sides		<i>we took a walk around the block walk five blocks, then turn left I live just three blocks away from my office</i>	
built-up	Adjective	/bɪlt ʌp/	bebaut	a built-up area is one where there are a lot of buildings and streets and not very much open space		<i>Beijing is one of the most built-up areas in the world the total built-up area is 54000 square metres the neighbourhood became much more built-up after the war</i>	
financial	Adjective	/faɪˈnæŋʃ(ə)l/	finanziell, Finanz-	financial things and activities are related to money and the control of money		<i>an important business and financial district (where there are a lot of banks) Switzerland is a financial centre with a lot of banks I have some financial problems a financial advisor the financial crisis of 2008</i>	Adverb: <i>financially</i> Noun: <i>finance</i>
grassland	Noun	/ˈgrɑ:s,lænd/	die Grasfläche	grassland is an area of land which is always covered in grass		<i>to the south was open grassland the river ran through grassland for several miles the village was surrounded by forest and grasslands grasslands once covered a quarter of the earth</i>	
marsh	Noun	/mɑ:(r)ʃ/	die Marsch, der Sumpf	a marsh is an area of land that is very wet all year round		<i>you can't walk far through the marsh there's a lot of interesting wildlife (animals, insects, etc.) on the marshes my boots were muddy from walking by the marsh</i>	
neighbourhood	Noun	/ˈneɪbə(r), hʊd/	die Nachbarschaft/Wohngegend	your neighbourhood is the area of the town or city around where you live		<i>we live in a nice neighbourhood it's a dangerous neighbourhood after dark it's a very quiet neighbourhood everyone in the neighbourhood knows my dad</i>	
potential	Noun uncount	/pəˈtenʃ(ə)l/	das Potenzial	if a place or person has potential , there is a big possibility that they can develop and become different or better in the future	reach/realize your (full/true) potential	<i>the house has got real potential the area has enormous potential he's only a young player, but he has potential she hasn't reached her full potential yet</i>	Adjective: <i>potential</i> Adverb: <i>potentially</i>
resident	Noun	/ˈrezɪd(ə)nt/	der/die Anwohner/-in	the residents of a place are the people who live there	a local resident	<i>local residents were told to stay inside the city centre has few residents left residents were too scared to talk to the police he's been a permanent resident here since 2004</i>	Adjective: <i>residential</i>
skin	Noun	/skɪn/	das Fell	the skin of an animal is its outer covering, especially when this is cut away and used for material to make clothes, belts, hats, etc.		<i>it's cruel to use beaver skin for clothing an illegal trade in animal skins the carpet looked like a tiger skin</i>	
skyscraper	Noun	/ˈskaɪ,skreɪpə/	der Wolkenkratzer	a skyscraper is a very tall building in a city		<i>the views from the skyscrapers are spectacular Paris does not have many skyscrapers if you want to see skyscrapers, go to New York the Burj Khalifa in Dubai is the tallest skyscraper in the world</i>	
spot	Noun	/spɒt/	die Stelle	a spot is a particular place		<i>choose a spot in the shade this would be a good spot for a picnic the farmhouse occupied a lovely spot on the side of the valley a beauty spot (a place in the countryside which is considered to be very beautiful)</i>	
turkey	Noun	/ˈtɜ:(r)ki/	der Truthahn	a turkey is a large bird that looks like a very big chicken. In Britain, turkeys are traditionally eaten on Christmas day, and in the US they are traditionally eaten at Thanksgiving		<i>a turkey farm one turkey will feed at least eight people</i>	
pp 84-85	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
brick	Noun	/brɪk/	der Backstein	bricks are solid blocks that are laid on the ground, then put together one on top of another in order to make the outside walls of a building	lay bricks	<i>a brick building he had a job laying bricks (putting them in place) the houses were built of red bricks a pile of bricks a brick wall</i>	

cloth	Noun	/kloʊθ/	der Stoff	cloth is material that is used for making clothes, curtains, tents, etc.		<i>the cloth for the curtains cost £30 a metre the factory makes different sorts of cloth the windows are covered with cloth in hot weather to keep the heat out</i>	
design	Noun	/dɪˈzaɪn/	das Design, die Gestaltung	the design of something is the way it has been put together and the way that it looks		<i>the design of the phone is very simple the design stage took over a year your shirt is a really nice design what do you think of the design of her new car?</i>	Verb: <i>design</i> Noun: <i>designer</i>
flood	Noun	/flʌd/	die Überschwemmung	a flood is an occasion when large amounts of water pour into an area, for example after there has been a lot of very heavy rain or if a water pipe bursts		<i>there've been a lot of floods with all this rain the village was cut off by floods the flood water rose rapidly overnight the need for better flood defences the area has regular floods</i>	Verb: <i>flood</i> Noun: <i>flooding</i>
ger	Noun	/geə(ɹ)/	die Jurte	a ger is a kind of tent used by people in Central and East Asia who do not stay in one place for long but regularly move to a new place and put up their gers every time they move		<i>a ger is a traditional Mongolian dwelling it was surprisingly cool inside the ger</i>	
rock	Noun uncount	/rɒk/	der Stein	rock is a very hard, solid substance that occurs naturally, and that forms most of the surface of the Earth		<i>their houses were carved into the rock the mountain was one huge lump of rock the ground was bare rock, so no plants could grow on it</i>	
stilt	Noun	/stɪlt/	die Stelze, der Pfahl	stilts are long, strong supports that are used to support a building and keep it above the ground, for example in an area where there is a lot of flooding		<i>they architect suggested using concrete stilts we passed a number of houses on stilts as we sailed down the river the block of flats was on stilts with a car park underneath</i>	
untidy	Adjective	/ʌnˈtaɪdi/	unordentlich	if a place is untidy , the things in it are not in their right place and it is not very neat. If a person is untidy , they are not good at keeping their things neat and well organized		<i>the garden gets untidy very quickly in warm weather just look how untidy the kitchen is I hate sharing a bedroom with my sister – she's so untidy an untidy pile of papers on his desk</i>	Adverb: <i>untidily</i> Opposites – Adjective: <i>tidy</i> Adverb: <i>tidily</i>

pp 86-87	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
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artist	Noun	/ˈɑː(r)tɪst/	der/die Künstler/-in	an artist is someone who draws or paints pictures or who makes sculptures. If someone is good at this, you can say they are artistic		<i>Picasso was a famous artist of the 20th century she had always wanted to be an artist the cafe was popular with artists, writers and other creative people Leo is a very gifted artist (he has a lot of skill)</i>	Adjective: <i>artistic</i>
bench	Noun	/bentʃ/	die Sitzbank	a bench is a long chair for more than one person to sit on, often outside		<i>the central square had fountains and stone benches we sat on a long bench to have lunch the school had to buy another six wooden benches</i>	
benefit	Noun	/ˈbenɪft/	der Nutzen/Vorteil	a benefit is something that is good or useful that you get from something		<i>one of the benefits of working from home is that you don't waste time travelling twice a day the health benefits of swimming the new arrangement will be of benefit to everyone in the community this change brought no benefit to most of the students</i>	Verb: <i>benefit</i> Adjective: <i>beneficial</i>
centre	Noun	/ˈsentə(r)/	das Zentrum, die Mitte	the centre of something is the middle of it		<i>the city centre is very quiet on Sundays here in the centre of the forest we found peace and quiet we live in the centre of England, a long way from the sea how can you calculate the distance from the centre of a circle to the edge?</i>	Adjective: <i>central</i>
clap	Verb	/klæp/	klatschen	if you clap , you hit your hands together to make a noise, for example to show that you have enjoyed a performance, or to join in when you are listening to music		<i>they clapped in time to the music the audience clapped and cheered when McCartney appeared on the stage please don't clap until the end of the symphony</i>	
coast	Noun	/kəʊst/	die Küste	the coast is the region of land alongside the sea		<i>we moved down to the coast after I retired the weather along the coast is always a bit warmer the coast road always has a lot of traffic the east coast of Scotland</i>	Adjective: <i>coastal</i>
development	Noun	/dɪˈveləpmənt/	die Bauplanung, das Bauprojekt	a development is a set of new buildings, or changes made to an area of land so that it can start being used for a different purpose		<i>a mining development the new development on the edge of the town created a lot of jobs a campaign against the new tourist development a housing development is now being planned along the canal the industrial development was financed by foreign investment today, residential developments are replacing farms</i>	Verb: <i>develop</i> Noun: <i>developer</i>
dreamy	Adjective	/ˈdriːmi/	verträumt	something that is dreamy is quietly pleasant and peaceful and does not seem real		<i>the dreamy atmosphere of Adjuntas we spent a dreamy afternoon by the river the film had a dreamy quality</i>	
economy	Noun singular	/ɪˈkɒnəmi/	die Wirtschaft	a country's economy is all the commercial and business activity that goes on. When business is successful, the economy is strong. When businesses are failing, the economy is weak		<i>how has the economy changed in your country? the economy is recovering after the crisis of 2008 the government is introducing new policies to strengthen the economy the global economy is still very weak</i>	Adjective: <i>economic</i> Noun: <i>economics</i>
energy	Noun uncount	/ˈenə(r)dʒi/	die Energie	if you have energy , you feel strong and able to do things without getting tired		<i>doing more work needs more energy children have got so much energy! he's full of energy I haven't got the energy to do any more</i>	Adjective: <i>energetic</i> Adverb: <i>energetically</i>
fact	Noun	/fækt/	die Tatsache	a fact is a piece of information which is true		<i>some of these facts were really interesting the article was full of facts about Walt Disney the fact is that he's been in prison for the last year I had to learn 10 facts about the Second World War for homework</i>	Adjective: <i>factual</i>

history	Noun uncount	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	die Geschichte	history is all the things that have happened in the past, especially the important things that have had an influence on the way the world has developed	ancient history	<i>if we don't study history we won't be able to understand the present she knew a lot about the history of the island at school, I thought history was boring the same mistakes have been made many times throughout history the history of the Roman Empire she teaches ancient history (the history of the world 2,000 or more years ago)</i>	Adjective: <i>historic</i>
improvise	Verb	/ɪmˈprɒvəɪz/	improvisieren	if you improvise , or improvise something, you do something without having planned it in advance and have to make it up as you go along		<i>I forgot my lines (the words an actor has to say) and had to improvise if you haven't got anything to write with, you'll just have to improvise I don't know how to make a beef stew so I'll just improvise she began to improvise a song about her garden</i>	Adjective: <i>improvised</i> Noun: <i>improvisation</i>
nation	Noun	/ˈneɪʃ(ə)n/	der Staat	a nation is a country with its own government and laws		<i>women play an important part in building the nation one of the world's poorest nations an industrial nation our nation is over a thousand years old</i>	Adjective: <i>national</i>
nature	Noun uncount	/ˈneɪtʃ(ə)r/	die Natur	nature is all the plants, animals, mountains, rivers, etc., that are not made by people but exist independently. Things that exist in nature and that are not made by people are natural		<i>we can learn a lot from nature she teaches nature studies at a local primary school I've been interested in nature since I was little (very young)</i>	Adjective: <i>natural</i> Adverb: <i>naturally</i>
nod	Verb	/nɒd/	nicken	if you nod , or nod your head, you move your head up and down, either to show that you agree with what someone has just said or because you are enjoying something you are listening to		<i>Jack nodded when I asked him if he wanted another cup of tea they were all nodding their heads in time to the music</i>	
origin	Noun	/ˈɒrɪdʒɪn/	der Ursprung, die Herkunft	the origin of something is the way it started or where it came from		<i>the origins of the city go back to the fourteenth century the word is of unknown origin a name whose origin is uncertain the date of origin must be before 1066</i>	Adjective: <i>original</i> Adverb: <i>originally</i>
parade	Verb	/pəˈreɪd/	die Parade, der Umzug	a parade is a big public event when a lot of people or vehicles go through the streets of a town as part of a big celebration. The people and vehicles parade through the streets		<i>soldiers paraded through the city centre I wanted to parade with all the others but my parents wouldn't let me</i>	Noun: <i>parade</i>
person	Noun	/ˈpɜː(r)s(ə)n/	die Person	a person is a man, woman, or child. Things related to a single person are personal . The plural of person is people		<i>his dad's a really nice person were there many people at the concert? I met a really interesting person at the party lots of people came to the funeral</i>	Adjective: <i>personal</i> Adverb: <i>personally</i>
reforestation	Noun uncount	/ˌriːfɔːrɪˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	die Wiederaufforstung	reforestation is the planting of new trees to bring a forest back as a forest after the earlier trees had been cut down		<i>we need to start a reforestation programme reforestation will take at least ten years</i>	
respectfully	Adverb	/rɪˈspektf(ə)li/	respektvoll	if you do something respectfully , you do in a way that shows you believe someone is important and should be treated politely		<i>the audience listened respectfully to all the speeches he answered my questions honestly and respectfully he shook hands respectfully and bowed slightly</i>	Adjective: <i>respectful</i> Noun: <i>respect</i> Verb: <i>respect</i> Adjective: <i>respected</i> Verb: <i>rhyme</i>
rhyme	Noun	/raɪm/	der Reim	a rhyme is a word that ends in the same sound as another word, for example "light" and "bright"	a rhyme for something	<i>apparently, there's no rhyme for "orange" in English I can't think of a rhyme for "elephant"</i>	
romance	Noun uncount	/rəʊˈmæns/	die Liebesgeschichte, Anfang einer Beziehung	romance is all the feelings and behaviour of people who are beginning to love each other and starting a relationship		<i>it was difficult to find romance in a small village with hardly any other young people their romance began on social media an office romance (when two people who work together start a relationship)</i>	Adjective: <i>romantic</i>
shine	Verb	/ʃaɪn/	glänzen, leuchten	if someone's eyes or face shine , they have a happy look on their face		<i>he eyes shone with happiness looking at their shining faces his dark brown eyes shone with pleasure</i>	
tap	Verb	/tæp/	schlagen, klopfen	if you tap your feet, you hit the ground repeatedly with your foot or feet in time to a piece of music		<i>they were clapping and tapping and nodding to the music 200 people all tapping their feet at the same time made a very strange noise</i>	
working-class	Adjective	/ˈwɜːkɪŋ klɑːs/	die Arbeiterklasse	the working class is one of the groups which people in a society are divided into according to their jobs, education, background, etc. People who are working-class do jobs that do not require a lot of education and do not have as much money or status as people who are middle-class or upper-class		<i>wages haven't risen this year for working-class families a working-class area of Leeds she was brought up in a working-class family</i>	Noun: <i>working class</i>

pp 88-89	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
budget	Noun	/ˈbʌdʒɪt/	das Budget, der Etat	your budget is the amount of money that you have available to spend on a particular activity	an annual/monthly/weekly budget a tight budget a fixed/limited budget	<i>he's never learned how to manage a budget they worked out their monthly budget to the last euro he made the film on a very tight budget (with no money to spare) we do what we can with a very limited budget prices to suit every budget (for people with very little money as well as people with a lot of money) we have a weekly budget of £50 for food</i>	Verb: <i>budget</i>
fit	Adjective	/fɪt/	fit, in Form	if someone is fit , they are healthy and can do physical exercise without becoming tired	get fit keep fit	<i>our team might have won if all our players had been fit I need to get fit if I'm going to walk 20 miles Montero is hoping to be fit for his semi-final match on Sunday cycling keeps me fit</i>	Noun: <i>fitness</i>
mix	Noun	/mɪks/	die Mischung	a mix of people or things is a lot of different people or things all together in the same place		<i>the residents, a mix of older people and new arrivals an interesting mix of shops and restaurants I liked the mix of architectural styles in Barnstaple</i>	

nightmare	Noun	/ˈnaɪtˌmeə(r)/	der Alptraum	a nightmare is a very frightening dream. You can refer to a really unpleasant or worrying situation as a nightmare	turn into a nightmare	<i>the holiday was a complete nightmare – it rained the whole time their dream of a new home turned into a nightmare driving in the city centre is a nightmare</i>	
picturesque	Adjective	/ˌpɪktʃəˈresk/	pittoresk	something that is picturesque is very attractive, often because it is old-fashioned and looks very interesting		<i>the streets in Sandgate are picturesque the town has a picturesque castle in the middle a picturesque fishing village called Sesimbra a picturesque little church stood on the bank of the river</i>	
reasonable	Adjective	/ˈriːz(ə)nəb(ə)/	angemessen, vernünftig	if you think the price of something is reasonable , you think it is not too expensive and is good value for money	a reasonable price	<i>the bill was very reasonable the prices here are quite reasonable I think £20 for a day at the cricket is reasonable it's difficult to get a good meal for a reasonable price near the station</i>	Adverb: <i>reasonably</i>
stage	Noun	/steɪdʒ/	die Stufe/Phase	a stage is a particular period of time during a process	the early/final stages of something	<i>at this stage, it's too early to say if we'll finish on time the medicine was still in the experimental stage we're still in the early stages of the project the building is in its final stage, and should be finished next month most pupils start here at the age of 11, but some join the school at a later stage</i>	

pp 90-91	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
atmosphere	Noun singular	/ˈætməʃˌfɪə(r)/	die Luft-/Gashülle	the atmosphere is the air and all the other gases around the earth. You also use the word atmosphere when talking about the quality of the air that you breathe in a particular place		<i>all the traffic has a bad effect on the city's atmosphere the atmosphere by the sea felt a lot more healthy</i>	
bright	Adjective	/braɪt/	hell	something that is bright can be seen or heard clearly because it shines or because it gives off strong radio signals		<i>a cell phone on Mars would be the brightest radio object in the sky several of the stars were bright enough to see without a telescope</i>	Adverb: <i>brightly</i> Noun: <i>brightness</i>
cordless	Adjective	/ˈkɔː(r)dləs/	kabellos	cordless equipment works by having a battery inside and is not physically connected to a supply of electricity		<i>a cordless phone a one hour charge will give you 60 minutes of cordless use a cordless floor sweeper I've got several cordless hand tools</i>	
downtown	Noun	/ˌdaʊnˈtaʊn/	die Innenstadt, das Stadtgebiet	in American English, the downtown is the central district of a city or town, where all the shops and businesses are		<i>the bar is in the historic downtown of Boston there was a lot of traffic when we drove through the downtown efforts are being made to rebuild the downtown</i>	Adjective: <i>downtown</i> Adverb: <i>downtown</i>
gasoline	Noun uncount	/ˈgæsəliːn/	der Kraftstoff	gasoline is the American word for <i>petrol</i> , the liquid that you put in a car or other vehicle to make the engine work. It is usually shortened to gas		<i>the price of gasoline has risen recently a can of gasoline a truck crashed on the highway and spilled its load of gasoline I need to put some gas in the car a gas station (a place where you can fill your car with gasoline)</i>	
ironic	Adjective	/aɪˈrɒnɪk/	ironisch	something that is ironic is surprising because it seems to be almost the opposite of what you would expect		<i>it's ironic that we're using a lot of technology but we don't have any mobile phones it's ironic that the first goal was scored by a defender it's slightly ironic that he plays football for England although he was born in Canada</i>	Noun: <i>irony</i> Adverb: <i>ironically</i>
Milky Way	Noun	/ˈmɪlki weɪ/	die Milchstraße	the Milky Way is the collection of stars that includes the Sun and all its planets, including Earth		<i>the Milky Way contains about 200 billion stars no one knows exactly how the Milky Way came to exist</i>	
noise	Noun uncount	/nɔɪz/	das Störgeräusch, das Rauschen	noise , or radio noise , is radio signals that interfere with scientific equipment and make the equipment work badly		<i>there's too much radio noise in the city centre scientists blamed the failure of the experiment on unexpected noise</i>	
signal	Noun	/ˈsɪgn(ə)/	das Signal	a signal is electrical waves that carry sound and pictures to mobile phones, computers, etc.		<i>I can't hear you very well, there's a really bad signal here I can never get a signal in the back garden there's no signal on the island, so I'll send you a postcard!</i>	
store	Noun	/stɔː(r)/	das Geschäft, der Laden	store is the usual American word for <i>shop</i>		<i>a local store I need to go to the store to get some bread a grocery store the store was about to close a department store (a large shop which sells a wide range of goods in different departments) the streets are dominated by chain stores (businesses which have similar shops in lots of different towns and cities)</i>	
telescope	Noun	/ˈtelɪˌskəʊp/	das Teleskop	a telescope is an instrument in the shape of a tube with a piece of special of glass at one end that makes things which are a long way away seem nearer and larger. A radio telescope is a very large piece of scientific equipment that uses radio waves to see a long way into space		<i>the telescope was developed in the seventeenth century even with a telescope he couldn't see the island the radio telescope at Ohio State University</i>	
unique	Adjective	/juːˈniːk/	einzigartig	if something is unique , there is only one of it, and there is nothing else that is the same		<i>she only made one ring like this, so it's unique this is a unique opportunity the band had a unique style of music I met a lot of interesting and unique people</i>	Adverb: <i>uniquely</i>
utilize	Verb	/ˈjuːtɪlaɪz/	verwenden	to utilize something means to use it		<i>we can't utilize any electrical equipment while we're here the course utilizes the latest learning methods we need to be careful how we utilize our natural resources</i>	Noun: <i>utilization</i>
wireless	Adjective	/ˈwaɪə(r)ləs/	drahtlos	wireless technology uses radio waves to send information to equipment such as computers and mobile phones		<i>wireless access to the internet wireless switches control the lighting system a wireless microphone free wireless internet is available</i>	Noun: <i>wireless</i>

Unit 8 p 91	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
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essentials	Noun plural	/ɪˈsenʃəlz/	die lebensnotwendige/Grundausstattung	the essentials are the things that are absolutely necessary in a situation		take a backpack with the essentials the first four items on the list are the essentials here are the five essentials you will need he packed two cases with clothes, towels and other essentials	Adjective: essential
tip	Noun	/tɪp/	der Tipp	a tip is a piece of useful advice	give someone a tip	each speaker offers a travel tip do you have any tips on where to stay in Volgograd? she gave me a few tips about the German railway system if you want any gardening tips, ask my uncle Stan	

pp 94-95	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
blank	Adjective	/blæŋk/	blank, das Blackout	if your mind is blank or goes blank, you suddenly cannot think properly and cannot remember something that is actually quite obvious		she asked me how to say "I love you" in Russian and my mind just went blank she looked up confidently, then suddenly her mind went blank for a moment my mind was blank, then it all came back to me	
board game	Noun	/bɔ:d geɪm/	das Brettspiel	a board game is an indoor game that you play using a board, moving pieces around on it according to the numbers that are shown when you throw a dice (a small cube with one of the numbers one to six on each side)		it was raining, so we played board games all afternoon my favourite board game is Monopoly it can take hours to finish a board game	
character	Noun	/ˈkærɪktə(r)/	das Zeichen	a character is a letter in an alphabet or a written symbol in languages like Chinese or Japanese		I'm not very good at reading Chinese characters a tweet cannot be longer than 140 characters the document contained 12,437 characters	
cliff	Noun	/klɪf/	die Klippe	a cliff is an area of land which has an extremely steep side that goes down to the sea or a river		a high cliff rose above the sea a rocky cliff above the waves of the Atlantic keep away from the edge of the cliff the highest cliffs in Europe the white cliffs of Dover	
head	Verb	/hed/	zusteuern	if you head in a particular direction, you start to go in that direction		it's time for me to head for home we headed up the lane towards the church we're going to head to the lake this afternoon she said goodbye and headed down the street	
step	Verb	/step/	treten, steigen auf	if you step somewhere, you move a short distance there on foot. For example, you can step onto a train or step off it. When someone asks you to come into a room, they might ask you to step inside		I gave Millie a kiss, then stepped onto the train would you step inside my office, please she stepped up to the window and looked inside the hall I'm just going to step outside to get some fresh air	Noun: step

pp 96-97	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
aerial	Adjective	/ˈeəriəl/	Luft-, oberirdisch	aerial activity takes place from high up in the air, for example from an aeroplane or helicopter		aerial photography is the act of taking photographs from the air an aerial survey an aerial view of the city a set of aerial photographs taken from a helicopter	
dig up	Phrasal verb	/dɪg ʌp/	aufgraben	if you dig up the ground, you use heavy equipment to move the earth from the surface of the ground so that you can get to whatever lies underneath. If you dig something up , you take it out of the ground by removing whatever is on top of it		they dug up a huge area of land I dug up an old pot while I was gardening	
malaria	Noun uncount	/məˈleəriə/	die Malaria	malaria is a serious disease that is caused by some kinds of mosquito (flying insect that bites people) in hot countries		malaria was once common in southern Europe advice on malaria prevention a rise in malaria cases can be expected each year, about one million children under the age of five die from malaria	
redwood	Noun	/ˈred wʊd/	der Mammutbaum	a redwood , or a redwood tree , is a tree that grows in the west of the United States. Redwoods are the tallest trees in the world		a row of Californian redwood trees a redwood forest I'd never seen a redwood before one redwood in California is 2,200 years old	
save	Verb	/seɪv/	retten	if you save someone or something that is in danger, you do something that successfully protects them from being harmed, damaged, or destroyed		Mike Fay wants to save the wilderness we need to do more about global warming if we want to save the planet he wants to save the world from nuclear weapons she saved his life by pulling him out of the fire	
survey	Noun	/ˈsɜ:(r)veɪ/	die Studie, das Gutachten	a survey is an examination of several related things to try and find out as much about them as possible	conduct a survey	he'd just finished a survey of redwood trees in California they asked us to conduct a survey of the river valley a recent survey suggests there are only five eagles left in the area a 2015 survey reported that just 20% of car owners kept their car in a garage overnight	Verb: survey
trek	Verb	/trek/	trecken, ziehen	if you trek somewhere, you go on a long and difficult journey by walking		he spent two years trekking through South America we trekked up the river for a few days by afternoon, we had trekked 15 miles	Noun: trek Noun: trekking
vast	Adjective	/vɑ:st/	enorm, riesig	something that is vast is extremely big		they've destroyed vast areas of land they travelled a vast distance to get here Canada is a vast country north of the United States a vast region with no roads	Noun: vastness
wilderness	Noun	/ˈwɪldə(r)nəs/	die Wildnis	a wilderness is a large area of land where everything is wild and where people hardly ever go		we trekked for three days through the wilderness most of the area to the south of the mountains is wilderness a remote wilderness after a week in the wilderness I was glad to get back home	

pp 98-99	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
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appliance	Noun	/əˈplaɪəns/	das Haushaltsgerät	an appliance is a piece of equipment, usually electrical, that you use in your home, such as a washing machine, hair dryer, cooker, etc.	domestic/household appliances a modern appliance an electrical appliance	<i>the kitchen was well-equipped with modern appliances a shop selling domestic appliances a factory making household appliances as well as industrial machinery never take electrical appliances into the bathroom</i>	
backpacking	Noun uncount	/ˈbæk.pækɪŋ/	der Rucksacktourismus	backpacking is the activity of travelling to different places, carrying all your luggage in a single backpack		<i>she spent a year on a backpacking trip in Asia after she left school backpacking is great fun, but can sometimes be dangerous we met in Bali when we were both backpacking</i>	
challenge	Noun	/ˈtʃæləndʒ/	die Herausforderung	a challenge is something difficult which you want to or have to try and do	set (someone) a challenge rise to the challenge	<i>we want to set our readers a challenge climbing this mountain will be a real challenge my job's become boring – I need a new challenge do you enjoy a challenge? teachers have to provide a challenge for their students the orchestra rose to the challenge of Schubert's 9th symphony (they played a difficult piece of music very well)</i>	Verb: challenge Adjective: challenging
charge	Verb	/tʃɑː(r)dʒ/	berechnen	if someone charges you an amount of money, they ask you to give them that amount when they sell something to you, do a job for you, or allow you to do a particular activity	charge (someone) for (doing) something	<i>they decided to charge tourists a tax of two euros a day they charge for using the motorway they charged us £100 for bringing the car back a day late the taxi driver charged me £18 for just three miles! the doctor charges \$30 to come to the house</i>	Noun: charge
cruise	Noun	/kruːz/	die Kreuzfahrt	a cruise is a holiday you take on a ship, often stopping at some interesting places. The ships that take people on these holidays are cruise ships		<i>a large cruise ship can carry up to 6,000 people we went on a cruise round the Caribbean I can't think of anything worse than spending three weeks on a cruise she went on her first cruise at the age of 76</i>	Verb: cruise
ecotourism	Noun uncount	/iːkəʊ.tʊərɪz(ə)m/	der Ökotourismus	ecotourism is the business of helping people take holidays in places that are environmentally interesting and where the activities do not cause any harm to the environment		<i>the rise of ecotourism over the last few years Dunedin is a centre for ecotourism a popular destination for ecotourism ecotourism is important for the local economy</i>	Noun: ecotourist
equipment	Noun uncount	/iˈkwɪpmənt/	die Ausrüstung	equipment is things like tools and machinery that are used for a particular task		<i>industrial equipment we needed to buy a lot more equipment when we opened the second factory the equipment in the school chemistry laboratory was very old cameras and other photographic equipment heavy farm equipment</i>	
fresh water	Noun uncount	/fref ˈwɔːtə/	das Süßwasser	fresh water is water that is clean and suitable for drinking or cooking		<i>the island has no fresh water supply make sure your dog has plenty of fresh water in hot weather fresh water was available in the next village</i>	
household	Adjective	/ˈhaʊs.həʊld/	der Haushalt	household means connected with a house or flat and all the people living in it		<i>I'm working for a company that sells household goods their total household income has dropped significantly household appliances household bills household expenses</i>	Noun: household
low-impact	Adjective	/ləʊ ˈɪmpækt/	schonend	low-impact activities do not cause much damage to the environment		<i>low-impact tourism such as ecotourism the architect was asked to design a low-impact housing development we moved to the country to try and adopt a low-impact way of life</i>	
pollution	Noun uncount	/pəˈluːʃ(ə)n/	die Umweltverschmutzung	pollution is things like chemicals and smoke from factories that damage the air that we breathe or the rivers and land	air pollution noise pollution industrial pollution	<i>there's a lot of pollution in Beijing air pollution is a big problem in London the government should do more to tackle pollution (to stop the problem) people near the airport suffer from noise pollution</i>	Verb: pollute Adjective: polluted
route	Noun	/ruːt/	die Route/Strecke	a route is the exact direction you follow to get from one place to another		<i>there are sometimes queues of climbers on the route to the top of Everest I'm going to try a different route when we go to Scotland next week what's the shortest route home from here? it's important to plan your route before you set off we took the scenic route (not the fastest way, but the prettiest)</i>	
rubbish	Noun uncount	/ˈrʌbɪʃ/	der Müll/Abfall	rubbish is stuff that people throw away		<i>put your rubbish in the bin in the corner the streets were full of rubbish please do not leave rubbish here our rubbish is collected every Monday (someone comes to take it away) a rubbish tip (a place where people can take big pieces of rubbish) a rubbish bin</i>	
tax	Noun	/tæks/	die Steuer	tax is money that a government makes you pay, for example when you earn money (income tax), when you buy something (sales tax), when you use an airport (airport tax), etc.	a tax on something	<i>there's a 6% sales tax on top of the original price I have to send in my tax return tomorrow (a form saying how much you have earned so that the government can tell you exactly how much tax you must pay) income tax was raised to 24% last year tourists are charged a tax of two euros a day they raised the tax on cigarettes again</i>	Verb: tax

pp 100-101	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
baggage allowance	Noun	/ˈbæɡɪdʒ əˈləʊəns/	die Gepäcklerlaubnis	when you travel on a passenger plane, your baggage allowance is the number of bags, or the weight of the bags, that you are allowed to take with you on the flight		<i>check the baggage allowance with your airline before you go to the airport your baggage allowance is explained on your ticket your handbag is not counted as part of your baggage allowance a baggage allowance of 20kg plus hand luggage</i>	
customs check	Noun	/kʌstəmz tʃek/	die Zollkontrolle	when you arrive in a foreign country, the customs check is when you have to say or show what you are bringing into the country so that the authorities can decide if you need to pay any tax or if you are carrying anything illegally		<i>there were long delays for the customs check at Miami airport there are no customs checks here for passengers arriving from EU countries customs checks are carried out before you leave the ship</i>	

jetlagged	Adjective	/ˈdʒet.lægd/	einem Jetlag unterliegen	if you are jetlagged , your body is slightly confused because you have travelled a long distance and there is a big time difference between where you are and where you have travelled from		<i>whenever I fly to New York I'm jetlagged for the first three days I had to go into the meeting jetlagged and exhausted a group of jetlagged tourists stepped off the plane it's been a long flight and I'm jetlagged</i>	Noun: jetlag
pigeon	Noun	/ˈpiːdʒ(ə)n/	die Taube	a pigeon is a grey or brown bird that often lives in towns or cities		<i>there were hundreds of pigeons in Trafalgar Square people used to feed the pigeons here, but it's not allowed now several pigeons flew overhead</i>	
temperature	Noun	/ˈtempɪrɪtʃə(r)/	das Fieber	if you have a temperature , your body is slightly warmer than it should be because you are ill. A normal temperature is about 37° centigrade	have a temperature a high temperature take someone's temperature	<i>I'll call a doctor if you still have a temperature in the morning she had a temperature of 38.5 last night he had a high temperature so his mother kept him off school when I took her temperature (measured it), it was normal</i>	
travel sickness	Noun uncount	/ˈtrævl ˈsɪkɪnɪs/	die Reisekrankheit	travel sickness is a feeling of being unwell and wanting to be sick that some people get when travelling in a car, plane, or ship		<i>travel sickness can be much worse on a ship travel sickness is more common in children than in adults travel sickness tablets (to make someone feel better)</i>	Adjective: travel sick

pp 102-103	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
binoculars	Noun plural	/bɪˈnɒkjʊlə(r)z/	das Fernglas	binoculars are a piece of equipment consisting of two connected tubes, each with special glass in them. You look through the tubes, one with each eye, and distant objects appear closer to you and you see them in more detail	a pair of binoculars	<i>I always take a pair of binoculars when I go for a walk in the country she could clearly see the bird's blue feathers through the binoculars the best way to see them is through binoculars</i>	
blood	Noun uncount	/blʌd/	das Blut	blood is the red liquid that carries oxygen around your body, and which is pumped by your heart. Blood is essential for life. If you say that something is in your blood , you mean that it is very important to you and a very necessary part of the way you live		<i>exploration is in people's blood I can't live without music – it's in my blood football is in his blood, it's all he ever wants to do</i>	
curious	Adjective	/ˈkjʊəriəs/	neugierig	if you are curious about something, you want to know more about it	very curious be curious (to know/hear/learn) about something	<i>all children are curious about the world around them the museum has a lot to offer the curious visitor I'm very curious to know what's inside the suitcase she wasn't in the least curious about where he had been</i>	Noun: curiosity Adverb: curiously
drive	Verb	/draɪv/	lenken, treiben, zu etw. bringen	if something drives you to achieve something, it makes you believe you want to achieve that thing and leads you to try very hard		<i>that's what drives people to the highest mountains wanting to impress her father is what drove her to start water-skiing he was driven by the desire to buy a bigger car</i>	Noun: drive
engage	Verb	/ɪnˈɡeɪdʒ/	sich auf etw. einlassen	if you engage with something, you take it seriously and become properly involved with it	engage with something	<i>it helped me engage more fully with the world he never engaged with university life</i>	Noun: engagement
grow	Verb	/grəʊ/	wachsen	if people grow , they develop and learn more things and become more interesting people		<i>a few months in Australia will help her grow he grew into a well-respected doctor</i>	
headlamp	Noun	/ˈhed.læmp/	die Stirnlampe	a headlamp is a lamp or torch that you wear on a helmet or strapped to your head so that you can have light without having to hold a torch in your hand		<i>using a headlamp means both my hands are free she turned her head to point the headlamp at the tree the battery on my headlamp is flat</i>	
paddle	Verb	/ˈpæd(ə)l/	paddeln	if you paddle , you make a boat move by using a paddle, a long handle with a blade at the end of it		<i>we paddled to the edge of the river after paddling for twenty minutes, I was quite tired don't stop paddling – we're nearly there</i>	Noun: paddle
paintbrush	Noun	/ˈpeɪnt.brʌʃ/	der Farbpinsel	a paintbrush is an object with thin, slightly stiff pieces of plastic or hair which you use to put paint onto a surface		<i>I'm not very good with a paintbrush – I prefer using a pencil it's not worth buying a cheap paintbrush, it won't last long make sure you clean the paintbrush straight away</i>	
power	Noun uncount	/ˈpaʊə(r)/	der Strom	power is the supply of electricity to a place		<i>we lost power for an hour in the afternoon the power came back on at five o'clock 200 homes were without power after the storm</i>	
sunblock	Noun uncount	/ˈsʌn.blɒk/	das Sonnenschutzmittel	sunblock is a thick liquid that you put on your skin to protect yourself when the sun is very hot and to stop your skin getting burnt		<i>don't forget to put on some sunblock make sure the children put the sunblock on a bottle of sunblock</i>	
vehicle	Noun	/ˈviːɪk(ə)l/	das Mittel, der Behelf	a vehicle is something you use to record or express your ideas and impressions about something		<i>I never leave home without a vehicle or other way of recording my experiences my music is a vehicle for letting my emotions out</i>	

Unit 9 p 105	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
cosmetics	Noun plural	/kɒzˈmetɪks/	die Kosmetika	cosmetics are things like lipstick and powder that people put on their faces to look more attractive		<i>I spend a lot of money on cosmetics a factory that produces cosmetics none of our cosmetics are tested on animals a range of expensive cosmetics</i>	Adjective: cosmetic
toiletries	Noun plural	/ˈtɔɪlətriːz/	die Körperpflegeartikel	toiletries are the things you use for washing yourself, such as soap, shampoo, toothpaste, etc.		<i>keep food separate from toiletries the hotel bathroom had free toiletries please bring your own towels and toiletries</i>	
p 106-107	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
amount	Noun	/əˈmaʊnt/	die Menge	an amount of something is a particular quantity of it		<i>we buy the same amount of shopping every week a large amount of money the amount and type of packaging will depend on the parcel being sent she gets paid the same amount as I do</i>	

distribute	Verb	/dɪˈstrɪbjʊ:t/	verteilen	to distribute goods means to send them to all the different places where they are going to be sold		<i>the books were distributed to all 273 bookshops across the country we produce and distribute the best bikes in New Zealand the company is now distributing these tools to 12 cities in the mid-west</i>	Noun: distribution Noun: distributor
package	Verb	/'pækɪdʒ/	verpacken	if you package something, you put it in a container or wrap it separately so that it is ready to be sold		<i>vegetables don't have to be packaged they package the strawberries in plastic containers the last stage of the process is to package the goods ready to be sent to the shops</i>	Noun: packaging
shipping	Noun uncount	/'ʃɪpɪŋ/	der Versand	shipping is the process of sending goods over a long distance		<i>we have a specialized firm to handle our shipping shipping costs went up again last year price is \$12.50 plus \$2 for shipping overnight shipping is available orders to Canada add 20% for shipping and handling</i>	ship: verb
stuff	Noun uncount	/stʌf/	das Zeug, der Kram	you can use stuff to refer to things such as a substance, a collection of things, events, ideas, or the contents of something in a general way without mentioning the thing itself by name		<i>most of this supermarket stuff has to be eaten within a couple of days just dump your stuff in the corner, we'll show you your room later we need to buy some stuff for the house the Beatles? That's the kind of stuff my dad listens to we played games like Monopoly and stuff like that</i>	
track	Verb	/træk/	nachverfolgen	if you can track an item that is being delivered somewhere, you can find out where it is at any stage of its journey to the delivery point using the internet or an app		<i>click here to track your parcel a new order tracking app if you pay a little bit extra, you'll be able to track the package</i>	

pp 108-109	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
afford	Verb	/ə'fɔ:(r)d/	sich leisten	if you can't afford something, you don't have enough money to be able to pay for it		<i>a few of my friends use taxis regularly, but I can't afford to she can't afford a new car I can't afford to buy a flat I could never afford to live in London she could only just afford to pay her rent</i>	Adjective: affordable
budget	Noun	/'bʌdʒɪt/	das Budget, der Etat	if you have a budget , you have worked out how much money you have available to spend on a particular thing or activity		<i>draw up your budget before you go to the shop we have a budget of £200 (we don't want to spend more than £200) prices to suit every budget (for people with very little money as well as people with a lot of money) we have a weekly budget of £50 for food</i>	Verb: budget
change	Noun uncount	/tʃeɪndʒ/	das Wechselgeld	change is money in the form of coins rather than paper bank notes. Small change is coins of low value		<i>she kept her small change in a leather purse I had a lot of loose change in my pocket (not in a purse) do you have change for a five pound note? (can you give me coins to the value of £5)</i>	
checkout	Noun	/'tʃekəʊt/	die Kasse	the checkout is the place where you go in a supermarket or other shop to pay for the things that you are buying		<i>there was a long queue at the checkout only two out of six checkouts were open he got a job working on the checkout at Safeway this checkout is for customers with 12 items or fewer</i>	
deal	Noun	/di:l/	das Geschäft, das Angebot	a deal is a lower than usual price for something	do a deal	<i>there are lots of good deals during the sale she went online to see if she could find a good deal on a tennis racket we can do you a deal if you buy an armchair as well as the sofa</i>	
goods	Noun plural	/gʊdʒ/	die Waren	goods are things that are made to be sold in shops		<i>it's cheaper to buy electrical goods online a shop selling luxury goods the goods are transported by road a goods train (carrying things, not passengers)</i>	
purchase	Noun	/'pɜ:(r)tʃəs/	der Kauf	a purchase is something you have just bought. Purchase is also the act of buying something		<i>we can help you pack your purchases he put all the purchases in the boot of the car I bought an extra bag to bring all my purchases home from holiday he showed us his recent purchase: a huge sofa the book is available for online purchase 27% of global consumers made their last purchase online</i>	Verb: purchase
receipt	Noun	/rɪ'si:t/	der Beleg, die Quittung	a receipt is a piece of paper or an email from a shop that shows where and when you bought something, and proves that you have paid		<i>have you got a receipt and the box it came in? you need to keep your receipt can I have a receipt, please? I forgot to get a receipt so I can't take it back an old-fashioned shop where they write the receipts with a</i>	
special offer	Noun	/'speʃəl 'ɒfə/	das Sonderangebot	when goods are on special offer , they are on sale for a much lower price than usual	on special offer	<i>don't miss out on our special offers – only available today flat screen TV on special offer for £225 this special offer will last until 14th May a special offer price of just £99.99</i>	

pp 110-111	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
cart	Noun	/kɑ:(r)t/	das Fuhrwerk	a cart is a vehicle with two or four wheels, usually pulled by a horse or donkey, and used for transporting goods		<i>a horse and cart he sold fruit from his cart in the market the farmer's cart had a broken wheel the cart was piled high with cabbages</i>	
chest	Noun	/tʃest/	die Truhe	a chest is a container in the shape of a very large box		<i>a treasure chest (one containing something interesting or valuable) we had to take a few things out because the chest was too heavy to carry have you got a key for the chest? the chest has been up in the attic for years</i>	
copper	Noun uncount	/'kɒpə(r)/	das Kupfer	copper is a reddish-brown metal		<i>copper lamps they used copper for the gas pipes a large copper pot copper wire is used for carrying electricity</i>	
date	Noun	/deɪt/	die Dattel	a date is a small, sweet, sticky brown fruit with a stone in the middle		<i>a stall selling dates and figs a box of dates we usually have dried dates as a treat near Christmas</i>	

fig	Noun	/ftg/	die Feige	a fig is a soft, sweet fruit with a lot of tiny seeds inside it. Figs are usually green or purple	<i>a bowl of figs dried figs a fig tree you'll get ill if you eat too many figs</i>
merchant	Noun	/'mɜ:(r)tʃ(ə)nt/	der/die Händler/-in	a merchant is someone who buys and sells goods	<i>the merchants in the market were setting up their stalls merchants came from all over central Asia his grandfather was a rich merchant dealing in hand-made carpets</i> Noun: merchandise
olive	Noun	/'ɒlɪv/	die Olive	an olive is a small green or black fruit with a stone in the middle. Olives grow in warm countries around the Mediterranean and are eaten or pressed to make olive oil	<i>an olive grove (a group of olive trees) a bottle of olive oil a bowl of olives add the cheese, olives and onions</i>
slogan	Noun	/'sləʊgən/	der Werbeslogan, der Wahlspruch	a slogan is a short phrase, easy to remember, usually with an advertising or political message	<i>they sold a range of T-shirts with slogans on them protesters were shouting anti-government slogans their advertising slogan was: "go to work on an egg" Obama's slogan in 2008 was "Yes, we can"</i>
sword	Noun	/sɔ:(r)d/	das Schwert	a sword is a weapon that has a long metal blade, used especially in the past before guns were widely used	<i>a sword fight he drew his sword (took it out) and waited for the attack every cavalry soldier has a sword if you live by the sword, you'll die by the sword (if you do something bad to get what you want, something bad will probably happen to you too)</i>

pp 112-113	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
available	Adjective	/ə'veɪləb(ə)l/	verfügbar	if something is available , someone can have it or use it straight away	make something available	<i>it showed up as available on the website do you have any rooms available for the 15th and 16th of June? the video was made available on YouTube three of the blue ones are available but not the red, I'm afraid</i>	Noun: availability Opposite – Adjective: unavailable
courteous	Adjective	/'kɜ:(r)tiəs/	höflich, zuvorkommend	someone who is courteous is very polite and treats people with respect		<i>the shop assistant was very courteous staff in the restaurant could not have been more courteous (they were very courteous) we were met by a courteous waiter it's courteous to ask permission before photographing local people</i>	Noun: courtesy Adverb: courteously
delivery	Noun	/dɪ'lv(ə)rɪ/	die Auslieferung	delivery is the act of taking things such as goods or letters to a place		<i>my job was to prepare all the orders for delivery we make daily deliveries send it by express delivery (very quick) order by 3 pm for next-day delivery a supermarket delivery van</i>	Verb: deliver
exchange	Verb	/ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ/	tauschen	if you exchange something, you give it back to a shop and they give you something else in its place		<i>can I exchange this shirt? It doesn't fit properly they wouldn't give us our money back but offered to exchange it for a different model we can try and exchange it if you really don't like it</i>	Noun: exchange
gift-wrap	Verb	/gɪft ræp/	als Geschenk verpacken	if you gift-wrap something, you wrap it nicely in pretty paper as a present for someone		<i>I asked the shop assistant to gift-wrap it for me no need to gift-wrap it – it's for me the box had been beautifully gift-wrapped</i>	Noun: gift-wrapping
model	Noun	/'mɒd(ə)l/	die Ausführung, die Variante	a model is a particular type of item that a company makes		<i>what's the model name? the latest model costs over £1,000 I just want a basic model (ordinary, and without any extra things) this model sells at £9,700 at least three different models are available</i>	
reference number	Noun	/'rɛfrəns 'nʌmbə/	die Referenznummer	a reference number is a number that tells someone what exact item something is or where a particular piece of information is		<i>the reference number for the sofa is SFD93700 here's a reference number so you can contact your insurance company please make a note of the reference number I paid the bill online, but I didn't get a reference number so I can't prove I paid it</i>	
return	Verb	/'rɪ tɜ:(r)n/	die Rückgabe	if you return something to a shop where you bought it, you take it back, for example because there is something wrong with it, it is the wrong size, or the person you bought it for does not like it. Some shops give you your money back, and other shops let you exchange it for something else of the same value		<i>can we return it if it's the wrong size? I had to return those trousers, they were just too tight you can't return it after three weeks go to the customer service desk if you're returning something</i>	
stock	Noun singular	/stɒk/	die Lagerware	the stock of a shop or company is the amount of goods it has that are available and ready to be sold or sent out to customers. The goods that are available are in stock . If it no longer has a particular item, that item is out of stock	in stock out of stock	<i>we've got plenty of blue ones in stock stock control is very important in our business we don't carry much stock because the shop is so small I'm afraid the leather sofa is out of stock</i>	Verb: stock Noun: stockist
tag	Noun	/tæg/	das Etikett	a tag is a piece of paper or plastic that is fixed to something to give information about it		<i>your jacket has still got the price tag on the shop assistants were all wearing name tags dogs should have a collar and tag make sure you put a luggage tag on your suitcase</i>	Verb: tag
till	Noun	/tɪl/	die Ladenkasse	a till is a box with a drawer where shops keep their money. When you pay with cash, they open the drawer and put your money in it		<i>the tills are over by the door they empty the till twice a day there was over £1,000 in the till when we closed he put the notes and coins in the till thieves took £400 from the till</i>	
pp 114-115	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
arrange	Verb	/ə'reɪndʒ/	abmachen	if you arrange a price with someone, you both agree a price for something after discussing it		<i>after ten minutes of bargaining, we finally arranged a price what did you manage to arrange?</i>	Noun: arrangement
cheat	Verb	/tʃi:t/	betrügen	if you cheat someone, or if you cheat , you do something dishonest or illegal in order to get an advantage over someone or to get money from them		<i>they're not trying to cheat you if you paid more than £10 for it then you've been cheated he never cheated the locals, but if he saw a tourist he'd ask for twice the price</i>	
fixed	Adjective	/fɪkst/	fest, festgelegt	something that is fixed stays the same and cannot be changed		<i>we don't have a fixed price for these carpets the job comes with a fixed salary rent is one of the company's fixed costs a pension that offers a fixed income for life</i>	

kaftan	Noun	/ˈkæftæn/	der Kaftan	a kaftan is a long piece of clothing like a coat worn in some Asian countries		<i>I bought this kaftan in Istanbul kaftans were very fashionable in the 1960s several of the men in the market were wearing kaftans</i>	
pressure	Verb	/ˈpreʃə(r)/	bedrängen, unter Druck setzen	if you pressure someone into doing something, you forcefully try and persuade them to do it	pressure someone into doing something pressure someone to do something	<i>the sellers will really try and pressure you into making a purchase party officials pressured several candidates to withdraw the mayor pressured the police to make a swift arrest</i>	Noun: <i>pressure</i>
vendor	Noun	/ˈvendə(r)/	der/die Verkäufer/-in, der/die Anbieter/-in	a vendor is someone who is trying to sell something		<i>one vendor sold kaftans and another was selling jewellery street vendors (people selling things on the street) we wanted to buy the house, but the vendor decided he didn't want to sell after all there were several flower vendors outside the station</i>	

Unit 10 p 117	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
Base jumping	Noun uncount	/beɪs ˈdʒʌmpɪŋ/	das Base-Jumping	Base jumping is the activity of jumping from very high places using a parachute		<i>he died in a base jumping accident last year base jumping in the city centre is illegal base jumping is just too dangerous for me</i>	Noun: <i>base jump</i> Verb: <i>base jump</i> Noun: <i>base jumper</i>
bungee jumping	Noun uncount	/ˈbʌndʒi ˈdʒʌmpɪŋ/	das Bungeejumping	bungee jumping is the activity of jumping from a high place such as a cliff or a bridge while attached to a very strong elastic cord that stops you hitting the ground		<i>I've always wanted to try bungee jumping bungee jumping can be quite dangerous bungee jumping and white-water rafting are popular activities here</i>	Noun: <i>bungee jump</i> Verb: <i>bungee jump</i> Noun: <i>bungee jumper</i>
cave diving	Noun uncount	/keɪv ˈdaɪvɪŋ/	das Höhlentauchen	cave diving is the activity of diving under the surface of the water in deep caves		<i>one of the dangers while cave diving is getting lost in the caves cave diving became popular in the 1970s cave diving requires courage and a lot of skill</i>	Noun: <i>cave dive</i> Verb: <i>cave dive</i> Noun: <i>cave diver</i>
dune	Noun	/djuːn/	die Düne	a dune , or a sand dune , is a small hill in a sandy place such as a beach or a desert		<i>he crawled up the sand dune on his hands and knees the dunes can reach 750 feet high a row of dunes behind the beach</i>	
free climbing	Noun uncount	/friː ˈklaɪmɪŋ/	das Freeclimbing	free climbing is the activity of climbing rocks or mountains using only equipment that will help prevent injury if you fall but that does not help you to go upwards		<i>there are obvious risks involved in free climbing he showed me a good free climbing route free climbing is increasingly popular</i>	Noun: <i>free climb</i> Verb: <i>free climb</i> Noun: <i>free climber</i>
ultrarunning	Noun uncount	/ˈʌltrə ˈrʌnɪŋ/	der Ultramarathon	ultrarunning is the sport of running over very long distances in a race. Ultrarunning races are not all the same distance, but they have to be longer than a marathon (42 kilometres)		<i>for me, ultrarunning is a great opportunity to test my fitness ultrarunning forces you to push yourself to your limits I took up ultrarunning last year</i>	

pp 118-119	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
astronomer	Noun	/əˈstrɒnəmə(r)/	der/die Astronom/-in	an astronomer is someone who studies objects in space such as the planets and stars		<i>astronomers are looking outside the solar system for other planets astronomers have discovered the largest gas cloud in the universe American astronomer Edwin Hubble proved that ours was not the only galaxy in the universe astronomers spend some of their time looking through telescopes</i>	Noun: <i>astronomy</i> Adjective: <i>astronomical</i>
orbit	Noun	/ˈɔː(r)bt/	die Umlaufbahn	the orbit of an object in space is the path it follows as it goes round the sun or around a planet	in orbit	<i>astronomers were able to work out the planet's orbit the satellite left Earth orbit in June 2003 India currently has 10 satellites in orbit around the Earth</i>	Verb: <i>orbit</i>

pp 120-121	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
appointment	Noun	/əˈpɔɪntmənt/	der Termin	an appointment is an arrangement to see someone at a particular time	make an appointment keep an appointment	<i>I've got an appointment with the dentist at 3 o'clock she telephoned to say she couldn't keep the appointment (couldn't go to the meeting at the agreed time) I called the doctor to make an appointment I'm afraid you can't see the manager unless you have an appointment</i>	
bionic	Adjective	/baɪˈɒnɪk/	bionisch	bionic devices use electricity to provide the power to help someone walk or run who cannot otherwise walk or run without help		<i>he was fitted with a bionic leg we spent months testing a bionic hand</i>	
blade	Noun	/bleɪd/	das Fußspasteil, die Sprintfeder	a blade is an artificial leg with a curved strip of metal at the bottom of the foot, used by disabled athletes		<i>it takes a while to learn how to run on blades good running blades are very expensive training became much easier once I got some blades</i>	
control	Verb	/kənˈtrəʊl/	kontrollieren	if you control something or control how it develops, you make it do what you want it to do		<i>it's not possible for government to control the internet he still controls the company even though he lives in France now</i>	Noun: <i>control</i>
cure	Verb	/kjʊə(r)/	ausheilen	to cure someone, or cure their illness, means to stop them from being affected by an illness	be cured of something	<i>she's now completely cured of the disease it's likely to be several weeks before he's fully cured this disease used to be fatal, but now it can be cured antibiotics can't cure a common cold</i>	Noun: <i>cure</i> Adjective: <i>curable</i> Opposite -- Adjective: <i>incurable</i>
device	Noun	/dɪˈvaɪs/	das Gerät	a device is a machine or tool that does a particular job	an electronic device a device for (doing) something	<i>you can watch YouTube on mobile devices please turn off your electronic devices an ingenious little device some sophisticated devices a device for measuring electrical flow it's fitted with a special anti-locking device all our vehicles have the latest hi-tech safety devices</i>	
disability	Noun	/ˌdɪsəˈbɪləti/	die Behinderung	a disability is a serious physical condition that prevents someone from using all their body completely or easily		<i>Stephen Hawking overcame a serious disability to become a famous scientist the Paralympic Games are for athletes with physical disabilities the accident left him with a permanent disability their first son was born with severe disabilities</i>	Adjective: <i>disabled</i>

feature	Verb	/ˈfi:tʃə(r)/	besonders herausstellen	to feature something means to include it as an important part		<i>a documentary featuring some famous Paralympians the Olympic Games feature around thirty sports the film features several well-known Hollywood actors the new model features an improved engine design</i>	Noun: <i>feature</i>
heal	Verb	/hi:l/	heilen	if an injury heals , or if something heals it, it recovers and becomes well again		<i>it's quite a nasty cut. It'll take a while to heal most patients heal within 8 weeks of treatment continue treatment until the skin is healed this dressing will help to heal the wound</i>	
hurt	Verb	/hɜ:(r)t/	verletzen	if part of your body hurts , or if something hurts you, you feel pain there		<i>my knee really hurts stop hitting me – it really hurts let me look at your eye. Don't worry, it won't hurt it hurts when I try and bend my elbow when I woke up, my neck was still hurting</i>	Adjective: <i>hurt</i>
hurtful	Adjective	/ˈhɜ:(r)tf(ə)/	verletzend	if someone says something hurtful to you, you feel very sad because you think they have deliberately tried to offend you		<i>she said some very hurtful things to me a hurtful comment about my clothes that's the most hurtful thing anyone has ever said to me</i>	Verb: <i>hurt</i> Adjective: <i>hurt</i>
injection	Noun	/ɪnˈdʒek(ə)n/	Injektion	an injection is a medical action in which a needle is put into your body and a medicine is pushed through the needle directly into your body	give someone an injection	<i>the injection didn't hurt at all I've had three injections already this week the nurse came in to give her an injection I don't want an injection</i>	Verb: <i>inject</i>
injured	Adjective	/ɪndʒə(r)d/	verletzt	if you are injured , part of your body has become damaged, for example in an accident		<i>as you get older, you're more likely to get injured playing sport luckily, no one was injured in the fire two people were seriously injured in the accident no one was badly injured the injured player was taken to hospital</i>	Verb: <i>injure</i> Noun: <i>injury</i>
limb	Noun	/lɪm/	die Gliedmaße, die Extremität	your limbs are your arms and legs		<i>patients who have lost the use of a limb he felt pain in his lower limbs (legs) my limbs were aching after swimming across the lake she had relatively short limbs</i>	
monitor	Verb	/ˈmɒnɪtə(r)/	überwachen	if you monitor a situation, you make sure you know what is happening all the time so that you are ready to take action as soon as it is necessary		<i>police are monitoring the situation at the airport very closely we strictly monitor the amount of water we use we use remote cameras to monitor the traffic in the city centre</i>	
pain	Noun uncount	/peɪn/	der Schmerz	pain is the unpleasant physical feeling you have when a part of your body has been hit or cut	be in pain a lot of pain relieve/ease the pain	<i>I was in a lot of pain until the doctor arrived can you feel any pain in your arm? I just want the pain to go away the doctor gave me some medicine to relieve the pain</i>	Adjective: <i>painful</i>
Paralympics	Noun	/ˌpærəˈlɪmpɪks/	die Paralympischen Spiele	the Paralympics , or the Paralympic Games , are a big athletics event held after the Olympic Games for athletes with disabilities		<i>her ambition is to represent Great Britain at the next Paralympics</i>	Adjective: <i>paralympic</i> Noun: <i>Paralympian</i>
prosthetic	Adjective	/prɒsˈθetɪk/	prothetisch	a prosthetic body part is an artificial one that replaces the original, natural arm or leg		<i>prosthetic arms which can receive signals from the brain he uses a prosthetic leg the factory makes prosthetic devices</i>	Noun: <i>prosthetic</i> Noun: <i>prosthesis</i>
range	Noun	/reɪndʒ/	die Auswahl	a range of things is a number of them that are all different, but of the same sort or type	a range of things	<i>the range of bionic devices is growing all the time we have a wide range of electric cookers in stock this is the best one in the entire range</i>	
treat	Verb	/tri:t/	behandeln	when a doctor treats a patient or an illness, he or she gives someone medicine or other things to make them better		<i>we need better medicine to treat people with cancer there weren't enough doctors to treat everyone who caught the flu he's being treated for head injuries</i>	Noun: <i>treatment</i>
wheelchair	Noun	/ˈwi:l,tʃeə(r)/	der Rollstuhl	a wheelchair is a chair with two large wheels at the side and smaller wheels near the front, which a disabled person can use to move around, either by turning the large wheels with their hands or by being pushed by someone		<i>wheelchair basketball (basketball played by teams of people in wheelchairs) I never thought I could play rugby in a wheelchair after the accident, his only way of getting around was in a wheelchair</i>	
wounded	Adjective	/ˈwu:ndɪd/	verwundet	if a soldier is wounded , his or her body is damaged by a bullet or explosion during a battle		<i>there were 12 dead and 14 wounded in the attack the wounded soldiers were taken out by helicopter I could hear the cries of the wounded men</i>	Verb: <i>wound</i> Noun: <i>wound</i>

p 122-123	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
crack	Verb	/kræk/	aufbrechen, aufreißen	if a surface cracks , it starts to break and develops long lines or narrow holes		<i>the ice cracked open the window cracked, but luckily it didn't break into pieces I dropped the cup and cracked it</i>	Noun: <i>crack</i>
failure	Noun	/ˈfeɪljə(r)/	der Misserfolg	failure is an unsuccessful action that does not work or does not achieve what it was meant to. A failure is someone or something that has not been successful		<i>people don't try enough because they fear failure the whole project ended in failure I was blamed for our failure to win the contract his first novel was a total failure I felt I was a complete failure</i>	Verb: <i>fail</i>
joke	Verb	/dʒəʊk/	witzeln	if you joke , you do or say something silly to try to make other people laugh	joke about something	<i>"if that's true, then I'm an elephant," he joked she's always joking about my hair stop joking! you're joking (I don't believe you)!</i>	Noun: <i>joke</i> Adverb: <i>jokingly</i>
mud	Noun uncount	/mʌd/	der Schlamm	mud is earth that is very wet and soft		<i>her boots were covered in mud don't get mud on the kitchen floor! the campsite was one whole field of mud the children loved playing in the mud</i>	Adjective: <i>muddy</i>
nominate	Verb	/ˈnɒmɪneɪt/	nominieren	if you nominate someone for a job or a prize, you officially say that you think they should get it		<i>she's been nominated for an Oscar his local party nominated him to be their candidate at the next election who did you nominate for the job? you cannot nominate family members for this prize</i>	Noun: <i>nomination</i> Noun: <i>nominee</i>

short-term memory	Noun uncount	/ʃɔ:t tɜ:m 'meməri/	das Kurzzeitgedächtnis	your short-term memory is your ability to remember things that happened recently. Sometimes older people have trouble with their short-term memory and cannot remember what they did the day before even though they can remember details of what they did sixty or seventy years earlier		<i>short-term memory loss his short-term memory is getting worse the doctor wanted to test her short-term memory</i>	Opposite – Noun: <i>long-term memory</i>
supply	Noun	/sə'plai/	der Vorrat	your supply of something is the amount of it that is available for you to use	a supply of something	<i>her water supplies were running low (there was not much water left) the plane brought doctors and medical supplies do you have an adequate supply of water? in the south of the country, food supply was inadequate an abundant supply of coal, oil and gas a limited supply of fresh fruit</i>	
surgery	Noun uncount	/'sɜ:(r)dʒəri/	die Chirurgie	surgery is medical treatment that involves cutting into someone's body in order to repair or take out a part that is diseased or damaged	undergo surgery major/minor surgery emergency surgery	<i>it happened while I was undergoing major surgery you may need further surgery she had to have emergency surgery heart surgery brain surgery</i>	Adjective: <i>surgical</i> Adverb: <i>surgically</i> Noun: <i>surgeon</i>
unexpected	Adjective	/,ʌnɪk'spektɪd/	unerwartet	if something is unexpected , no one thought it was going to happen		<i>she noticed one unexpected result: she could run for hours without stopping the film had a totally unexpected ending he went through a difficult time after the unexpected death of his mother the actual result was completely unexpected</i>	Adverb: <i>unexpectedly</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>expected</i> Verb: <i>expect</i>
pp 124-125	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
actually	Adverb	/'æktʃuəli/	eigentlich	you use actually to emphasize that what you are saying is true		<i>I'm feeling a lot better, actually I don't actually know where they went he's actually an actor, not a singer it's actually a really good car</i>	
antihistamine	Noun	/.ænti'hɪstəmi:n/	das Antihistaminikum	an antihistamine is a substance that you put on your skin or swallow to help stop the effects of an allergy (a bad reaction to something you eat or come into contact with)		<i>a bottle of antihistamine tablets antihistamine cream (to put on your skin) I've been taking antihistamines for the last three days</i>	
bite	Noun	/baɪt/	der Biss	if you bite something, you use your teeth to cut into it or make a hole in it. A bite is an injury or mark on your skin where an insect or other animal has bitten you		<i>I woke up covered in mosquito bites he had a nasty bite on his leg I got a painful bite from something</i>	Verb: <i>bite</i>
blade	Noun	/bleɪd/	das Fußspassteil, die Sprintfeder	a blade is a flat piece of metal with a sharp edge that is part of a knife or pair of scissors		<i>never point the blade at anyone be careful, that blade is very sharp a 6-inch blade</i>	
by the way	Phrase	/baɪ ðə weɪ/	übrigens	you use by the way to introduce something that is not related to the topic you are discussing		<i>OK. See you next week. Oh, by the way, can you send me Jim's email address I'm Alan, by the way. I don't think we've met before thanks for your help. Your English is very good, by the way</i>	
difficulty	Noun	/'dɪfɪk(ə)lti/	die Schwierigkeit	if you have a difficulty or difficulties , there is a particular thing that you cannot do easily	difficulty with something	<i>at home, he collapsed with breathing difficulties (he could not breathe easily) I've always had difficulty with English spelling she successfully overcame these difficulties and went on to become managing director of the company</i>	Adjective: <i>difficult</i>
dilemma	Noun	/dɪ'lemə/	das Dilemma, die Zwickmühle	a dilemma is a difficult situation that forces you to make a decision that is not easy	face a dilemma be in a dilemma	<i>after two years I faced a dilemma – whether to stop now or carry on for another year to I'm in a dilemma about which university to choose a moral dilemma this is the dilemma facing many teachers today</i>	
ignore	Verb	/ɪg'no:(r)/	nicht beachten	if you ignore something, you do not pay any attention to it		<i>you shouldn't ignore it, it might be serious I usually ignore online quizzes if you ignore my advice you'll be sorry</i>	
itchy	Adjective	/'ɪtʃi/	jucken(d)	if part of your body feels itchy , it is uncomfortable and you want to scratch your skin to stop it feeling like that	an itchy scalp/rash itchy skin	<i>I soon felt dirty and itchy the rash will be itchy, but try not to scratch it they also had itchy skin, fever, and loss of appetite a sore throat, a runny nose and an itchy scalp (top of the head)</i>	Noun: <i>itch</i> Verb: <i>itch</i> Noun: <i>itchiness</i>
obviously	Adverb	/'ɒbvɪəsli/	natürlich	you use obviously to emphasize that something is true and that the person you are talking to almost certainly knows this too		<i>I'd have to give up my job, obviously she doesn't speak French, so she obviously won't get the job the house was obviously very old our main uncertainty is obviously the weather</i>	
of course	Adverb	/ɒv kɔ:s/	selbstverständlich	you use of course to say that something is obviously true and that the people you are talking to probably know that too		<i>I'd have to give up my current job, of course of course no one wants to start a war what happened, of course, was most unfortunate of course we'll all have to pay more tax in the future</i>	
so	Adverb	/səʊ/	also	you use so to start a new sentence in a conversation, often to introduce a new topic or to ask a question		<i>so, what do you think? so, Jeremy, how are you enjoying the holiday?</i>	
sprain	Noun	/spreɪn/	Die Verstauchung	if you sprain your knee, ankle, wrist etc., you hurt it and damage it by twisting it suddenly. The injury you get is a sprain		<i>this was a severe sprain and needed months of therapy you haven't broken it – it's only a sprain I've hurt my ankle but I think it's just a sprain</i>	Noun: <i>sprain</i> Adjective: <i>sprained</i>
sting	Noun	/stɪŋ/	der Stich	if an insect stings you, it sticks a sharp part of its body into you and hurts you. A sting is the action of the insect that causes you pain		<i>the wasp gave me a painful sting I could feel a sudden sting on my foot take this with you to put on insect bites or stings</i>	Verb: <i>sting</i>
stitch	Noun	/stɪtʃ/	die Naht	if you have stitches , a doctor uses a strong thread to close up your skin where you have had a deep cut	have stitches have stitches out	<i>she had to have four stitches in her knee I'm going back in a week to have the stitches out (have them removed) who put the stitches in? dissolvable stitches (stitches that will disappear naturally and won't need to be removed)</i>	Verb: <i>stitch</i> Phrasal verb: <i>stitch up</i>

surgery	Noun	/ˈsɜː(r)dʒəri/	die Chirurgie	a surgery is the place where a doctor or group of doctors work and see their patients		<i>I'll ring the surgery and make an appointment the surgery opens at 8 in the morning the local surgery has four doctors on duty during the day</i>	
swollen	Adjective	/ˈswɒlən/	geschwollen	if a part of your body is swollen , it is bigger than usual because of an injury or illness		<i>his knee was painful and swollen the joints in her hands are really swollen a swollen ankle/foot/hand</i>	Verb: <i>swell (up)</i> Noun: <i>swelling</i>
the thing is	Phrase	/ðə θɪŋ ɪz/	die Sache ist die	you use the thing is to introduce something that you think is very important for the discussion you are having		<i>the thing is, I was hoping I could borrow some money the thing is, we need to find a hotel before it gets dark dad wants me to go to university in September, but the thing is I want to travel for a year first</i>	
trip	Verb	/trɪp/	stolpern	if you trip , you lose your balance because your foot has unexpectedly hit something	trip over trip up	<i>I tripped up on the carpet and fell over I'm always tripping over and bumping into things she leapt up, stumbled, tripped and fell he accidentally tripped over a step and broke his wrist</i>	
trouble	Noun	/ˈtrʌb(ə)/	der Ärger	trouble is problems or difficulties	be in trouble have trouble with something have trouble doing something	<i>I've been having a lot of car trouble recently (my car hasn't been working properly) there'll be trouble if I get home late again he's always in trouble for fighting at school (being punished) there's trouble at the factory we're having trouble with the computer I had trouble finding somewhere to park the car</i>	
worry	Noun	/ˈwʌri/	die Sorge	if you have worries , there is something that is a problem for you and that you think about a lot, and you are afraid that you might not be able to make the situation better		<i>money worries (not enough money) health worries (thinking you are ill) changing school can be a worry to young children I went to the cinema to try and forget all my worries</i>	Verb: <i>worry</i>

pp 126-127	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
brilliant	Adjective	/ˈbrɪljənt/	hervorragend	brilliant colours are very bright		<i>we were looking down on brilliant white clouds she always dresses in brilliant colours the sky was a brilliant blue</i>	Noun: <i>brilliance</i>
connected	Adjective	/kəˈnektɪd/	verbunden	if you feel connected to someone or something, you feel that you have a common link or association with them	connected to someone or something	<i>our families are now connected through marriage although I spent three years there, I don't feel I'm connected to the place</i>	Noun: <i>connection</i>
crewmate	Noun	/kruːmeɪt/	das Besatzungsmitglied	a team of people who work together, for example on a ship or in a plane or spaceship, are called a crew . If you are a member of a crew, your crewmates are the other members of the team		<i>I got on very well with my crewmates two of his crewmates died before the ship got back to Plymouth Neil Armstrong's crewmates on his mission to the moon were Buzz Aldrin and Mike Collins</i>	Noun: <i>crew</i>
curvature	Noun	/ˈkɜː(r)vətʃə(r)/	die Krümmung	the curvature of something is the way it curves and makes the shape of a circle		<i>from that height, you can clearly see the curvature of the earth the curvature of the roof helps get rid of rainwater doctors were beginning to worry about the curvature of his spine</i>	Verb: <i>curve</i>
float	Verb	/fləʊt/	schweben, treiben	if you float , you move slowly on the surface of water or in the air		<i>I dreamt I was floating inside the space station he floated for a while in the middle of the pool a plastic bag was floating in the river</i>	
miss	Verb	/mɪs/	vermissen	if you miss someone or if you miss a place, you feel slightly sad that you are not with that person or in that place any more		<i>you start thinking about the things you're missing at home I really missed my dog when I went on holiday you'll miss me when I'm gone! one thing I didn't miss when I left school was maths lessons</i>	
orientation	Noun	/ˌɔːriən'teɪʃ(ə)n/	die Orientierung	the orientation of something is where it is in relation to other things		<i>from space we were looking at them from different orientations using the online map we can explore the orientation of the island</i>	

Unit 11 p 129	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
bookmark	Verb	/ˈbʊk.mɑː(r)k/	Lesezeichen setzen	if you bookmark a page on the internet, you create a link to it so that you can find it again very quickly and easily		<i>don't forget to bookmark our page I forgot to bookmark it and I can't find it now it's easy to bookmark the page – just click here I'll bookmark your blog and make sure I read it next week I'm going to bookmark this recipe</i>	Noun: <i>bookmark</i>
catch up	Phrasal verb	/kætʃ ʌp/	auf den neuesten Stand kommen	if you catch up with something, you find out the latest information about it	catch up with something catch up on something	<i>I catch up with the news at weekends she caught up with the latest gossip about Hollywood I need to catch up on what's been happening in parliament</i>	
celebrity	Noun	/səˈleɪbrəti/	der Star, der/die Prominente, die Prominenz	a celebrity is a famous person in entertainment or sport		<i>the newspaper carries a lot of celebrity news he became an international celebrity using celebrities to advertise products is nothing new she's supposed to be a celebrity but I've never heard of her</i>	
click	Verb	/kɪk/	klicken	if you click on something on a computer screen, you press a button on the mouse to make the computer do something, for example to open a new document or page on a website	right-click left-click double-click	<i>click on the link to see a video of the event click on the little x to close the application click "yes" to continue if you right-click, you will get a list of options (click the button on the right-hand side of the mouse) double-click the file name to open the document (click twice)</i>	Noun: <i>click</i>
current affairs	Noun plural	/ˈkʌrənt əˈfeəz/	das Tagesgeschehen	current affairs are stories in newspapers, TV documentaries etc., about important facts, events and activities relating to politics and economics that are happening in the world at the moment		<i>I enjoy watching current affairs programmes on TV a current affairs journalist do you follow current affairs? a weekly current affairs magazine current affairs never really interested me when I was younger</i>	

entertainment	Noun	/ˌentə(r)ˈteɪnmənt/	die Unterhaltung	entertainment is things that give people pleasure, like films, concerts, television, etc.		<i>a series of concerts and other entertainment there's plenty of entertainment in the evenings a home entertainment centre (a large TV with good quality pictures and sound) the village was really quiet and there was no entertainment for the children the airline offers in-flight entertainment (films you can watch during a plane journey)</i>	Adjective: entertaining Verb: entertain Noun: entertainer
feature	Noun	/ˈfi:tʃə(r)/	das Feuilleton	a feature is a newspaper article or a TV programme that deals with a topic in a lot of detail		<i>the features editor for a national newspaper it took three weeks to do the research for the feature in tomorrow's paper I bought the magazine on Tuesday but didn't read the features pages till Saturday</i>	
gossip	Noun uncount	/ˈɡɒsɪp/	der Klatsch und Tratsch	gossip is talking about things in a not very serious way, often about personal things to do with other people that might not be true. In a newspaper or magazine, a gossip column includes short articles about the private lives of famous people such as actors or singers		<i>I try not to get involved in office gossip this wasn't idle gossip (probably untrue), it was absolutely true her divorce was in all the gossip columns a celebrity gossip site (on the internet) he enjoys spreading gossip whenever he can</i>	Verb: gossip Noun: gossip
live stream	Noun	/ˌlaɪv stri:m/	der Livestream	a stream is a broadcast of a TV programme over the Internet. A live stream is one that is made available as it happens and so is live rather than being a recording		<i>there are live streams of news programmes all day long over one million people logged in to watch the live stream I saw the live stream on my phone the live stream will begin in 20 minutes</i>	Verb: live stream Adjective: live-streamed
society	Noun uncount	/səˈsaɪəti/	die Gesellschaft/Prominenz	society is used to refer to people who are fashionable and well-known, and who are written about in newspapers and magazines		<i>she's always appearing in the society pages of the Times a society hostess (a woman who often has parties of rich and famous people)</i>	

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blog	Noun	/blog/	der Blog	a blog is a page or set of pages on a website where someone writes short articles about a particular subject and where other people can add comments		<i>his blog is read by thousands of people I always read her blog before I start work in the morning a blog post (a single article on the blog) a political blog (a blog about politics) a food blog (a blog about food)</i>	Noun: blogger Verb: blog
eclipse	Noun	/ɪˈkɪps/	die Finsternis	when there is an eclipse of the sun, the moon passes between the sun and the Earth and stops the light from the sun reaching the Earth.		<i>tomorrow's eclipse will start at 17:47 and last for about half an hour have you ever seen an eclipse? the eclipse will be visible from the northern half of Scotland the last eclipse of the sun was three years ago</i>	
instant messaging	Noun uncount	/ˈɪnstənt ˈmesɪdʒɪŋ/	das Instant Messaging	instant messaging is when you can send short pieces of text to another person who sees what you have written immediately and can send a reply straight away		<i>the device allows emailing and instant messaging instant messaging lets you stay connected wherever you are instant messaging is more efficient than long strings of emails</i>	Noun: instant message Verb: instant message
search engine	Noun	/sɜ:tʃ ˈɛndʒɪn/	die Suchmaschine	a search engine is computer software that helps you find documents and websites on the Internet		<i>we're developing a faster search engine Google is the search engine that most people use most search engines put our site at the top of their results</i>	
social media	Noun uncount	/ˈsəʊʃəl ˈmi:diə/	die Social Media	social media is apps such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, etc., which people use to share pictures and send messages to each other		<i>we chat on social media every day my dad doesn't do social media (doesn't use it) social media is very useful for keeping in touch</i>	

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access	Noun uncount	/ˈæksɪs/	der Zugang	access to somewhere or something is the fact of being able to go there or use it	access to something	<i>they charged a lot for internet access in the hotel room access to the car park is via a staircase the library provides access to thousands of books access is limited to employees only a hotel that offers free wi-fi access</i>	Verb: access Adjective: accessible
affairs	Noun plural	/əˈfeəz/	die Angelegenheiten	affairs are important facts, events and activities relating to the government, economy, etc., of a particular place	foreign affairs local affairs	<i>he's actively involved in community and local affairs she's an expert in foreign affairs (political/economic events in other countries) international law prohibits nations from interfering in the internal affairs of other countries Britain has played a significant role in international affairs</i>	
affordable	Adjective	/əˈfɔ:(r)dəb(ə)l/	erschwinglich	if something is affordable , it has a reasonable price that is not too expensive, so most people would be able to buy it	affordable housing	<i>mobile phones are an example of affordable technology they're looking for an affordable flat there isn't enough affordable housing in the city good quality products at affordable prices health insurance simply isn't affordable for people on low wages</i>	Verb: afford
benefit	Noun	/ˈbenɪft/	der Nutzen/Vorteil	a benefit is something that is good or useful that you get from something		<i>better internet access will be a great benefit to the village one of the benefits of working from home is that you don't waste time travelling twice a day the health benefits of swimming the new arrangement will be of benefit to everyone in the community this change brought no benefit to most of the students</i>	Verb: benefit Adjective: beneficial
debate	Verb	/dɪˈbeɪt/	debattieren	if you debate with someone, or if you debate a topic, you have a serious discussion about something important		<i>the committee debated the proposal to raise the membership fee Mrs May refused to debate with Mr Corbyn during the campaign we debated what to do if we ran out of money experts are still debating the issue and can't reach an agreement the plan was debated in parliament last week</i>	Noun: debate
dial	Verb	/ˈdaɪəl/	wählen	if you dial a number, you enter the whole of a telephone number into your phone in order to get connected to someone so that you can talk to them or listen to them		<i>users dial the number of the network to get to hear local stories mobile phones store numbers so you don't have to dial the whole number every time I think you've dialled the wrong number</i>	

enable	Verb	/ɪnˈeɪb(ə)/	möglich machen	to enable something to happen means to make it possible for that thing to happen		<i>the long holiday enabled us to finish the repairs to the farmhouse good communication enabled them to increase efficiency in the office this option enables you to print your ticket before going to the airport mobile technology enabled me to keep in touch with my family while I was on the expedition</i>	
highlight	Verb	/ˈhaɪlaɪt/	hervorheben	if someone highlights something, they talk or write about it in a way that draws special attention to it because they think it is an important part of what they are saying	highlight issues/concerns/areas	<i>psychologists highlight several stages that nearly everyone goes through the report highlights four key trends in youth crime the minister was right to highlight the issue she also highlighted concerns about late-night traffic noise</i>	
issue	Noun	/ˈɪʃuː/	das Problem	an issue is an important subject affecting society that people discuss	a controversial issue a big/key/major issue raise an issue	<i>health issues environmental issues climate change is still a rather controversial issue immigration is a major issue in the current election campaign one of the biggest issues is education it's a topic which raises a number of complex issues</i>	
lack	Noun singular	/læk/	der Mangel	if you have a lack of something, you do not have it, or do not have enough of it, although it would be useful if you did	a lack of something	<i>there was a lack of evidence the idea failed because of a lack of interest (people weren't interested in it) lack of Internet access was not the only problem in the village there was no lack of excitement in the film (it was very exciting)</i>	Verb: <i>lack</i>
link	Verb	/lɪŋk/	verknüpfen	if someone or something links two things, or if the two things are linked , there is a connection between them and they can communicate with each other		<i>these five families were closely linked the technology helps link communities across a wide area the two villages are now linked by a brand new road</i>	Noun: <i>link</i>
media	Noun	/ˈmiːdiə/	die Medien	the media is television, radio, newspapers, magazines, etc., which prepare and send out information and entertainment for people to watch, listen to, or read. These are sometimes referred to as traditional media . Things like the internet and mobile phones are also examples of the media , and are sometimes referred to as new media	media coverage mass media	<i>I tried for months to get a job in the media the election got a lot of media coverage (there were a lot of articles or programmes about it) she's written a book about the influence of the mass media (newspapers, TV, etc. that are seen by large numbers of people) on social attitudes last year, there were media reports that the prime minister was going to resign most of the news media supported the president</i>	
network	Noun	/ˈnet,wɜː(r)k/	das Netzwerk	a network is a group of organizations that are connected and that work towards achieving the same things		<i>a current affairs network that sends news out to mobile phones the local library information network has 98 computers in its 23 branches</i>	
overcome	Verb	/ˌəʊvə(r)ˈkʌm/	überwinden	to overcome something that is difficult means to succeed in doing what you want to do by despite the problems that are involved	overcome an obstacle/barrier/difficulty successfully overcome something	<i>many local communities are managing to overcome the problem even the most challenging of our issues were successfully overcome our role is to help students overcome these obstacles these translations made it possible to overcome the language barrier how have they tried to overcome their difficulties?</i>	
rural	Adjective	/ˈrʊərəl/	ländlich	something that is rural is in the countryside or connected to the countryside and not to do with towns or cities		<i>they live in a small rural community a rural landscape only 5% of the rural population had access to the internet we need to encourage rural development in many rural areas there are no bus services the rural economy will improve with better Internet access</i>	Opposite – Adjective: <i>urban</i>

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app	Noun	/æp/	die App	an app is a piece of software that is designed for a particular purpose, especially one used on a tablet computer or mobile phone. App is short for <i>application</i>		<i>a new dictionary app is now available is there a free app? you can download the app from our online store I'm having trouble installing the app an app that lets you send video as well as text</i>	
handle	Verb	/ˈhænd(ə)/	handhaben	if you are handling something, you are dealing with it because it is your responsibility		<i>you're handling those apartments, aren't you? who's handling the sale of the old factory? I'll do the shopping – can you handle the cleaning this weekend?</i>	

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click	Verb	/kɪk/	klicken	if something clicks , it suddenly starts to make sense to you		<i>I used to hate learning French, but then I spent a month in Paris and it all clicked once it clicked, I wanted to learn more about it she knew something was wrong but it didn't click what it was it never clicked that he was her brother's best friend</i>	
grade	Noun	/ɡreɪd/	die Jahrgangsstufe/Klasse	in schools in the US, a grade is a whole year of education. Children start in first grade, aged about six, and continue until twelfth grade, aged about 18		<i>I was really young then, in first grade I think what grade is she is? he was my English teacher in fourth grade</i>	
grasp	Verb	/ɡrɑːsp/	fassen, begreifen	if you grasp an idea, you succeed in understanding it well	grasp the meaning of something grasp the significance of something	<i>sorry – I hadn't grasped all that Harry was quick to grasp the situation he didn't grasp my meaning to start with she suddenly grasped the significance of the letter after grasping the basics of counting to ten, children are ready to move on to simple addition</i>	Noun: <i>grasp</i>
kindergarten	Noun	/ˈkɪndə(r),ɡɑː(r)t(ə)n/	der Kindergarten	a kindergarten is a school for very young children		<i>she's going to start kindergarten next week after two years in kindergarten, I started proper school there were 32 children in my kindergarten the school takes children from kindergarten through to twelfth grade</i>	

legible	Adjective	/ˈledʒəb(ə)l/	lesbar	if writing is legible , it is clear enough for you to be able to read it without difficulty		<i>his writing isn't very legible the ink was so faint that it wasn't legible make sure your answers are legible</i>	Adverb: <i>legibly</i> Noun: <i>legibility</i> Opposite – Adjective: <i>illegible</i> Adverb: <i>illegibly</i>
mumble	Verb	/ˈmʌmb(ə)l/	nuscheln	if you mumble , you say something in a way that is difficult for people to hear clearly		<i>she mumbled something without raising her head stop mumbling! he doesn't say much to other people, but he's often mumbling to himself he didn't answer directly, just mumbled something we couldn't understand</i>	Noun: <i>mumble</i>
recess	Noun	/rɪˈses/	die Pause	in school, recess is a time during the day when children are not in the classroom but are allowed to play outside		<i>recess starts at 10:30 we'd go outside for recess we used to play the same games every recess when I was a kid if it was raining during recess we had to stay in the classroom</i>	
swamp	Noun	/swɒmp/	der Sumpf	a swamp is an area of land that is mostly thick mud or water. You can refer to something that is difficult to understand as a swamp		<i>a bureaucratic swamp (where there are too many complicated rules) these trees grow well near swamps</i>	
wade	Verb	/weɪd/	waten	if you wade through water or mud, you walk through it	wade through something wade across something	<i>we had to wade across the river they waded through a field that was mostly mud he waded ashore (onto the bank of a river or the edge of a lake)</i>	

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ferry	Noun	/ˈferi/	die Fähre	a ferry is a boat or ship that carries passengers regularly from one place to another	take a ferry	<i>the ferry from Dover to Calais takes about 90 minutes we didn't take the ferry this time, instead we used the tunnel there's a ferry to the island every hour the ferry service runs every day except Sunday</i>	
fetch	Verb	/fetʃ/	herbeiholen	if you fetch someone or something, you go to where they are and then take them back to where they need to be		<i>we usually go and fetch them in September I went to fetch another chair from the dining room can you fetch the children from school this afternoon? I got up to fetch a jug of water</i>	
grain	Noun uncount	/greɪn/	das Getreide	grain is the seeds of cereals such as wheat or corn		<i>the main crops were fruit and grain we feed our chickens grain grain supplies were at a very low level a sack of grain</i>	

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fur	Noun	/fɜː(r)/	das Fell, der Pelz	fur is the soft, hairy skin of an animal that is used for clothing such as coats or gloves		<i>if they'd worn furs, they wouldn't have suffered from frostbite a fur hat her gloves were lined with rabbit fur some people say it's cruel to use fur for clothing</i>	
rare	Adjective	/reə(r)/	selten	if something is rare , it is not very common or it does not happen very often		<i>the museum houses a number of rare and valuable exhibits winters are cold, although snow is rare only a few hundred copies were ever printed, so they are quite rare now tea was a rare and expensive luxury</i>	Adverb: <i>rarely</i>
survival	Noun uncount	/sə(r)ˈvaɪv(ə)l/	das Überleben	survival is successfully staying alive or healthy in a dangerous or difficult situation		<i>his chances of survival were not very good his survival depends on finding enough money for the operation they learned survival techniques from the local Inuit people our survival was dependent on finding a village before it got dark</i>	Verb: <i>survive</i> Noun: <i>survivor</i>

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extinct	Adjective	/ɪkˈstɪŋkt/	ausgestorben	if a type of animal or plant is extinct , it no longer exists anywhere in the world	become extinct	<i>an expert on extinct mammal species if we don't do more to protect bees, they could become extinct it's been extinct since 1908 how can we know what these extinct animals ate? the panda is in danger of becoming extinct</i>	Noun: <i>extinction</i>
gear	Noun uncount	/gɪə(r)/	die Ausrüstung	gear is the equipment you need when you are doing a particular activity. For example, when you go camping, your camping gear will include a tent, sleeping bag, etc.	fishing/swimming/cycling etc. gear	<i>put your gear in the back of the truck don't forget to bring your fishing gear he was wearing his cycling gear the car was full of camping gear did you bring your swimming gear?</i>	
healer	Noun	/ˈhiːlə(r)/	der/die Heiler/-in	a healer is someone who is believed to have special powers to cure people who are ill without using modern medicine		<i>the local healer brought me some of the local medicine his grandfather was the village healer the healer used prayer to cure his patients</i>	Verb: <i>heal</i>
inadequate	Adjective	/ɪnˈædɪkwət/	ungeeignet	something that is inadequate is not good enough or not enough in quantity or quality for a particular purpose		<i>we had nets, but they were totally inadequate he failed the exam due to inadequate preparation facilities in the hotel were considered to be inadequate there was an inadequate supply of hospital beds</i>	Opposite – Adjective: <i>adequate</i>
inappropriate	Adjective	/ɪnəˈprəʊpriət/	unangemessen	something that is inappropriate is not suitable in a particular situation or not suitable for a particular purpose		<i>inappropriate behaviour can lead to a student being sent home early several comments on the blog post were considered to be inappropriate and were removed there is no such thing as bad weather, only inappropriate clothing</i>	Adverb: <i>inappropriately</i> Opposites – Adjective: <i>appropriate</i> Adverb: <i>appropriately</i>
network	Noun	/ˈnet.wɜː(r)k/	das Netzwerk	a net is a large piece of cloth with holes in it that allow air or water to pass through but not solid objects. Nets are used to catch fish, or to stop insects getting close to people and biting them while they are sleeping		<i>we had nets over our heads a mosquito net the net was too small and I got bitten</i>	

researcher	Noun	/rɪˈsɜː(r)tʃə(r)/	die Forschung	if you do research , you study a subject in detail to find new information about it. This work is called research , and someone who does research is a researcher		<i>researchers have decided to stop using animals in their experiments a wildlife researcher researchers found that cigarette smoking did not help concentration researchers repeated the experiment and got the same result</i>	Verb: <i>research</i> Noun: <i>research</i>
taste	Noun	/teɪst/	die Kostprobe	if you get a taste of something, you experience it a little so that you have some idea of what it would be like to do it properly or all the time	a taste of something	<i>I got my first taste of camping last weekend this will give you a taste of what it's like working in an office a taste of things to come (an early experience of what is going to happen in the future)</i>	
pp 146-147	POS	Pronunciation	Headword	Definition	Collocates	Examples	Word family
appeal	Noun singular	/əˈpiːl/	die Anziehungskraft	the appeal of something is its quality of making people like it	broad/popular appeal lose appeal have/hold appeal	<i>the appeal of the samurai is linked to his being a great action figure the UK is worried it will lose its appeal a movie with a lot of appeal the sport has great appeal as a tourist destination, the town holds no appeal</i>	Verb: <i>appeal</i> Adjective: <i>appealing</i>
blame	Verb	/bleɪm/	beschuldigen	if you blame someone, you accuse them of being responsible for something bad that has happened	blame someone for something blame something on someone or something be to blame	<i>don't blame me if you don't get the job nobody is blaming you – it was an accident Murray blamed his defeat on a lack of concentration she blamed me for the accident he was to blame for our being late</i>	Noun: <i>blame</i>
code	Noun	/kəʊd/	die Norm/Vorschrift	a code is a set of rules that say what you are allowed to do		<i>is there a dress code for the party? (rules about what sort of clothes you are allowed to wear) a penal code (the system of criminal laws in a country) I had to sign the company's code of conduct (rules about how to behave in business)</i>	
ethics	Noun plural	/ˈeθɪks/	die Ethik	ethics are moral rules that people are expected to obey		<i>the course covered business ethics as well as financial management the university ethics committee (a committee that makes sure the moral rules are properly obeyed) for doctors, medical ethics are very important</i>	
fierce	Adjective	/fɪə(r)s/	heftig	someone who is fierce is angry and ready to fight or attack someone		<i>the samurai look very fierce a fierce warrior and a respected leader lions, tigers and other fierce animals</i>	
glory	Noun uncount	/ˈɡlɔːri/	die Ehre, der Ruhm	glory is the praise and respect that someone gets for having achieved something very good		<i>he joined the samurai in search of glory they returned home covered in glory a powerful desire for personal glory</i>	
goggles	Noun plural	/ˈɡɒɡ(ə)lz/	die Schutzbrille	goggles are glasses that fit closely against your face and protect your eyes from dust, wind, water, etc.	a pair of goggles	<i>some pupils were required to wear goggles while using the tools all staff and visitors must wear safety goggles in the laboratory I always wear goggles when I go swimming a photo of a pilot in the 1930s wearing goggles and a leather jacket</i>	
honour	Noun uncount	/ˈɒnə(r)/	die Ehre	someone's honour is their sense of strong moral beliefs and behaviour that make people respect them		<i>honour and loyalty are very important qualities for the samurai a man of honour she has a strong sense of honour</i>	Adjective: <i>honourable</i> Adverb: <i>honourably</i>
landowner	Noun	/ˈlænd_əʊnə(r)/	der/die Grundstückseigentümer/-in	a landowner is someone who owns a lot of land		<i>rich landowners employed private soldiers for protection her family were once major landowners in the area some landowners refused to allow the canals to be built on their property</i>	
lone	Adjective	/ləʊn/	alleinig, einzig	a lone person or thing is the only one in a particular place or situation		<i>a lone swordsman facing dozens of enemies the lone survivor of a plane crash a lone passenger got off the train a lone figure cycled down the hill</i>	
loyalty	Noun uncount	/ˈlɔɪəlti/	die Loyalität/Treue	if someone shows loyalty , they support someone or something reliably and without changing	loyalty to someone or something fierce/great loyalty blind loyalty inspire loyalty show loyalty demand/expect loyalty	<i>the servants showed great loyalty even when times were difficult workers had a fierce loyalty to each other he inspires extraordinary loyalty among his staff he demanded unquestioning loyalty in return for his support</i>	Adjective: <i>loyal</i> Adverb: <i>loyally</i> Opposites – Noun: <i>disloyalty</i> Adjective: <i>disloyal</i>
martial art	Noun	/ˈmɑːjəl ɑːt/	der Kampfsport	martial arts are sports such as judo and karate in which competitors fight each other using their hands and feet. Martial arts started in Asia, especially in Japan		<i>a martial arts movie she's trained in several martial arts his martial arts skills this later developed into a martial art</i>	
sacrifice	Noun uncount	/ˈsækrɪfajs/	das Opfer	sacrifice is behaviour in which you give something up in order to be able to do or have something else instead		<i>we lent them some money, but that meant making sacrifices ourselves being president demands a lot of sacrifice many volunteers went out there, often at great personal sacrifice</i>	Verb: <i>sacrifice</i>
unarmed	Adjective	/ʌnˈɑː(r)md/	unbewaffnet	unarmed fighting is fighting that does not involve weapons, only people's hands and feet. A person who is unarmed does not have a weapon with them		<i>jujitsu is a form of unarmed fighting he was trained in unarmed combat an unarmed policeman was shot in the city centre last night nineteen unarmed civilians were killed in the riot 32 protesters were killed, all of them unarmed</i>	Opposite -- Adjective: <i>armed</i>
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home	Noun	/həʊm/	das Zuhause	your home is the house or flat where you live	at home	<i>I was a guest in their home I work at home my home is in Wales she left home when she was 17 (she went to live somewhere away from her parents) I'm going to stay at home tonight what's your home address?</i>	Adverb: <i>home</i>

gift	Noun	/ɡɪft/	das Geschenk	a gift is a present that you give to someone, for example on their birthday or as a way of saying thank you for something nice they have done for you		<i>there are strict rules about accepting gifts from clients he offered me a generous gift of £100 the two presidents exchanged gifts before the meeting began the car was a birthday gift from his parents as a police officer, he could not accept the gift</i>	
guest	Noun	/ɡest/	der Gast	a guest is someone who is staying in someone else's house for a short time		<i>we've got guests this weekend (people are coming to stay with us) I cooked dinner for the three of us plus six guests our guests gave us a lovely bunch of flowers</i>	
normal life	Noun uncount	/'nɔ:məl laɪf/	die Alltagsroutine	normal life is your usual activities and behaviour that you do most of the time, such as going to work or school, doing the shopping, cleaning the house, etc., as opposed to being on holiday or doing exciting things that do not do very often		<i>they're getting on with their normal life the children are leading a normal life again</i>	
photo	Noun	/'fəʊtəʊ/	das Foto	a photo is a picture that you make by using a camera. The word photo is short for photograph	take a photo	<i>do you have any photos of your children? let me take a photo of you I took a photo of my meal in the restaurant she took hundreds of photos of her holiday a photo of my family click this link to add a photo to your Facebook page</i>	
stay	Noun	/steɪ/	bleiben, sich aufhalten	if you stay somewhere, you live there for a short while. The time you spend there is your stay		<i>during your stay you must speak English all the time after a brief stay in Zurich they moved on to Paris he went back home after a two-week stay in Cornwall we hope you will enjoy your stay with us</i>	Verb: stay
tourist	Noun	/'tʊərɪst/	der/die Tourist/-in	a tourist is someone who is visiting somewhere on holiday or for pleasure		<i>Trafalgar Square was full of foreign tourists a queue of tourists at the Eiffel Tower a tourist bus tourists spend a lot of money here a coach stopped outside the cathedral and 50 tourists got off</i>	Noun: tourism

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camouflage	Verb	/'kæmə,flɑ:ʒ/	sich tarnen	to camouflage something means to cover it in something that looks very similar to the background where it is in order to make it difficult to see. If an animal camouflages itself, it has colours or it changes colour to make itself hard to see		<i>no other animals can camouflage so easily they wore animal skins to camouflage themselves the tiger's stripes help to camouflage it</i>	Noun: camouflage Adjective: camouflaged
ink	Noun uncount	/ɪŋk/	die Tinte	ink is a dark liquid inside the body of some animals such as an octopus or squid which it sends out at times of danger to make it difficult for a predator to see it		<i>the octopus can release a dark ink to confuse a predator the dish was served with lemon and dots of squid ink</i>	
pack	Noun	/pæk/	das Rudel	a pack of wild animals such as dogs or wolves is a large group of them who live and move around together	a pack of dogs in packs	<i>these wolves tend to hunt in packs a pack of noisy dogs</i>	
predator	Noun	/'predətə(r)/	das Raubtier	a predator is an animal that kills and eats other animals. The animals that it eats are its prey		<i>mice are at risk from several predators, especially cats other predators include foxes and wolves the eagle has no natural predators adult birds escape these predators by flying into the trees</i>	Noun: prey
release	Verb	/rɪ'li:s/	freilassen	to release something means to let it go out of the place where it has been		<i>some animals release a strong smell when they are in danger most of the rescued animals were released back into the forest when you run, energy is released as heat</i>	
school	Noun	/sku:l/	der Schwarm	a school of fish is a large group of them who live and move around together	a school of fish	<i>dogfish sharks travel in large schools we saw two separate schools of dolphin</i>	
surroundings	Noun plural	/sə'raʊndɪŋz/	die Umgebung, das Umfeld	your surroundings are the place where you are or where you live and all the things that are around you there		<i>polar bears are the same colour as their surroundings the castle stands in beautiful surroundings I was glad to get back to familiar surroundings impressive views over the scenic surroundings</i>	
welfare	Noun uncount	/'welfeə(r)/	das Wohl	the welfare of a person or animal is their state of health and their safety		<i>animal welfare is very important to us an international organization concerned with child welfare the welfare of the dogs is not my responsibility Cadbury took the welfare of his employees very seriously</i>	